

WE ARE PROMPT
When you want any Express, Furniture Van or Truck work done, phone us.
PACIFIC TRANSFER
117 Cormorant St. Phone 24-200.
Baggage Stored. H. CALWELL, Prop.

Victoria Daily Times

VOL. 48

VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, MAY 20, 1916

WELLINGTON COAL
HALL & WALKER
1222 Government St. Phone 23

NO. 119

BRITISH CATCHING GERMAN SUBMARINES

New York Underwriters informed Eight Recently Entangled and Captured

NAVY HARD AT WORK AGAINST MARAUDERS

Drop in Insurance Rates Not Due to German Note Alone

New York, May 20.—Trans-Atlantic risk rates have dropped from three per cent. to two per cent. in both the New York and London markets during the last week. Information received today from London by a local firm stated that reductions of another half per cent. were being made there in many instances. This would mean a cutting of rates in half since the German reply to the American note was forwarded to this country.

Although the reduction is attributed chiefly to the German note, local underwriters attach importance to information received by them from England that the British campaign against German submarines has been effectively renewed. According to this information, which is accepted as creditable by the underwriters, eight of Germany's undersea craft recently have been entangled and captured.

SPECULATING ABOUT COURSE OF ALLIES

Some London Observers Think Entente Will Avoid Big Offensive

London, May 20.—(By F. A. Mackenzie).—The lull on all the fronts save that of the Italians has created some surprise here. It was anticipated that as soon as the Russian winter thaw was over Germany would launch a big offensive against Petrograd and Odessa, the allies replying with an offensive all along the line.

Expert opinion here fundamentally differs upon what is ahead. The opinion that the allied armies will avoid a big offensive is growing. The Germans generally are expected to make another big attempt soon. While the allies' main activities may centre at Salonic, there are surface indications, probably illusory, that a passive policy on the part of the allies during the next two months would give Germany such benefits by enabling her to prepare to reap a monster harvest in Poland and the other occupied parts of Russia that it is unlikely it will be adopted.

British Papers.—The newspaper proprietors of Britain are seriously concerned over the price of white paper. They are discussing the raising of the price of half-penny papers to a penny and penny paper to three halfpence—meeting of the London and provincial half-penny proprietors this week declared an increase in price essential. Some leading London papers, however, do not assent. The first edition of one London evening paper, now is only two pages. The halfpenny mornings are often less than half the old size.

HEFFERICH NOW VICE-CHANCELLOR

Has Succeeded Delbrueck, Who Had to Leave German Government

Copenhagen, May 20.—The Berliner Tageblatt states that Dr. Heffterich, secretary of the imperial treasury, has been appointed to succeed Dr. Delbrueck as vice-chancellor.

The Tageblatt also says that Baron von Schorlemor, Prussian minister of agriculture, has been relieved of his post and that Herr Hoesch, a Conservative member of the Reichstag, has been appointed to succeed him.

The retirement of Dr. Delbrueck as vice-chancellor and minister of the interior was reported to have resulted from dissatisfaction with his methods of distributing food supplies, the system he built up having broken down and added a sudden outburst of criticism and murmuring to the many heavy loads the Berlin government is endeavoring to carry.

Where Belgians are Aiding Lieut.-Gen. Smuts's Forces



The Belgian war office announced yesterday that as the Belgian forces in the northwest part of German East Africa were threatening the communications of the German forces, both through the occupation of Kigali and the advance of a Belgian column south of Lake Kivu and as the Belgians were pressing the enemy troops north of the lake with vigor, the German forces had retreated. It also was reported that the Belgian troops under the command of Gen. Tombeur had occupied the Mount Kama Range, which the enemy had converted into a powerful defensive barrier.

The main part of the forces under Lieut.-Gen. Smuts are somewhere between Kondoa and the railway which runs from Dar-es-Salaam to Lake Tanganyika. The above map makes it clear that the campaign of the British, directed from British East Africa, and the campaign of the Belgians, directed from the Belgian Congo, are progressing favorably, and that it will not be long until Germany has lost her last and richest colony and shrunk to the dimensions of the territory in Europe which formed the German empire before that nation embarked on the course which she hoped would build up for her a vast overseas domain.

NEWS IS AWAITED FROM MESOPOTAMIA

Observers in London Believe Russian Forces Are Near Mosul

London, May 20.—The end of the week finds no vital change on any of the fronts in Europe, but it is thought developments which will have far-reaching effects are imminent in Mesopotamia and there has been reported by the Belgians a gain near the western boundary of German East Africa.

The week brought some slight changes in the Italian line east of Lake Garda, in the Trentino; as a result of the violent offensive launched by the Austrians in an attempt to reach Vicenza, and later Venice, where they would be behind the Italian armies along the Isonzo. Military experts here point to the similarity of the developments in the present Austrian offensive and the German offensive in the region of Verdun, noting that the gains made by the Germans were made in the opening phases of the offensive. The French, as the Italians have done, gave up certain positions, thereby greatly strengthening their position and putting it in the shape in which it has defied all the efforts of the enemy to break it. The observers express confidence that the course of events on the Italian front will be similar, that is, that after a preliminary readjustment of the Italian line King Victor's troops will settle down to a defense as strong as that of the French in the Verdun region and will baffle all attempts of the Austrians to advance to any vital point.

Will Hold Enemy.—The announcement by the Belgian war office that the German forces in the Lake Kivu region, at the northwestern border of German East Africa, have pressed the attack they must be near Mosul now and observers look for an announcement of success at any moment. In reaching Mosul the Russians will not reach the Bagdad railway, as the line has not been completed that far, but they will reach the route of the railway, which also is the main caravan route in that part of Mesopotamia. Thus the importance of the movement is very great.

German East Africa.

The announcement by the Belgian war office that the German forces in the Lake Kivu region, at the northwestern border of German East Africa,

have pressed the attack they must be near Mosul now and observers look for an announcement of success at any moment.

In reaching Mosul the Russians will not reach the Bagdad railway, as the line has not been completed that far, but they will reach the route of the railway, which also is the main caravan route in that part of Mesopotamia. Thus the importance of the movement is very great.

British sentiment is that the moment for possible appeasement has come and must not be lost. Some sections of Ulster still continue very suspicious. A news letter from Belfast discovers a new plot against Ulster.

"It was agreed to suspend the home rule controversy," it says, "until the end of the war. The new Nationalist-Radical campaign is a glaring break of that agreement, and if it is persisted in there will be an end to the truce for the Unionist party in Great Britain as well as in Ulster."

Daylight Saving.

The people generally anticipate the start of the daylight saving scheme with semi-satirical toleration. School boys lament their early morning "jaws" at Eton. The Chronicle is calling the scheme an awful calamity. The business community is wholly favorable and the entire country is prepared to adjust itself readily to the new summer conditions.

Caucasian front—Artillery on our right wing subjected a camp of the Germans to an effective fire.

Dardanelles front—Two hostile aeroplanes, approaching from Tenedos, flew over the straits but were driven off by our fire. Near Smyrna two enemy warships fired shells in certain localities and then withdrew.

Mesopotamia.

There has been no news for some days from the Russian front in Mesopotamia. At last accounts the Russian

GERMANS LOST ONE OF TWO SEAPLANES

Brought Down Off Belgian Coast After Visiting Coast of Kent

SOLDIER KILLED; TWO CIVILIANS WOUNDED

Thirty-Seven Bombs Were Dropped During Raid This Morning

London, May 20.—Three German seaplanes made a raid on the east coast of Kent early this morning. It was announced officially to-day. One of the aircraft was brought down off the Belgian coast.

The seaplane dropped 37 bombs, killing one soldier and wounding two civilians.

The text of the statement follows:

"A hostile air raid was carried out on the east coast of Kent early this morning by at least three seaplanes. The raiders made the English coast a few minutes past 2 a.m. One seaplane then turned north and dropped a dozen explosive bombs over the Isle of Thanet. Some windows were broken. Otherwise there were no casualties and no other damage.

"Two other seaplanes turned south and dropped 25 explosive bombs over Southeastern Kent. In one town a few bombs took effect. One soldier was killed and one woman and one seaman were injured; one public house was wrecked and several houses damaged. The remaining bombs caused no casualties or damage. The raiders made off as soon as their bombs were discharged.

"One of the raiders was brought down by a naval patrol off the Belgian coast this morning."

WIDE POWERS FOR IRISH EXECUTIVE

Body Probably Will Have Extensive Administrative but Not Legislative Authority

London, May 20.—(By F. A. Mackenzie).—The evidence given yesterday before the royal commission which is investigating the uprising in Ireland by Rt. Hon. Augustine Birrell, following Sir Matthew Nathan's admissions, has finally settled the fate of Dublin Castle rule. The British public of all classes has been amazed at the frank confession of incompetence, feeble-mindedness and timidity. The Chronicle sums up the general opinion as follows:

"The evidence of Sir Matthew Nathan and Mr. Birrell conclusively proves that the old system has utterly broken down. A more mournful confession of impotence than that revealed by two principal figures in the Irish executive it is impossible to imagine. The French and Sir Matthew are to be pitied rather than blamed. The cabinet's failure to deal with the rebellious movement paralyzed Dublin Castle, and since then it has been an executive only in name, having lost its capacity for action."

German East Africa.

The announcement by the Belgian war office that the German forces in the Lake Kivu region, at the northwestern border of German East Africa,

have pressed the attack they must be near Mosul now and observers look for an announcement of success at any moment.

In reaching Mosul the Russians will not reach the Bagdad railway, as the line has not been completed that far, but they will reach the route of the railway, which also is the main caravan route in that part of Mesopotamia. Thus the importance of the movement is very great.

British sentiment is that the moment for possible appeasement has come and must not be lost. Some sections of Ulster still continue very suspicious.

A news letter from Belfast discovers a new plot against Ulster.

"The evidence of Sir Matthew Nathan and Mr. Birrell conclusively proves that the old system has utterly broken down. A more mournful confession of impotence than that revealed by two principal figures in the Irish executive it is impossible to imagine. The French and Sir Matthew are to be pitied rather than blamed. The cabinet's failure to deal with the rebellious movement paralyzed Dublin Castle, and since then it has been an executive only in name, having lost its capacity for action."

Extensive Powers.

Many signs indicate that Mr. Asquith's policy will be the formation of an Irish executive council possessing very extensive administrative powers, but not possessing legislative power.

Non-political leaders will form a large part of this council. English opinion inclines more favorably to this plan, but everything depends upon the constitution of the council.

British sentiment is that the moment for possible appeasement has come and must not be lost. Some sections of Ulster still continue very suspicious.

A news letter from Belfast discovers a new plot against Ulster.

"The evidence of Sir Matthew Nathan and Mr. Birrell conclusively proves that the old system has utterly broken down. A more mournful confession of impotence than that revealed by two principal figures in the Irish executive it is impossible to imagine. The French and Sir Matthew are to be pitied rather than blamed. The cabinet's failure to deal with the rebellious movement paralyzed Dublin Castle, and since then it has been an executive only in name, having lost its capacity for action."

Extensive Powers.

Many signs indicate that Mr. Asquith's policy will be the formation of an Irish executive council possessing very extensive administrative powers, but not possessing legislative power.

Non-political leaders will form a large part of this council. English opinion inclines more favorably to this plan, but everything depends upon the constitution of the council.

British sentiment is that the moment for possible appeasement has come and must not be lost. Some sections of Ulster still continue very suspicious.

A news letter from Belfast discovers a new plot against Ulster.

"The evidence of Sir Matthew Nathan and Mr. Birrell conclusively proves that the old system has utterly broken down. A more mournful confession of impotence than that revealed by two principal figures in the Irish executive it is impossible to imagine. The French and Sir Matthew are to be pitied rather than blamed. The cabinet's failure to deal with the rebellious movement paralyzed Dublin Castle, and since then it has been an executive only in name, having lost its capacity for action."

Extensive Powers.

Many signs indicate that Mr. Asquith's policy will be the formation of an Irish executive council possessing very extensive administrative powers, but not possessing legislative power.

Non-political leaders will form a large part of this council. English opinion inclines more favorably to this plan, but everything depends upon the constitution of the council.

British sentiment is that the moment for possible appeasement has come and must not be lost. Some sections of Ulster still continue very suspicious.

A news letter from Belfast discovers a new plot against Ulster.

"The evidence of Sir Matthew Nathan and Mr. Birrell conclusively proves that the old system has utterly broken down. A more mournful confession of impotence than that revealed by two principal figures in the Irish executive it is impossible to imagine. The French and Sir Matthew are to be pitied rather than blamed. The cabinet's failure to deal with the rebellious movement paralyzed Dublin Castle, and since then it has been an executive only in name, having lost its capacity for action."

Extensive Powers.

Many signs indicate that Mr. Asquith's policy will be the formation of an Irish executive council possessing very extensive administrative powers, but not possessing legislative power.

Non-political leaders will form a large part of this council. English opinion inclines more favorably to this plan, but everything depends upon the constitution of the council.

British sentiment is that the moment for possible appeasement has come and must not be lost. Some sections of Ulster still continue very suspicious.

A news letter from Belfast discovers a new plot against Ulster.

"The evidence of Sir Matthew Nathan and Mr. Birrell conclusively proves that the old system has utterly broken down. A more mournful confession of impotence than that revealed by two principal figures in the Irish executive it is impossible to imagine. The French and Sir Matthew are to be pitied rather than blamed. The cabinet's failure to deal with the rebellious movement paralyzed Dublin Castle, and since then it has been an executive only in name, having lost its capacity for action."

Extensive Powers.

Many signs indicate that Mr. Asquith's policy will be the formation of an Irish executive council possessing very extensive administrative powers, but not possessing legislative power.

Non-political leaders will form a large part of this council. English opinion inclines more favorably to this plan, but everything depends upon the constitution of the council.

British sentiment is that the moment for possible appeasement has come and must not be lost. Some sections of Ulster still continue very suspicious.

A news letter from Belfast discovers a new plot against Ulster.

"The evidence of Sir Matthew Nathan and Mr. Birrell conclusively proves that the old system has utterly broken down. A more mournful confession of impotence than that revealed by two principal figures in the Irish executive it is impossible to imagine. The French and Sir Matthew are to be pitied rather than blamed. The cabinet's failure to deal with the rebellious movement paralyzed Dublin Castle, and since then it has been an executive only in name, having lost its capacity for action."

Extensive Powers.

Many signs indicate that Mr. Asquith's policy will be the formation of an Irish executive council possessing very extensive administrative powers, but not possessing legislative power.

Non-political leaders will form a large part of this council. English opinion inclines more favorably to this plan, but everything depends upon the constitution of the council.

British sentiment is that the moment for possible appeasement has come and must not be lost. Some sections of Ulster still continue very suspicious.

A news letter from Belfast discovers a new plot against Ulster.

"The evidence of Sir Matthew Nathan and Mr. Birrell conclusively proves that the old system has utterly broken down. A more mournful confession of impotence than that revealed by two principal figures in the Irish executive it is impossible to imagine. The French and Sir Matthew are to be pitied rather than blamed. The cabinet's failure to deal with the rebellious movement paralyzed Dublin Castle, and since then it has been an executive only in name, having lost its capacity for action."

Extensive Powers.

Many signs indicate that Mr. Asquith's policy will be the formation of an Irish executive council possessing very extensive administrative powers, but not possessing legislative power.

Non-political leaders will form a large part of this council. English opinion inclines more favorably to this plan, but everything depends upon the constitution of the council.

British sentiment is that the moment for possible appeasement has come and must not be lost. Some sections of Ulster still continue very suspicious.

A news letter from Belfast discovers a new plot against Ulster.

"The evidence of Sir Matthew Nathan and Mr. Birrell conclusively proves that the old system has utterly broken down. A more mournful confession of impotence than that revealed by two principal figures in the Irish executive it is impossible to imagine. The French and Sir Matthew are to be pitied rather than blamed. The cabinet's failure to deal with the rebellious movement paralyzed Dublin Castle, and since then it has been an executive only in name, having lost its capacity for action."

Extensive Powers.

We Are Prompt, Careful, and Use
Only the Best in Our Work

ANSCO Cameras Films

We are agents for these goods. If you are interested in Cameras, you should get the Ansco.

Campbell's
Corner of
Fort and Douglas
Phone 135

Prescription
Store
Company

WINDSOR GROCERY COMPANY

Opposite Post Office

Government Street

B. & K. Wheat Flakes, per pkg., 25¢ and.....	35¢
B. & K. Chick Starter, 5-lb. sack.....	25¢
B. & K. Cream Rolled Oats, per sack.....	35¢
B. & K. Yellow Corn Meal, per sack.....	35¢
B. & K. Flour, 10-lb. sack.....	45¢

SWITZERLAND WOULD OPPOSE THE GERMANS

Would Fight If Teutons Were to Try to Cross at Porrentruy

Paris, May 20.—Switzerland is prepared to resist with all the forces at her command any invasion of her territory by troops of a belligerent, according to an interview with President Camille de Coppet, sent to the Journal by its Bern correspondent.

President de Coppet was asked specifically what would be the action of Switzerland if troops of one of the warring powers should be sent across the Porrentruy salient. He replied:

"The federal council would never tolerate such a proceeding and in accordance with the plans of General Ulrich Wille, the commander-in-chief of our army, would order immediate mobilization of all our forces, which would be sent into action at once. The Swiss army is in splendid condition. It has reached a point of perfection of training which had been unknown hitherto, and has just received a complete equipment of new heavy artillery which was manufactured in France and Germany by order of the Swiss government."

The Porrentruy salient juts into France immediately south of Alsace. The town of Porrentruy is about 20 miles south of the great French fortress of Belfort. If German troops were able to cross the salient they would strike at the communications of the whole French line from Verdun to Alsace.

SAYS CANADA SHOULD SET A GOOD EXAMPLE



BARON SHAUGHNESSY

Winnipeg, May 20.—In an Empire Day message to the Winnipeg Telegram, published to-day, Baron Shaughnessy, of Montreal, has the following to say:

"Empire Day should remind all good Canadians of the dignity and responsibility of our country as the leading self-governing overseas dominion of the British empire, and should inspire us with the importance of doing our full share towards the maintenance of the empire's strength and integrity. At the moment it is our paramount duty to render such assistance as we can even at very great sacrifice, towards bringing to a successful conclusion this conflict with an enemy whose ambition was military power and world conquest."

"With the success of the allies and the restoration of peace, we must give every thought and effort to our own business recuperation and to plan of development along lines that will bring to the Canadian people the maximum of happiness and prosperity. Concomitant with this, and indeed transcendent should be the inculcation of national sentiment and national ideals.

"In such an empire as ours, stretching over a great portion of the globe, with peoples of many languages and with occupations and aspirations varied and in a measure antagonistic, there is a tendency towards conflict of thought and difference of opinion; but in such circumstances the dictates of proper national sentiment will encourage every reasonable effort to find common grounds for compromise. A great British people, of many nationalities, many languages and many religions, congenial, co-operative and in their loyalty to the crown thoroughly united, is the end that we should all endeavor to attain, and Canada's example and influence should be important factors in its accomplishment.

(Sgd.) "SHAUGHNESSY."

CASUALTIES AMONG CANADIAN SOLDIERS

Ottawa, May 20.—The following casualty list was issued last night:

Injury.

Killed in action—Pte. H. Gordon Crosswell, Brantford; Pte. Wm. F. Clarke, Alberni, B. C.; Pte. Ernest Friedington, Elmwood, Man.; Pte. Robt. Johnston, Tagonio; Pte. Ben Morris, Halifax.

Died of wounds—Driver L. W. Fernald, Bakersfield, Cal.; Pte. A. H. Cross, Waterloo, Ont.

Seriously ill—Pte. L. Ayles, Arcola, Sask.

Wounded—Pte. L. Alstherope, Port Hope, Ont.; Pte. G. Anderson, Providence, R. I.; Pte. Wm. L. Anderson, Ky.; Pte. S. Bowes, Flint, Mich.; Pte. J. H. Brooks, Halifax; Pte. H. Campbell, Sebastian; Pte. R. Ellis, Fortunate; Pte. Lionel Jackhill, Vancouver; Pte. W. H. Ivens, Northend, Grand Manan, N.B.; Pte. E. J. Jenkins, Beamsville, Ont.; Sgt. G. N. Kennedy, Unionville, Ont.; Pte. G. Leacock, Leslie, Que.; Capt. Jos. Lesage, Montreal; Pte. J. Limoge, St. Jean de la Croix, Que.; Pte. Jas. Lowe, Deseronto, Ont.; Pte. James McDonald, Toronto; Pte. John McEachern, Scotland; Pte. A. M. Jasine, Galt, Ont.; Pte. J. McLaughlin, Mission City, B. C.; Pte. R. J. Miller, Montreal; Pte. W. Mitchell, Montreal; Pte. J. T. Montgomery, Toronto; Pte. W. Moore, Montreal; Pte. W. J. Murphy, Norton, N. B.; Pte. C. O'Shea, Halifax; Pte. G. R. Pitcher, Montreal; Pte. R. Redmond, Toronto; Pte. W. Simpson, Montreal; Pte. Jas. Smart, Winnipeg; Pte. A. Stanlake, Dashwood, Ont.; Pte. F. Stockley, Toronto; Lt. Cpt. Wm. A. Turner, Rossland, B. C.; Pte. T. Ward, Fort William; Sgt. G. A. Williams, Perry Station, Ont.

Mounted Rifles.

Died of "Wounds-Lee-Cpl. E. W. Lowry, St. Davids, Ont.; Lee-Sgt. G. W. Sargent, Foam Lake, Sask."

Dangerously ill—Pte. Wm. Harrington, Peterboro, Ont.

Wounded—Pte. A. Campbell, Long River, P. E. I.; Sgt. Law, Lloydminster, Sask.; Pte. Geo. Telfer, Toronto.

Artillery.

Died—M. J. Quinn, Granby, Que.; Gnr. J. A. Scott, Victoria Harbor, Ont.

Seriously ill—Gnr. Chas. Adams, Toronto; Signaller F. W. Johnston, Dauphin, Man.

Wounded—Pte. W. Charman, Kelowna, B. C.; Pte. M. M. Hart, St. Lambert, Que.; Lieut. Raymond Hart Massey, Toronto (remaining on duty).

Medical Service.

Killed in action—Lee-Cpl. J. G. Lumsden, Hamilton.

Wounded—Pte. H. M. Welsh, Toronto.

Cyclists.

Died Not Known Price.

"And do you say that when you accepted an order on May 15, you took that order at as cheap a price as they

J. WESLEY ALLISON WAS NOT VERY CLEAR

Pleaded Lack of Memory Frequently Before Meredith-Duff Commission

Ottawa, May 20.—Dramatic developments and veiled insinuations involving the British consul general in New York characterized the examination of Col. J. Wesley Allison before the Meredith-Duff commission yesterday. Col. Allison, overcome in the witness box as the result of close questioning by L. E. Helmuth, K. C., government counsel, finally motioned to his counsel, who asked the commission that his client be excused.

Allison had appeared to be getting hazy and evidently was testifying with some difficulty. He had been taken over the chronology of events connected with the fuse contracts and at first was quick and concise in his answers. Then Mr. Helmuth produced what was said to have been a circular letter read in the House of Commons last March. It was dated May, 1915, and written by Col. Allison to people figuring in the fuse contracts. In this letter Col. Allison had taken the position that his motive was to get low prices for fuses and that under no circumstances would he accept a commission from anybody in respect to this contract. The witness was closely pressed as to how he reconciled this letter with his acceptance of a commission from Youkum following an arrangement made some time previous. His answer was that the letter related only to the firm of Forbes & Dowler, who were figuring on the fuse contracts. A similar letter had been sent to Patterson.

Not Clear.

The witness was not very clear in his answers when pressed on this point. Previously he had mentioned some suspicions he had had of the Forbes-Dowler concern. It was when Allison was questioned about this that he said:

"There was considerable talk about the Forbes-Dowler Company being mixed up with Sir Courtenay Bennett (British consul general in New York) and others. I do not think I should be called upon to go into it."

Immediately Wallace Nesbitt, K. C., counsel for the shell committee, exclaimed: "Let it come out. Why should we protect Sir Courtenay Bennett?"

Discussion followed as to the relevancy of any such evidence, especially when the British consul general in New York was not represented. Col. Allison meanwhile was getting dazed. He repeatedly passed his hands over his face and finally motioned to his counsel, George F. Henderson, K. C., who asked the court that he be allowed to retire. It had been decided previously that the cross-examination of Allison would not be taken up during the day, so as the commission is not to sit next week, Allison will not be heard again until the following week.

In his evidence which preceded the dramatic moments at the end, Allison admitted that he was to share in the Youkum commission and expressed regret that he had not told Maj.-Gen. Hughes about it "in view of the impression that has been created."

Allison's memory appears to be rather hazy on many of the incidents that have been touched upon in the evidence. He pleaded lack of memory frequently in reply to questions put by Mr. Helmuth.

E. Carnegie.

At the afternoon sitting the examination of E. Carnegie was continued, the witness' evidence coinciding almost exactly with that adduced from the other manufacturing members of the shell committee. He stated that on his retirement from the committee he had received a complimentary letter from Lionel Hitchens, the representative of the British ministry of munitions.

Cross-examined by E. F. B. Johnston, K. C., Liberal counsel, gave some observations as to his interpretation of the contract signed by the manufacturing members "to furnish shells at a certain price."

"Did you ever know of a contract by which the manufacturers had to pay all losses if there were any, but had to give back whatever profits might arise?" asked Mr. Johnston.

"No, but these are extraordinary times. The profits were to be a free will offering."

"What was your idea of that contract?"

"Well, if there was a loss we should have to sustain it, and if there were profits we were legally entitled to them."

"That is your opinion?"

"Absolutely."

All Shared.

"Is it not true that every manufacturing member of the committee secured a portion of the first order placed?" asked E. B. Carvel, Liberal M. P. for Carleton, N. B.

"It think it is," said the witness.

Witness also said that they had secured some part of the second order as manufacturers."

J. E. Ewart, K. C., counsel for Maj.-Gen. Hughes, thought the question was not relevant to the inquiry but the chairman would not uphold the objection.

From the time he signed the first contract, witness stated that he had considered himself as a contractor.

"Therefore," said Mr. Carvel, "as a contractor you did not think you were under any moral responsibility to keep down prices if you did not want to?"

"I have already said that we considered it our duty to provide shells as soon as possible and at the lowest possible prices."

Did Not Know Price.

"And do you say that when you accepted an order on May 15, you took that order at as cheap a price as they

Rich Yet Delicate—

Clean and Full of Aroma.

"SALADA"

is blended from selected hill-grown teas, famed for their fine flavour qualities. Imitated yet never equalled.

EASY TERMS ARRANGED

You Remember "National Gas Range Week"

Are you enjoying the gas cooking advantages that that week demonstrated to you?

USE GAS
Just Phone 7-2-3

Victoria Gas Co.

SALE FOR ONE WEEK ONLY, COMMENCING MAY 15

Electric Coffee Percolators—The "Hotpoint"
Fully guaranteed. May 15 to 20 \$6.50
These Percolators are of genuine nickel plate—not aluminum.

Phone 710 CARTER ELECTRIC CO. Arcade Bldg.
Successors to Carter & McKenzie View St.

For a Good Quick Fire

you'll find our nut coal simply perfect. It kindles quickly and burns freely and evenly. The housekeeper who uses it can always count on hot even fire and consequently better and surer results in her cooking. A ton will prove a good test. Make it to-day. Phone 535.

J. E. PAINTER & SON
617 Cormorant St.
Opp. City Market.

POPE AND GERMAN SUBMARINE WARFARE

London, May 20.—A Reuter dispatch from Amsterdam quotes the Berlin Nord Deutsche Zeitung as asserting that the statement of Sir Edward Grey in the House of Commons that the Vatican had endeavored to induce Germany to abandon her submarine warfare, was not in conformity with the facts. The Nord Deutsche Zeitung says: "We learn from a trustworthy source that the pope intimated to Germany and the United States his willingness to mediate in the dispute between them. The kaiser thanked the pope for his good intention and referred him to the facts. We learn from a trustworthy source that the pope intimated to Germany and the United States his willingness to mediate in the dispute between them. The kaiser thanked the pope for his good intention and referred him to the facts. The Nord Deutsche Zeitung says: "We learn from a trustworthy source that the pope intimated to Germany and the United States his willingness to mediate in the dispute between them. The kaiser thanked the pope for his good intention and referred him to the facts. The Nord Deutsche Zeitung says: "We learn from a trustworthy source that the pope intimated to Germany and the United States his willingness to mediate in the dispute between them. The kaiser thanked the pope for his good intention and referred him to the facts. The Nord Deutsche Zeitung says: "We learn from a trustworthy source that the pope intimated to Germany and the United States his willingness to mediate in the dispute between them. The kaiser thanked the pope for his good intention and referred him to the facts. The Nord Deutsche Zeitung says: "We learn from a trustworthy source that the pope intimated to Germany and the United States his willingness to mediate in the dispute between them. The kaiser thanked the pope for his good intention and referred him to the facts. The Nord Deutsche Zeitung says: "We learn from a trustworthy source that the pope intimated to Germany and the United States his willingness to mediate in the dispute between them. The kaiser thanked the pope for his good intention and referred him to the facts. The Nord Deutsche Zeitung says: "We learn from a trustworthy source that the pope intimated to Germany and the United States his willingness to mediate in the dispute between them. The kaiser thanked the pope for his good intention and referred him to the facts. The Nord Deutsche Zeitung says: "We learn from a trustworthy source that the pope intimated to Germany and the United States his willingness to mediate in the dispute between them. The kaiser thanked the pope for his good intention and referred him to the facts. The Nord Deutsche Zeitung says: "We learn from a trustworthy source that the pope intimated to Germany and the United States his willingness to mediate in the dispute between them. The kaiser thanked the pope for his good intention and referred him to the facts. The Nord Deutsche Zeitung says: "We learn from a trustworthy source that the pope intimated to Germany and the United States his willingness to mediate in the dispute between them. The kaiser thanked the pope for his good intention and referred him to the facts. The Nord Deutsche Zeitung says: "We learn from a trustworthy source that the pope intimated to Germany and the United States his willingness to mediate in the dispute between them. The kaiser thanked the pope for his good intention and referred him to the facts. The Nord Deutsche Zeitung says: "We learn from a trustworthy source that the pope intimated to Germany and the United States his willingness to mediate in the dispute between them. The kaiser thanked the pope for his good intention and referred him to the facts. The Nord Deutsche Zeitung says: "We learn from a trustworthy source that the pope intimated to Germany and the United States his willingness to mediate in the dispute between them. The kaiser thanked the pope for his good intention and referred him to the facts. The Nord Deutsche Zeitung says: "We learn from a trustworthy source that the pope intimated to Germany and the United States his willingness to mediate in the dispute between them. The kaiser thanked the pope for his good intention and referred him to the facts. The Nord Deutsche Zeitung says: "We learn from a trustworthy source that the pope intimated to Germany and the United States his willingness to mediate in the dispute between them. The kaiser thanked the pope for his good intention and referred him to the facts. The Nord Deutsche Zeitung says: "We learn from a trustworthy source that the pope intimated to Germany and the United States his willingness to mediate in the dispute between them. The kaiser thanked the pope for his good intention and referred him to the facts. The Nord Deutsche Zeitung says: "We learn from a trustworthy source that the pope intimated to Germany and the United States his willingness to mediate in the dispute between them. The kaiser thanked the pope for his good intention and referred him to the facts. The Nord Deutsche Zeitung says: "We learn from a trustworthy source that the pope intimated to Germany and the United States his willingness to mediate in the dispute between them. The kaiser thanked the pope for his good intention and referred him to the facts. The Nord Deutsche Zeitung says: "We learn from a trustworthy source that the pope intimated to Germany and the United States his willingness to mediate in the dispute between them. The kaiser thanked the pope for his good intention and referred him to the facts. The Nord Deutsche Zeitung says: "We learn from a trustworthy source that the pope intimated to Germany and the United States his willingness to mediate in the dispute between them. The kaiser thanked the pope for his good intention and referred him to the facts. The Nord Deutsche Zeitung says: "We learn from a trustworthy source that the pope intimated to Germany and the United States his willingness to mediate in the dispute between them. The kaiser thanked the pope for his good intention and referred him to the facts. The Nord Deutsche Zeitung says: "We learn from a trustworthy source that the pope intimated to Germany and the United States his willingness to mediate in the dispute between them. The kaiser thanked the pope for his good intention and referred him to the facts. The Nord Deutsche Zeitung says: "We learn from a trustworthy source that the pope intimated to Germany and the United States his willingness to mediate in the dispute between them. The kaiser thanked the pope for his good

Player Piano Bargain

This Player Piano is as good as new. It cost \$800, and you can buy it for

\$490
CASH

Absolutely Guaranteed.

It plays both 88 and 65 note rolls. Has the latest devices. Beautiful mahogany case, and you get 30 rolls and a bench

FREE

All delivered in your home. Don't miss this chance.

GIDEON HICKS
Piano Co.
Opposite Post Office

Don't forget the Bantam Revue at Royal Victoria Theatre, Monday and Tuesday, May 22 and 23

BELGIAN NEWSPAPER DEFIES VON BISSING

German Governor Finds "Libre Belgique" a Thorn in His Side

London, May 20.—The iron hand of Count von Bissing has not succeeded in crushing the spirit of the brave Belgians, and the successful publication of a tiny patriotic journal, *Libre Belgique*, is causing the German governor of Belgium much trouble.

The paper comes out at odd times, says the Daily Chronicle, and is circulated in the most audacious and at the same time thoroughly successful fashion.

The German governor of Belgium finds a copy of the paper on his desk; it is sent to all prominent men, both German and Belgian. Sometimes it comes through the post; sometimes it is dropped into letter boxes at midnight, or pushed under doors, and yet no one has been found with a copy.

A correspondent who recently was in Belgium has secured a copy of No. 37. It is a most audacious production. On the title page appear the following lines:

"No. 37. July, 1915.
Price per copy—varying from zero to the infinite. (Distributors not to exceed this limit.)

Free Belgium.

"Founded February 1, 1915."
"Let us accept temporarily the sacrifices which are imposed upon us, and let us wait patiently for the hour of reparation."

Burgomaster Adolph Max.

"Toward the people who dominate our country by military force let us have the consideration demanded by the general interest. Let us respect the rules which they impose upon us as long as they do not threaten our Christian consciences or our patriotic dignity."

Cardinal Mercier.

The *Libre Belgique* in each of its issues contains letters from the front, quotations from the British and French newspapers, and jokes at the expense of the Germans, particularly directed against the governor general, von Bissing.

The following story is given under the title of "Unusual Intuition":

"A Prussian officer, one of the innumerable host whom we harbored for many years and who took advantage of our hospitality to spy at their leisure, was passing through Brussels a few days ago. Here are the terms in which he described the sentiments which certain Belgian towns profess towards the Boches:

"At Liege," he said, "they despise us."

"At Namur they fear us."

"At Brussels they don't give a damn for us."

"This old soldier has a very good understanding of the psychology of crowds."

"Let us bet that our excellent government shares this opinion."

Each issue of *Libre Belgique* opens with a letter addressed to the governor general, which breathes defiance and scorn of the German rulers.

Don't Go Into Consumption Cure Your Catarrh Now!

When your throat rattles, your lungs and chest are sore, your throat is stuffed with cold—don't fear consumption—use Catarrhozene and get well.

It clears the throat, cures hacking, relieves tight chest and soreness in the bronchial tubes. Catarrhozene is nature's own remedy—it heals and soothes—cures every form of throat, lung or bronchial trouble. To clear away Catarrh of the nose nothing could be better. Prescribed by many specialists and used by thousands every day. Get the dollar outfit, it lasts two months and is guaranteed. Small size, 50c; trial size, 25c; sold everywhere.

ITALIAN FORCES READJUSTED LINE

Evacuated Two Parts of Front South and Southeast of Trent

Rome, May 20.—The official report last night stated that the Italians evacuated the Zegnatora (in the Lagarina valley, south of Trent), and also the line from Monte Maggio to Sagiodasio, between the Terragnolo valley and the upper Astico (southeast of Trent) after several days of violent artillery bombardments.

The communication said: "In the Adamello zone, we occupied the head of the upper Sircia and the adjacent heights, capturing 20 prisoners and rich booty in materials and provisions. Between the Chiese and the Adige there has been an intense artillery action."

New Positions:

"On a portion of the front between the Adige and the Terragnolo valley we evacuated the Zegnatora position, which a three days' intense and uninterrupted bombardment had rendered untenable. Two successive violent counter attacks against our positions south of Zegnatora were repulsed with very grave losses for the enemy. We took prisoners and machine guns."

"In the zone between the Terragnolo valley and the upper Astico the enemy continued with numerous batteries of all calibres a violent bombardment of our lines of defence from Monte Maggio to Sagiodasio. In order to avoid useless losses, we evacuated this line and fell back in good order on positions in the rear, where we are reinforcing ourselves."

"In the zone of Asiago, there is nothing of importance to report."

Austrians Repulsed.

"In the Sugana valley, after an intense artillery fire during the whole night of the 17th, the enemy at dawn attacked our positions from the Maggio valley to Monte Collo, but was everywhere repulsed."

"Our artillery bombarded Innichen and Stilian, in the Drava valley. On the remainder of the front the artillery activity has been most intense in the upper regions, but moderate on the Isonzo and Carso fronts. The night of the 17th we repulsed an enemy attack in the Monfalcone zone."

"Enemy air raids are reported at different points on the Venetian plain. One person was killed and another wounded, and slight material damage is reported. Our aviators bombarded enemy camps and artillery parks in the Folgaria zone and returned safely despite attacks from batteries."

SKINNER REPORTS SUBMARINES AT WORK

Tells Washington of Successes of Allies in Baltic Sea

Washington, May 20.—An official report of the sinking of three German steamships by hostile submarines in the Baltic were received by the state department to-day. The nationality of the attacking submarines was not given, but it is presumed they were British, as the report came from Consul-General Skinner at London.

Five men were drowned and four were wounded on one of the German vessels, but there was nothing in the report to indicate that American lives had been lost or imperilled through the submarine attacks.

The report from Consul-General Skinner was as follows:

"German steamship *Bianca*, Hamburg to Gefle, sunk by submarine May 18."

"German steamship *Bremen*, Stockholm to Holtenau, sunk May 17; captain and crew saved and landed."

"German steamship *Kolje*, Hamburg to Stockholm, sunk by submarine May 18; captain and four of crew drowned. Rest of crew brought to Stockholm; four wounded."

There was another cable reporting the sinking of the French steamship *Mira* in the Mediterranean; but it did not state whether she was sunk by torpedo or mine.

The state department received a cable from the American consul at La Rochelle, France, reporting that the British steamer Engrosser was sunk off Isle d'Yeu, probably by a mine. Three members of the crew were saved. They were Charles Meyers, chief steward; John S. Carlson, fourth engineer, and Terry Hayes, fireman.

The reports of the submarine attacks on three German vessels in the Baltic excited interest at the state department. The officials are convinced that the allies have launched a submarine campaign against German commerce in the Baltic—the only place any German vessels are to be found at sea.

QUEEN OF SWEDEN IS IN BAD HEALTH

Stockholm, May 20.—The health of Queen Victoria of Sweden continues bad. The queen's Stockholm physician had been summoned to Carlsholm, where she is staying.

WOMEN'S CONVENTION.

New York, May 20.—The vanguard of 20,000 women who will attend the thirteenth biennial convention of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, to begin here next Wednesday, began to arrive to-day.

YOU JUST CAN'T BELIEVE IN THE PERISCOPE ANY MORE



Philadelphia Record

KING PETER TALKED WITH CORRESPONDENT

Granted an Interview on Shore of Greek Island of Euboea

Athens, May 20.—The correspondent of the Associated Press describes an interview granted him by King Peter of Serbia at Aedepsus, Euboea, where the monarch has been recuperating so as to be able to march once more at the head of his army when, with the allies of Serbia, it moves out from Salonica against the enemy. He writes:

"Like Lake Geneva," the sovereign says, waving his hand at the water and the distant mountains. "Here we are at Ouchy, and over there is the Jura and France." He sits a while in silence and then takes up again, aloud the theme of his thoughts. "How much she has done for us—France! How much she has done for all the world! Now she has taken our children to her deep bosom, to keep them safe for us until after the war, that the race of Serbs may not die out."

Extermination.

"For there, in Serbia, it is extermination, starvation, death. The women and the children who are the living future of our dreams—all we have to hold by to rebuild our nation after the war—soon they will all be gone. Make no mistake—it is a brutal business here in the Balkans. We all of us learned our war-making under the Turk, and the women and children have little chance. I don't mean to say they are massacred or anything like that, though that too has happened. But I refer now only to the fact that there is little or no provision for non-combatants, no organization to look after them."

"When the Austrians made their first invasion of Serbia a year and a half ago they had no sanitary provisions even for their own men. Most of their own wounded died because they could not be properly taken care of. How much relief could an army like that afford to a starving civil population, like the population of Serbia today?"

"No; it is only the Americans and other neutrals who can help us in this hour of our need. And they are doing it. God bless them! But there is need of so much—so much!" The old man's head sank on his breast. His eyes closed wearily. It was as if his soul had left the bent, worn, pain-racked body and flown over the far mountains to his own people.

Should Have Come.

"If only they had come a little sooner, our allies!" he went on. "I used to tell my men: 'Hold on! Just a little longer!' They have said they will come and they will come!" And they believed me and held on."

"You know, we couldn't even see the Germans! It was all artillery—machine-made war! My men used to grind their teeth and the tears would run down their poor, thin faces, and they would say: 'If only we could just get at them! We would show them!'

"And then, as I rode by their lines, I could see them shaking their heads and nodding at me and whispering among themselves. Poor old king, they were saying, 'he still believes the allies will come in time to save us!'

Suddenly the king gave a little hoarse, inarticulate cry. His hand went up to his throat. His head fell back. His body collapsed in a limp heap. Doctor Simonovitch rushed up with a bottle in his hand. Colonel Todorovitch lifted the fainting monarch in his arms like a child fallen asleep.

Slowly consciousness returned. King Peter drew a long breath and looked about him, dazed. With his two arms he gently pushed away the doctor and the soldier. Turning to the correspondent, shilly, as one ashamed of his weakness, he gasped:

"I'm—sorry. I beg your pardon. Sometimes—sometimes I think I am not very strong."

He rose slowly, painfully. Leaning on the arm of Colonel Todorovitch, he made his way to the hotel. At the top of the steps he turned, drew up his slight body to its full height, smote his heels together so that the spurs clicked, and raised his hand smartly to the visor of his cap.

"They are sorry for me," he explains, "and they try to tell me that they are sorry for me, in their kindly, wordless way. They have great—heart—plain people, as I am a plain man."

"You are wrong, Sire," says Jivojin Balogditch, the Serbian minister to Greece, who for many years was King Peter's secretary. "Those simple folk uncovered, not out of pity, but out of admiration. They aren't sorry for you—they respect you!"

Honored By Peasants.

The way leads past some shallow quarries where peasants, men and women, rough-hew the porous, volcanic stone for building. As the little party advanced they stop their work and put down their tools. The men stand bareheaded, the women bow, while majesty passes them by. Soldier fashion, King Peter salutes the simple folk who love him.

"They are sorry for me," he explains, "and they try to tell me that they are sorry for me, in their kindly, wordless way. They have great—heart—plain people, as I am a plain man."

"You are wrong, Sire," says Jivojin

Balogditch, the Serbian minister to Greece, who for many years was King Peter's secretary.

"Those simple folk uncovered, not out of pity, but out of admiration. They aren't sorry for you—they respect you!"

MAUNA LOA IN ERUPTION.

Chicago, May 20.—The government weather bureau here received a report to-day from the weather bureau at Honolulu of volcanic activity in the Hawaiian Islands.

"Ah! Balogditch, old friend, always the cheerful, brave word!" And then to Balogditch's son, a sergeant in the Serbian army, who has come from Corfu as a messenger: "And

the



THE DAILY TIMES

Published daily (except Sunday) by
THE TIMES PRINTING & PUBLISHING COMPANY, LIMITED
Offices—Corners Broad and Fort Streets
Business Office Phone 1000
Editorial Office Phone 1000

SUBSIDIZING THE P. G. E.

COPY FOR ADVERTISEMENTS

All copy for display advertisements must be at Times' Office before 6 p.m. of the day previous to the day of insertion. This is imperative. When this rule is not complied with we do not guarantee insertion.

ANOTHER \$10,000,000.

The inevitable \$10,000,000 loan bill was introduced in the legislature yesterday. It will surprise nobody. Indeed, had the Bowser government announced the intention of trying to borrow three times that sum the public would not have been astonished. It has passed that stage; it realizes that this fine province is being dragged to wreck and ruin by a profligate, incompetent and corrupt administration. Of the \$10,000,000 to be borrowed, \$6,000,000 will go to the Pacific Great Eastern Railway Company, the rest being for "fixed and current charges for the ensuing year." In view of the fact that the taxpayers of British Columbia already have paid almost the entire amount expended on this line and that \$12,000,000 is still required to complete it, it is surprising that the government did not offer the company the whole ten million or rather the amount that will be realized from the issue which will total something like \$5,000,000.

Four years ago members of the government boasted of a cash balance in the bank of \$8,000,000. Two years ago the sum of \$10,000,000 was borrowed. Thus since 1912 the entire \$18,000,000 has been spent and we are to go to the money lender for another \$10,000,000, for which we shall have to pay war rates of interest. Our last loan yielded a little more than 8%. The following table of the receipts and expenditures of British Columbia for the last six years tells the whole story:

	Revenue	Expenditure
1911-12	\$10,677,702	\$12,365,767
1912-13	12,436,027	15,626,806
1913-14	10,398,581	15,955,123
1914-15	7,871,375	12,158,109
1915-16, (est'd)	7,034,615	11,168,056
1916-17 (est'd)	5,944,015	11,301,374

The financial statement for the year which ended last March has not been issued, but the Minister of Finance in his recent budget speech said the deficit amounted to \$4,000,000. Thus, including the deficit of \$5,400,000 for which the government has just budgeted, we will have spent some \$22,000,000 more than we have received in revenue in the last six years. In the last four years our net debt has been increased by \$18,000,000 according to Mr. Bowser's own showing, and now it is proposed to add \$10,000,000 more to it.

The other day a prominent Montreal gentleman who has been closely in touch with the financial conditions and public affairs of Canada generally for many years, remarked when given a statement of the receipts and expenditures of British Columbia for the present year and last year that "it was sheer lunacy." He was right. In no other country in the world can there be found a financial administration such as that which exists in this province. British Columbia is the only place in the empire which takes no note of the war in its annual outlay. Every other nation, province, state and city is basing its expenditure on its revenue. All great statesmen and financiers are counselling economy and thrift. But the government of British Columbia, a province whose revenue has declined fifty per cent. in the last three years; which has to pay enormous annual interest charges; it has assumed on behalf of multimillionaire railway promoters, is spending on its ordinary services two dollars for every dollar received. It actually has proposed to spend this year more than it did last year.

These men are bleeding the province white. And who are they? Are they men of sound judgment? Are they even average business men? The record speaks for itself. The business sagacity and judgment of Mr. Bowser, who is virtually in sole control, were exhibited in the railway contracts and Dominion Trust affair; his standard of ethics and low conception of public duty have been demonstrated in his

numerous actions and utterances. And his colleagues, with one exception, are clowns who would be mediocre even on a county council. For their incompetence, their recklessness, their gambling with the provincial credit, funds and resources; their improvident railway deals, we already have begun to pay. What indeed, will be our situation a year or two hence? As for Bowser and his colleagues, they will not care. They have only been spending other people's money. Like Sir Richard McBride, they finally will find themselves snug, profitable shelters, where they will be safe from the storm.

+++

SUBSIDIZING THE P. G. E.

Of the \$10,000,000 Mr. Bowser is going to borrow, \$6,000,000 is to go to the Pacific Great Eastern Railway. It is called a loan, but as time will show—as usual—it is really a direct subsidy. In making this statement we do not overlook the terms of the bill nor the assurances of the Premier relative to security. Costly experience has shown that these are worthless. We are suffocated with broken pledges and underhand agreements and violated agreements concerning railroad construction in this province. We have been told the same tale month after month, year after year. The roads were to be rushed to completion; no more aid would be asked for or given; we would not have to pay a cent of interest, we were completely secured, etc. What happened? Almost every year found the railway promoters, multimillionaires all of them and with greater financial resources than the province itself, seeking and receiving more assistance. The time limit of the agreements was ignored and we have had to pay the interest.

According to the Premier's admission a few days ago, the actual amount expended on the construction of the Pacific Great Eastern to date is \$18,895,188. Of that sum \$18,029,188 has been paid out of the trust funds guaranteed by the province, for which the public is liable. This represents a diversion of \$8,750,000 more than the company was entitled to; it was admitted by Mr. Bowser to be in violation of the law, a breach of trust, but was excused by him on the ground of "public interest." On January 15 interest on the notes was ignored and we have had to pay the interest.

A leading American newspaper takes umbrage at the idea of the consummation of a deal between Great Britain and France for the transfer of St. Pierre (on the Atlantic coast of Canada) to the British flag. It says the application of the Monroe Doctrine constitutes an insuperable obstacle to the proposition. Does that mean more "notes" or an extension of the war zone?

The Irish in New York appear to have lost that sense of humor which once was a supreme characteristic of the race. They held an immense mass meeting the other night, opening and closing the proceedings by singing "Die Wacht Am Rhine." Apparently they have adopted the "All Highest, tender and true," as their supreme war lord and master.

Again the roll has been called and two well-known and generally esteemed citizens of Victoria are reported among the "missing." Captain Grant and David Paterson are numbered amongst those who have "gone before." One had accomplished his mission in life; the other was still a young man, up till a short time ago capable of achievement.

The P. G. E. is to get another six million of the people's money. A considerable part of this sum will be turned back to the Bowser campaign managers to be applied in the form of "grease" to the rusty and groaning wheels of the "machine." The treasury of the province always is open to railway and other promoters when a general election is pending.

It is a pity the Premier did not attend the moving picture display at the Dominion theatre this morning. He would have had his eyes and ears opened to the sentiment which his picture kindles in the public mind. He does not seem to take well with a Victoria audience.

We observe that Teutonic pirates are not operating with any great measure of success in the Mediterranean these days. The reason is that the allies have taken possession of all the submarine bases Constantine of Greece had graciously and conveniently placed at the service of his beloved brother-in-law, the Kaiser.

Kultur appears to have substituted seaplanes for Zeppelins as instruments for strafing non-combatants in England. The loss of so many of the big, unwieldy and costly air craft of late marks the dissipation of another German dream of conquest by the aerial route.

British Columbia borrows money at a little over 82 cents on the dollar. That is, we will realize some \$8,200,000 on the \$10,000,000 loan. But the P. G. E. will receive its full \$10,000,000—make no mistake about that. The province will stand the discount.

Well, perhaps after all British Columbia is fortunate. Bowser might have thrown the gates of the treasury open and asked "Bill" and "Dan" also to step up and help themselves.

Keep your eye on the legislature. Watch Bowser prorogue it before Mr. Brewster has time to call witnesses in the Vancouver by-election inquiry.

within the province of British Columbia are released, temporarily at least, in order that they may testify to their own—and their employers' virtue. Things appear to be somewhat topsy-turvy in the administration of justice here. "Tainted at the fountain head," a very apt quotation.

Mr. Bowser's reason for refusing an investigation of the Pacific Great Eastern expenditures yesterday was that such an inquiry would injure the credit of the province. The same pretence was urged in justification of each instalment of aid to Mackenzie & Mann, for which next summer the taxpayers will begin to pay. According to Bowser, the way to protect the credit of the province is to drat it to bankruptcy. Was it to uphold the credit of the province that the operations of his clients, the Dominion Trust, were so accommodatingly facilitated by the government?

Bowser, Reid & Walbridge, solicitors to Pacific Great Eastern, Northern Construction Co., (Mackenzie & Mann), Dominion Trust and a score of other companies which have or have had dealings with the government. Is it not time the taxpayers of the country organized themselves into a corporation of some kind, retained Bowser, Reid & Walbridge as their solicitors, and then asked Mr. Bowser's government for something?

We suppose Victorians may be expected to gaze with admiration on that work of art the C. N. R. is throwing across the arm. What if it does prove an obstruction to navigation and threaten disabilities to the gorge as one of the most popular pleasure resorts of Victorians? Is not a thing of beauty a joy forever? No one who is privileged to gaze upon that "bridge" possibly could desire to proceed farther in quest of enjoyment.

A leading American newspaper takes umbrage at the idea of the consummation of a deal between Great Britain and France for the transfer of St. Pierre (on the Atlantic coast of Canada) to the British flag. It says the application of the Monroe Doctrine constitutes an insuperable obstacle to the proposition. Does that mean more "notes" or an extension of the war zone?

The Irish in New York appear to have lost that sense of humor which once was a supreme characteristic of the race. They held an immense mass meeting the other night, opening and closing the proceedings by singing "Die Wacht Am Rhine." Apparently they have adopted the "All Highest, tender and true," as their supreme war lord and master.

Again the roll has been called and two well-known and generally esteemed citizens of Victoria are reported among the "missing." Captain Grant and David Paterson are numbered amongst those who have "gone before." One had accomplished his mission in life; the other was still a young man, up till a short time ago capable of achievement.

The P. G. E. is to get another six million of the people's money. A considerable part of this sum will be turned back to the Bowser campaign managers to be applied in the form of "grease" to the rusty and groaning wheels of the "machine." The treasury of the province always is open to railway and other promoters when a general election is pending.

It is a pity the Premier did not attend the moving picture display at the Dominion theatre this morning. He would have had his eyes and ears opened to the sentiment which his picture kindles in the public mind. He does not seem to take well with a Victoria audience.

We observe that Teutonic pirates are not operating with any great measure of success in the Mediterranean these days. The reason is that the allies have taken possession of all the submarine bases Constantine of Greece had graciously and conveniently placed at the service of his beloved brother-in-law, the Kaiser.

Kultur appears to have substituted seaplanes for Zeppelins as instruments for strafing non-combatants in England. The loss of so many of the big, unwieldy and costly air craft of late marks the dissipation of another German dream of conquest by the aerial route.

British Columbia borrows money at a little over 82 cents on the dollar. That is, we will realize some \$8,200,000 on the \$10,000,000 loan. But the P. G. E. will receive its full \$10,000,000—make no mistake about that. The province will stand the discount.

Well, perhaps after all British Columbia is fortunate. Bowser might have thrown the gates of the treasury open and asked "Bill" and "Dan" also to step up and help themselves.

Keep your eye on the legislature. Watch Bowser prorogue it before Mr. Brewster has time to call witnesses in the Vancouver by-election inquiry.

Burn Kirk's Wellington Coal

**Kirk & Co.
LIMITED**

1212 Broad St. Phone 139

"Meals of Exceptional Excellence" is a Recognized Feature of the

Dominion Hotel

Try This Dinner on Sunday Night; Wonderful Value for 50 Cents.

DINNER.
Salted Almonds
Head of Lettuce
Pork Olives
Cream of Tomatoes au Riz
Consonnoe Gratin
Broiled Salmon Steak, Maitre d'Hotel
Shoestring Potatoes
Spring Lamb Chops, Stuffed, with
New Potatoes
Larded Tenderloin of Beef a la Garfield
Pineapple Fritters, Strawberry
Sauce
Prime Rib of Beef au Jus, Horseradish
Milk Fed Chicken, Red Currant
Jelly
Combination Salad, French
Dressing
Steamed Potatoes, Mashed Potatoes
String Beans in Butter
Apple Pie, Lemon Meringue Pie,
Peach Melba
English Plum Pudding, Hard and
Brandy Sauce.

Our Merchants' Lunch served
every day from 12 to 2 for 35 Cents
is very popular with all
who appreciate quality, variety
and service.

O. K. BREAD For the Children's Sake



for their health, their nourishment,
let good Bread be their chief food.
Good, pure, nutritious Bread, such as
we make, is the best thing in the
world for children as well as grown
people. Our Bread is made from the
choice selected Flour, and is kneaded
and baked in scrupulous cleanliness.
Being more satisfying, it is popular
wherever tried.

BAKERIES LTD.

Phone 849

THIS

Old English

Sectional Book Cabinet

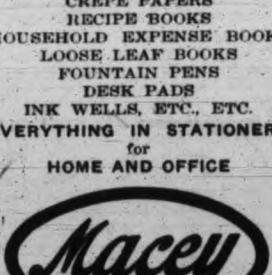
FREE



We give you a coupon for the draw
ing for it with
Every 50c Cash Purchase.

WRITING PADES
WRITING PAPERS
CREPE PAPERS
RECIPE BOOKS
HOUSEHOLD EXPENSE BOOKS
LOOSE LEAF BOOKS
FOUNTAIN PENS
DESK PADS
INK WELLS, ETC., ETC.

EVERYTHING IN STATIONERY
for
HOME AND OFFICE



NEW SPENCER BLOCK
617-619 View Street

DAVID SPENCER, LTD.

Suggestions In Suits, Sports Coats, White Skirts and Outing Dresses

A Cream Serge Suit or a White Sports Coat with a white washing skirt are the correct outergarments for wear on the 24th. A white Victoria Day is the keynote, judging by the rate women are selecting white garments. Be in the fashion then and buy white.

Cream Serge Suits, plain cream, cream with smart touches of black, velvet or white leather, and others handsomely embroidered. Very smart models also in the Norfolk and belted effects. Prices, a suit, \$22.50 to \$47.50

White Chinchilla Sports Coats with black velvet collar. Very smart at \$10.00

White Corduroy Velvet Sports Coat, very serviceable quality; also in colors. Special at \$7.50

White Corduroy Velvet Sports Coats, heavier grade; very smart, also in colors, \$15.00 and \$12.50

White Rep Washing Skirt, strong and durable, all sizes. Special value at \$1.25

White Outing Skirt of Horrockses strong cotton. Made to button down front. Special at \$1.50

White Skirts of pique and rep, in various styles and values. Each, \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.25 and \$2.50

White Corduroy Velvet Skirts. Special at \$4.75

Skirts of Palm Beach Linen in natural color and white. Very serviceable. Each \$3.50

Middy Suits in all-white, and white trimmed with cadet and cardinal in sailor collar and cuffs. Made from splendid quality materials. A Suit \$3.75 Mantles, First Floor



Inexpensive Colored Outing Dresses for Girls of All Ages

One of these pretty Colored Print Dresses is practically indispensable for your girl's outing or picnic. They are beautifully cool, light, and in most attractive styles, while the values are particularly good. There are sizes to fit girls of all ages, 2 to 14 years, and the range of materials include prints, ginghams, chambray, ducks, linens, linette, zephyrs, crepes, ratine, seersuckers, drills, reps—in fact almost every kind of cotton wash fabric made. In designs and colorings, too, there's a very wide assortment with all the newest shades and weaves included. Prices range \$1.50 to \$5.75. Exceptionally good values at \$1.75, \$2.00 and \$2.75

Children's, First Floor

Attractive Sports Coats of Woven Silk

Not only are these attractive Sports Coats most fashionable, but they are most appropriate for all holiday and street wear. They are beautifully made and finished in various styles and weaves, and the new bright shades are very desirable. One smart model has square collar and open V-neck, Raglan sleeve, full hip and belt scarf, with fringed ends. In a pretty shade of pink. Splendid value at \$12.50

Another model in V-neck style, with side pockets, crochet buttons and belt scarf with silk tassel ends. In shades of old rose, old gold, white and black. Special value, \$12.50

PRODUCE OF CANADA**HUDSON'S BAY RYE WHISKIES**

HUDSON'S BAY OLD RYE WHISKY	
Per Micky	\$1.00
Per oval pint	.60
Per bottle	.75
Per oval quart	\$1.00

HUDSON'S BAY SPECIAL RYE	
Per bottle	\$1.00
Per oval quart	\$1.25

HUDSON'S BAY "SPECIAL RESERVE, 1889" RYE WHISKY	
Per bottle	\$1.25
Per oval quart	\$1.50

THE HUDSON'S BAY CO.

Family Wins and Spirit Merchants. Incorporated 1670. Telephone 4253. 1812 Douglas Street. We Deliver.

GLOVES AND HOSE

in excellent quality and in wide variety. See them in our window to-day.

Queen Quality Silk Gloves, double finger tips, 2 button length, in black, white, cream, navy and palm beach. \$1.00, 65c and .50¢.

Queen Quality Silk Gloves, 22-inch length. \$1.00 and .75¢.

Penman Silk Lisle Hose, 3 pairs for .

Holeproof Silk Hose, per pair at .

3 pairs .

Three pairs are guaranteed for 3 months.

G.A. Richardson & Co.

Victoria House, 35 Yates St.

University School for Boys

Recent successes at McGill University. Second place in Canada in 1915 at the Royal Military College, Kingston. Canadian Navy, R.C. Surveyors' Preliminary, Cadet Courses and Shooting. Separate and special arrangements for Junior Boys.

BOYS TAKEN FROM 8 YEARS OF AGE AND UPWARDS

Summer term commences Wednesday, April 12, 1916.

Warden—Rev. W. W. Bolton, M.A. (Oxon).

Headmaster—J. C. Barnacle, Esq. (London University).

For particulars and prospectus apply the Headmaster.

Are You Interested in the Western Scots?

The Battalion is now under orders to proceed in active service. Before many more months have passed it will be doing its part in the trenches. You can keep in touch with it weekly by subscribing now.

"The Western Scot"

(25c per Month in Advance Mail to Your Address.)

This bright, weekly paper will be published weekly wherever the battalion may be. It will contain interesting news of the boys of the 87th. It will be published (with pic. section) at the front.

Leave your subscription NOW WITH THE TIMES.

12 In. and 16 In. Blocks Per Cord

\$5.00

for cash only.

Delivered in City.

Victoria Wood Co.,
Office and Yard, 809 Johnson St.
Phone 2274

WILL YOU HELP US

to keep OUR building open till the BOYS come home?

SUBSCRIBE TO-DAY

"Victoria's Manhood Factory"

V. M. C. A.

Blanshard and View Sts.
Tel. 2980.

W. C. T. U.—The meeting of the general board of the W. C. T. U., which was to have taken place on Monday afternoon, has been postponed until Monday evening owing to the death of Captain Grant. Members are asked to note the change of time.

TWENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO TO-DAY

Victoria Times, May 20, 1891.

William P. Anderson, of the marine department, Ottawa, who came here to investigate the requests of the Board of Trade for buoys, beacons and lights on the northern coast, returned at noon to-day from the trip north. A number of new aids to navigation were authorized.

Charles John Dodd, the eldest son of the late Capt. Charles J. Dodd, chief factor of the Hudson's Bay Co., died in London on April 19, 1891, aged 43. He was born in Victoria, and was for many years employed with the Cassell publishing house.

Archdeacon Scriven and wife, who have been spending a few months in England, are expected home on Sunday, and are to receive a welcome at the opening of the new St. James Sunday school.

WHO'S WHO IN BUSINESS?

Success in business comes through the application of good ideas and the tenacious pursuit of high ideals.

The basic idea and the highest ideal of any truly successful business is service.

Newspaper advertising occupies the place it does to-day because it has demonstrated its great capacity for service.

It is a convenient method by which business may express its ideas and its ideals to the public. It is respected because it is respectable.

It is of profit to the advertisers to the extent that they make offerings of profit to the public.

Glance over the advertising in to-day's newspaper and see what is going on in the business world.

Phoenix Stout, 2 quarts for 25c.

Rockland Park, W. C. T. U.—The Rockland Park, W. C. T. U. will hold a silver medal contest in Oaklands Methodist church on Monday.

Will Open Ward.—The maternity ward of the Provincial Royal Jubilee hospital will be formally opened under the auspices of the Women's Auxiliary on Friday next from 2 to 4 o'clock with a shower. Tea will be served.

★ ★ ★

Y. W. C. A.—Rev. C. M. Tate will conduct the service and tell of some of his missionary experiences to-morrow at 4:30. A hearty welcome is extended to all young women. Tea will be served at the close of service.

★ ★ ★

Sherwood Auxiliary.—The postponed meeting of the Sherwood auxiliary will be held on Monday at 3 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Alex Wilson, 1326 Gladstone avenue. All members and friends will be welcomed.

★ ★ ★

"Pursuit and Attainment."—At the First Unitarian church, corner Fernwood road and Fisgard street, on Sunday morning, the minister, Rev. Walter G. Leatham, B. A., will preach on the theme, "Pursuit and Attainment."

★ ★ ★

New Thought Lectures.—Dr. T. W. Butler will speak at the New Thought temple, on Pandora street, on Sunday at 11 a.m. on "Putting on Immortality." At 5 p.m. his subject will be "The Psychology of the Pulpit." The public is invited.

★ ★ ★

First Baptist Church.—At the First Baptist church, Dominion theatre, the pastor will preach in the morning, and the Rev. Dr. James A. White in the evening. Dr. White is the secretary of the Baptist Young People's Society of America. W. North will give corner solo at the services.

★ ★ ★

First Presbyterian Church.—Rev. J. G. Ingster will preach at the First Presbyterian church to-morrow morning on "Religion and Daily Life." In the evening he will speak on "Recent Crimes and Prohibition." He will answer the question, "Who is responsible for these crimes?"

★ ★ ★

To Secure Easements.—Alderman Porter and the city engineer were authorized by the streets committee of the city council yesterday to acquire certain sewer and surface drain rights of way for the extension of the Northwest sewer from Douglas street, along Finlayson street in an easterly direction to the corner of Quadra street and Tolmie avenue.

★ ★ ★

Theosophical Society.—The Theosophical Society meets in rooms 201-202 Belmont House. Members classes are held on Wednesdays at 8 p.m., and public meetings take place on Mondays at 8 p.m. Wednesday at 3 p.m., and Friday at 8 p.m. There are Sunday lectures in the board room, Belmont house, at 8 p.m., that on Sunday next to be on the subject: "The Masters and the Way to Them."

★ ★ ★

Joint Concert.—A joint concert will be held by the Purple Star L. O. B. A. and the W. C. T. U. on Wednesday, May 31, in the Orange hall, Yates street, in aid of the W. C. T. U. The members of the L. O. L. and the L. O. B. A. lodges, the W. C. T. U. their friends and the general public are cordially invited. An excellent programme is being prepared which includes some of the best local talent, so that a bumper house may be expected.

★ ★ ★

Women's Canadian Club.—There was a meeting of the "Returned Soldiers" committee of the Women's Canadian Club yesterday morning, when it was announced by the convener, Mrs. Frank Andrews, that the sum of \$50 had been sent to the club for the fund by the Eastern Star Lodge. The gift was gratefully acknowledged. An announcement is made that Mrs. Barnard has very kindly invited the club to be her guest at Government House on Thursday, June 1, from 4 to 6. The invitation has been accepted, and members will no doubt show their appreciation of the hospitality offered by being present on that day.

★ ★ ★

Patriotic Aid.—The following are among the recent subscriptions received by the Victoria Patriotic Aid Society: Employees Messrs. Grant, Smith & Co. and McDonald, \$754.70; post office employees \$109; officers and crew of tug Sadie, \$10; officers and crew of tug Swell, \$10; officers and crew of tug Spray, \$10; employees Messrs. Kirkham & Co., \$17; staff Meteorological Observatory, \$6.99; employees E. & N. Ry. Co., \$247.10; Dominion government department of public works: Employees resident engineer's department, breakwater, \$41; staff Esquimalt graving dock, \$33.60; staff district engineer's office, \$13; staff resident architect's office, \$44.55; employees C. P. R. ticket office, \$7; Messrs. P. M. Linklater and employees, \$5.50; anonymous, \$5; employees Dixi H. Ross & Co., \$12.20; Producers Rock & Gravel Co. and amplyees, \$68.45.

★ ★ ★

To Aid W. C. T. U. Mission.—The Purple Star Lodge, L. O. B. A., and the W. C. T. U. have decided to hold a joint concert in the Orange hall, Yates street, on May 31, the entertainment to be aid of the W. C. T. U. mission on Store street, which has to meet a big payment in June. Everyone is ready to recognize the splendid work being done by the mission and good support of the undertaking is hoped for. A good programme of the best local talent has been prepared for the evening, and the entertainment is guaranteed to furnish abundance of pleasant features. The L. O. B. A. has previously concentrated chiefly on Red Cross work, and it is the urgency of the present needs that decided its members to enter the present undertaking.

★ ★ ★

Autos.—The following are among the recent subscriptions received by the Victoria Patriotic Aid Society: Employees Messrs. Grant, Smith & Co. and McDonald, \$754.70; post office employees \$109; officers and crew of tug Sadie, \$10; officers and crew of tug Swell, \$10; officers and crew of tug Spray, \$10; employees Messrs. Kirkham & Co., \$17; staff Meteorological Observatory, \$6.99; employees E. & N. Ry. Co., \$247.10; Dominion government department of public works: Employees resident engineer's department, breakwater, \$41; staff Esquimalt graving dock, \$33.60; staff district engineer's office, \$13; staff resident architect's office, \$44.55; employees C. P. R. ticket office, \$7; Messrs. P. M. Linklater and employees, \$5.50; anonymous, \$5; employees Dixi H. Ross & Co., \$12.20; Producers Rock & Gravel Co. and amplyees, \$68.45.

★ ★ ★

Leaving Library.—The librarian in

WAS JUNIOR PARTNER**IN PROMINENT FIRM**

David M. Paterson Succumbs After Long Illness; Lived Here 25 Years

The death occurred this morning of David M. Paterson, junior partner in the wholesale firm of Paterson Bros., of Yates street. Mr. Paterson succumbed following a long illness of over three years, for the last two years of which he had been in such serious ill health that he was practically unable to take any active part in the business with which his name was associated. Twice he had been in California in search of health, returning each time slightly but only temporarily benefited.

The late Mr. Paterson was born about forty-three years ago in Toronto, where he received his early education. Later the family removed to the prairies, and he also attended school there, coming to Victoria when he was about eighteen years of age. For twenty-five years he had made his home here. For a short time he was with Messrs. Angus & Gordon, this being practically his first business association in the city. Later he was connected with the Saunders Grocery Company, and prior to joining his brother, James Paterson, in the business bearing their name he had been for some time manager of the Westside Dry Goods Company. The firm in which he was junior partner was established about ten years ago.

Mr. Paterson was a strong Liberal, and was secretary of the Liberal association for some time, very ably filling the office. He was also a member of the I. O. O. F., and had belonged to the Pacific club since its organization. There survive a widow and three children, all living at the family residence on Richmond avenue; also four brothers, James and William C. of Victoria, the senior the senior partner in Paterson Bros.; John W. of Vanderhoof, B. C., and George C., postmaster at Okots. There are two sisters, Mrs. (Major) Harper, Kamloops; and Miss Georgie Paterson, living in Victoria. The deceased was a member of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, and Rev. Dr. Clay, pastor of that congregation, will have charge of the services.

Mr. Paterson was a member of the energetic committee, the members of which are busy on the preparations for the Bantam Revue which is to be held in the Royal Victoria theatre on Monday and Tuesday evenings next, are justified in anticipating a big audience each night. The affair is organized on a big scale, and has sixteen or seventeen items, each of which is intended to be a distinct feature in itself. The following is a rough outline of the programme in full:

Band Selections—Band of 100 Battalion Song—Catch Me

... Mrs. D. B. McConan and Chorus Duet—Come and Flirt with the Town

... Miss P. Pearce and H. J. Davis

Song and Chorus—When I'm Chumby

Came to London Town

... Miss K. Dunsmuir and Chorus

Song—Molly McCarthy

... alias McGilvray (Vancouver)

Song and Chorus—When the Bonnie

Heather's Bloomin' I'll Return to

Annie Laurie (with pipes and kitte

lent by 50th)

... Mrs. R. H. Pooley and Chorus

Song—We're Glad to See You're Back,

Dear ... Miss Haggerty

Song and Chorus—Molly, Dear, It's

CASH BUYERS ARE CASH SAVERS

FROM FORT TO GOVERNMENT

Via

**THE ROAD THAT
"CASH" BUILT**Why Not ALWAYS Travel This Road and
ALWAYS Save Money?**Saturday Evening Specials**

Mennen's Talcum Powder.	Reg. 25c. Special	14c
Palmolive Shampoo.	Reg. 50c. Special	33c
Lowney's Breakfast Cocoa.	1-lb. cans. Reg. 50c. Special	39c
Genuine Macaroni	3 lbs.	19c
Milk, Buttercup.	Large cans	10c
Coffee, Our Special 40c Blend.	To-night, 3 lbs.	\$1.00
Local New-Laid Eggs.	Special to-night	28c
Large Navel Oranges.	Reg. 40c. To-night	34c
Canada First Baked Beans.	Reg. 13c. To-night	19c
Miller's Shoe Dressing.	For fine shoes. Reg. 15c, for	10c
Shelled Walnuts.	A little broken. Per lb.	9c
		39c

H. O. KIRKHAM & CO. LTD.

Victoria, B. C.

Duncan, B. C.

PHONES: Grocery, 178 and 179.

Delivery, 5522
Fish and Provisions, 5520.
Meat, 5521**AT THE THEATRES****DOMINION THEATRE.**

The film version of "Madame La Presidente," starring Anna Held—produced by the Oliver Morosco Photoplay Company—has not lost that spirit instilled by its French authors, which made the stage play such a complete success, not only in the European capitals, London, Paris, Berlin and Vienna, but in New York as well.

The photo production rather has added to the exceptional attraction of the story, not only because Anna Held is playing in the name-part, but also the scope of the stage is not to be compared to the facilities and the expenditure possible in a film version.

ROYAL VICTORIA.

"Wildflower," starring diminutive and dainty Marguerite Clark, will be the attraction at the Royal Victoria for the last time to-night. The story deals with Lettie Roberts (the part taken by Miss Clark) the pretty and unsophisticated child of nature, who dreams and frolics her time away on a little farm on the edge of the woods

far from the city. One day a stranger comes, Arnold Boyd, a wealthy man who has chosen the seclusion of the forest as a rest from wearisome society duties. He meets Lettie, and is delighted with her daintiness and fragile beauty, and it is from this part of the story on that Miss Clark is able to portray the character of "Wild Flower," to such splendid advantage.

An oversea edition of the "Fairy Journal," and the eleventh chapter of "The Goddess" finish off a programme that is bound to please.

PANTAGES THEATRE.

General Pisano, in his latest feature production, the "Bombardment of Tripoli by the Italian Fleet," the Empire Comedy Four in songs and comedy; the Six Stylish Steppers, in a dancing act, and the fifth episode of the popular movie serial, "The Iron Claw," all go to make one of the most variable bills, starting Monday, that Pantages theatre has presented for some time.

General Pisano comes billed as one of the most accomplished and accurate marksmen performing upon the stage. He is also a clever showman. He has a remarkable act and shows a picture of the Bay of Tripoli under bombardment by the Italian fleet. The effect is said to be thrilling.

The Empire Comedy Four, a male quartette, come heralded as the hit of the bill. This group of talented and comical songsters blend their voices well and provide a number of specialties.

The Six Stylish Steppers are among the cleverest dancers in vaudeville. This group, three girls and three men, will present an uncommonly neat act, and several specialties. The gowns worn by the girls are beautiful, and varied.

The Boy From Home, a clever dramatic skit, will be produced by Stephens, Bordeaux and Bennett. This act is a combination of delightful comedy and dramatic situations.

Brown and Jackson, presenting a combination of dancing, comedy and songs, are very clever and entertaining.

The Incurrigible Captive, fifth episode of the "Iron Claw," is said to be one of the best and most thrilling of the chapters of this story.

Pantages Theatre

ALL THIS WEEK.

QUEEN OF THE CABARET.

AT OCEAN BEACH.

SPARKLING MUSICAL COMEDY.

AND THREE OTHER BIG ACTS.

TIMES—MATINEE, 3; NIGHT, 7 AND 9.

The Strathcona Lodge

Shawnigan Lake

IS NOW OPEN FOR THE SEASON, UNDERRITINGLY, NEW MANAGEMENT.

RATES \$2.50 TO \$3.50 PER DAY

SPECIAL RATES FOR FISHERMEN AND

WEEK-END PARTIES.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ADDRESS

M. A. WYLDE,

Strathcona Lodge,

Shawnigan Lake, B. C.

We Deliver Immediately—Anywhere
Phone your order to **4253**
THE HUDSON'S BAY CO.
WINE DEPARTMENT
1212 Douglas St. Open till 10 p. m.

**PHONE
552**

THE COLBERT PLUMBING & HEATING CO., LTD.
765 Broughton St. Just below Royal Victoria Theatre.

Your
Plumbing
Troubles**FRECKLES**

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as the prescription ointment—double strength—is guaranteed to remove these horrid spots.

Simply get an ounce of ointment, double strength, from any druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than an ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength ointment as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.

**A WORD OR TWO ON
SUMMER ACCESSORIES**

The Colonial Pump Once More a Favorite; Blue Bird Parasol Novelty

New York, May 20.—Hats, veils, shawls, parasols, dainty little collar and cuff sets, and all the numerous other accessories which go to complete the costume are charmingly designed this season to fit in smartly with the new silhouette and the general lines of the costume.

Show manufacturers are loud in their praise of the short-skirted vogue. In former years skirts have varied in width and trimming, but until this season have always remained at a conservative length. With the English short skirt of the moment, smart, trim shoes are absolutely necessary to the general effect of the costume. The high laced boot of tan, brown, black or gray is popular with the tailored suit; for afternoons, with the light silk or the novelty cotton frock, the old-time colonial pump, with its huge buckle of silver or gun-metal, is once more a low-shoe favorite.

Veils, Parasols and Collars.

At the beginning of the season there were any number of novel effects in veiling, but with the advance of the season the call for veils—for street and general use, aside from motoring, windshields usually to the face veil, of almost invisible mesh, intended merely to keep the hair in place. The trick of arranging the veil over the hair, under the hat, is practical and clever, espe-



Spanish Dance Dress.

General Pisano, in his latest feature production, the "Bombardment of Tripoli by the Italian Fleet," the Empire Comedy Four in songs and comedy; the Six Stylish Steppers, in a dancing act, and the fifth episode of the popular movie serial, "The Iron Claw," all go to make one of the most variable bills, starting Monday, that Pantages theatre has presented for some time.

General Pisano comes billed as one of the most accomplished and accurate marksmen performing upon the stage. He is also a clever showman.

Parasols promise to play a more prominent part in this summer's wardrobe than for many a summer past; they are oddly shaped and vividly colored. One of the newest ideas is the blue-bird parasol; these are embroidered, stencilled, or appliqued, and spread their wings all around the outside edge of the white or softly tinted parasol, or scatter here and there over the inside surface. It is an extremely dainty notion, completing the summer frock in a most fascinating manner. Ostrich feathers edging the parasol is another effective fancy.

Never this season is as fascinating and offers as many possibilities for individuality as ever. Some smart little novelty ruches from Paris, now being shown in the shops, to complete a costume effectively, are narrow and finished with a buckle, or tie with narrow ribbons.

For the sports blouse, handkerchief and butcher's linen are both popular; the rough Chinese crepes, and

the coarser voiles are also practical;

voile and embroidery flounces, particularly pretty for summer dance and evening dresses. Metal lace are effective on the more formal gowns for daytime and evening. A particularly pretty use of lace flouncing is illustrated in the little Spanish dance frock shown here; upper portion of skirt and bolero are of taffeta, bolero and flounce of a thread-lace flouncing. An effective bit of contrast is introduced in the dark girdle and the narrow ribbons banding the short puff sleeves.

Another, a simpler, even more youthful dress, is illustrated of voile and embroidery flouncing; it is charmingly suited to the young girl for summer wear.

The tub-frock is more popular than for many a year; Paris herself endorses the cotton dress this summer. Many attractive novelties are being sent us from the French looms; among them are the artistic picots, voiles, and other fabrics of Rodo, with their quaint patterns and effective colorings. A particularly pretty voile for blouses and frocks is a fine check in color, with

simply get an ounce of ointment,

double strength, from any druggist,

and apply a little of it night and

morning and you should soon see that

even the worst freckles have begun to

disappear, while the lighter ones have

vanded entirely. It is seldom that

more than an ounce is needed to com-

pletely clear the skin and gain a beau-

tiful clear complexion.

The tub-frock is more popular than

for many a year; Paris herself endorses

the cotton dress this summer. Many

attractive novelties are being sent us

from the French looms; among them

are the artistic picots, voiles, and other

fabrics of Rodo, with their quaint

patterns and effective colorings. A

particularly pretty voile for blouses

and frocks is a fine check in color, with

simply get an ounce of ointment,

double strength, from any druggist,

and apply a little of it night and

morning and you should soon see that

even the worst freckles have begun to

disappear, while the lighter ones have

vanded entirely. It is seldom that

more than an ounce is needed to com-

pletely clear the skin and gain a beau-

tiful clear complexion.

The tub-frock is more popular than

for many a year; Paris herself endorses

the cotton dress this summer. Many

attractive novelties are being sent us

from the French looms; among them

are the artistic picots, voiles, and other

fabrics of Rodo, with their quaint

patterns and effective colorings. A

particularly pretty voile for blouses

and frocks is a fine check in color, with

simply get an ounce of ointment,

double strength, from any druggist,

and apply a little of it night and

morning and you should soon see that

even the worst freckles have begun to

disappear, while the lighter ones have

vanded entirely. It is seldom that

more than an ounce is needed to com-

pletely clear the skin and gain a beau-

tiful clear complexion.

The tub-frock is more popular than

for many a year; Paris herself endorses

the cotton dress this summer. Many

attractive novelties are being sent us

from the French looms; among them

are the artistic picots, voiles, and other

fabrics of Rodo, with their quaint

patterns and effective colorings. A

particularly pretty voile for blouses

and frocks is a fine check in color, with

simply get an ounce of ointment,

double strength, from any druggist,

and apply a little of it night and

morning and you should soon see that

even the worst freckles have begun to

disappear, while the lighter

HOUSE WORK
MADE EASY

That is what the use of an O-Cedar Polish Mop means. On the end of its long handle it gets everywhere, and every speck of dust clinging to it to be shaken out later. Not only does the

REFUSES PROBE OF ROYAL COMMISSION

Government Afraid of What Would Be Disclosed by a Strict Judicial Inquiry

OVER-PAYMENTS TO THE PACIFIC GREAT EASTERN

Premier Will Not Allow House to Consider Mr. Brewster's Request on Behalf of People

Legislative Press Gallery.

May 19.

For the second time this week Hon. W. J. Bowser, solicitor for the Pacific Coast Eastern Railway Company and for Patrick Welch, to-day refused to hear of any inquiry into the responsibility for the over-payment to the company of money which are the proceeds of the bonds for which the province stands guarantor of principal and interest, or of the manner in which the money have been expended by a contractor who is one of the members of the firm owning the road.

It is quite apparent that the premier, who to-day brought in a proposal to loan the company six million dollars a year after he defeated his then leader in caucus on a similar proposal, does not want the people to get any information on those points, although it is their credit which he and his colleagues have pledged and are now pledging to a further extent of six million dollars. He even refused the courtesy of an adjournment of the debate to the member for Nanaimo, but in this he was opposed by two members on the government side, unsuccessfully, as the rest of the flock followed the bellwether as faithfully—and blindly—as ever.

The resolution which Mr. Brewster placed before the House was as follows:

"Whereas it now appears from official returns and from minister's answers to questions that the amount of public moneys advanced to promoters of the Pacific Great Eastern railway is about equal to the total amount claimed to have been expended on such railway;

"And whereas it also appears that the construction contract for said railway was awarded to one of the promoters without competition;

"And whereas for the protection of the province it is necessary to ascertain the actual disposition made of the public money advanced on the security of the railway, and owing to the lateness of the session it will be impossible to carry out this object by a committee;

"Be it therefore resolved, that an humble address be presented to his honor the Lieutenant governor, praying him that a royal commission, consisting of the chief justice of British Columbia and the chief justice of the court of appeal, or such other judicial officers as may be selected, be appointed to investigate all the facts, figures, costs, contracts, transactions and details relating to the construction of the Pacific railway in any way whatever, so that this assembly shall know exactly what was done with the public moneys advanced, with power to call for and demand the attendance and production of persons, books and papers; to administer oaths and affirmations, and to compel obedience to every lawful summons, subpoena, order and direction of the said commission in the premises, and that such commission report to his honor, and that his honor will cause said report to be laid before the legislature on the first day of the session next ensuing after the date of such report."

Mr. Brewster, speaking in support of his resolution, said it followed along the same lines as his previous one, except as to a royal commission. Continuing, he said:

"In interests of Province.

"This is a resolution which I think, it is in the interests of the province to have accepted by the House. There are several reasons why I think it is necessary that an investigation be made. In checking up the figures given in return and in answer to questions it becomes plainly apparent that the laws under which this railway company is working have not been lived up to. We have a position to-day which shows that the province has not only paid out the sum shown but is responsible for considerably more than has been spent. It was stated in the previous debate by the premier that there had been over \$300,000 put into the road over what the government furnished. We find that this is not so.

"The total amount of the bonds guaranteed, \$20,160,000, has been pledged and the proceeds placed at the disposal of the railway company, according to the answer given in the House recently. In addition we have paid already \$316,016.18 in interest on bonds, so that as an actual matter of fact we have paid out \$20,476,016, for we are responsible for the repayment of the bonds at their face value. We find that the railway has expended on the road \$18,895,188, so that the actual fact is that the government has put out nearly \$20,500,000 and the company has put into the road only \$18,895,000.

Not the Real Truth.

"It has been argued that the company has expended nearly nine million dollars. That is not the real truth of the situation. Really the government has paid more money out than the company has expended in construction by the considerable sum of \$1,580,823. This sum has gone out over and above what the company has spent. The responsibility for this lies on the ministers of the departments concerned. We have not time to have these matters investigated by a special committee

tee of the House. We have not time to get to the bottom of this transaction, at this late period of the session, and see where the blame lies. That is the reason for asking that a royal commission be appointed to investigate and make a report to the House at the next session of the result of its investigation.

"Further, we find that bonds have been pledged or hypothecated to the extent of \$5,595,000 to the Union Bank as security for a loan of \$4,800,000. This works out at a fraction over \$1, and as the premier has been selling provincial bonds bearing the same rate of interest at a little over \$2 he must have known when he made the statement that we have an equity of over one million dollars in the pledged bonds of the company—he was making a statement which, to say the last, was very misleading. As a matter of fact, this equity would not realize to-day over fifty thousand dollars.

"It has been claimed that we have a certain equity in this road by reason of number of amounts which the premier mentioned. This is the first time since I have had any knowledge of business that I have heard of a supposed business man—and, by the way, we are supposed to have a business government now—figuring in discounts and interest on notes as a valuable asset. I do not believe you can go to any banker and convince him that you are in any better financial position because of having an equity in items of this kind. We have claimed as an asset to the province in this connection discount on security issued, interest on debenture stock, interest paid to the Union Bank, commissions, exchange, interest on account of the P. G. E. Development Company, to the total of \$2,929,069—amounts which, if taken as assets, in my opinion carry very little value indeed.

"Yet the government has turned over to the company \$20,160,000 and has paid \$316,016.18 in interest, and we are responsible for the repayment both as to principal and interest, against which we have expended something like \$18,895,000 so far as the company is concerned. Another item of the \$9,000,000 which Mr. Bowser says has gone into the government should be noted. The report on the engineering side of these monies have been ignored by the government. The legislature reflect before it determines that there shall be no proper inquiry into the manner in which these large amounts of money have been released to the railway company.

"The people of this province to-day realize that they have been deceived by the government in respect to the liabilities which they have been deluded into assuming, and now, when it is a well-ascertained fact that this railway company has received over \$6,763,000 in excess of what it was entitled to receive. I can warn the government that the people will insist either before the election or immediately after, upon having a strict accounting of the money proceeds of the bonds for which they have become liable to such an enormous extent.

"The premier claims an asset in rails purchased but not delivered. There is nothing to indicate that these rails are paid for, or paid for, that they might not be resold and never delivered in the province of British Columbia. There is an item of \$167,900 for tote road. As the cost of building this tote road is an item which the contractor figures upon as part of the necessary work of constructing the railway it is, I think, a fictitious asset. One might just as well say that the original cost of the old Cariboo wagon road, through the canyons of the Fraser, is another security, representing the value of the money expended upon it.

"There is another item of \$40,000 for a sawmill. There is nothing to prevent this sawmill from being mortgaged to its full value, or being transferred by Foley, Welch & Stewart to the company at any time, and in no sense of the word can it be construed as a security of the government's. Even the horses employed on the grade by the contractor are lumped in at \$100,000, but, probably the most peculiar of all, is the fact that \$1,085,969.38, scheduled as losses by the sub-contractors, is included in the valuable securities held by the Bowser government.

Fullest Information.

"There is the question of how this money was sent on which the House and the people are entitled to the fullest information, although it does not seem to have received much consideration from the government. This work of construction of this railway was given to Patrick Welch without any competition and at his own prices. It is well known fact that Mackenzie & Mann so manipulated the construction of the Canadian Northern Pacific line as to convey a large proportion of the money expended into their own pockets, through the medium of the Northern Construction Company. But we find on a comparison of the prices paid on this particular road against the Canadian Northern Pacific, where the prices were not so very low, the contracts which were let without competition very much exceed the latter, showing that somewhere there has been a discrepancy between the actual work accomplished and the funds the company have been permitted to draw.

"A comparison of the prices shows that Patrick Welch has received prices vastly in excess of what was paid for similar work on the MacKenzie-Mann road. Here are a few of them:

P.G.E. Rly.	Average Price C.N.P.R.
Clearing per acre	\$150.00
Grubbing, per acre	300.00
Solid Rock ...	180.00
per yard	1.45
Overbreak, per yard25
Trestles, 1,000 ft. B.M.	45.00
Tunnels, per linear foot	35.00
Track laying, per mile	75.00
Ballast, per yard	40.00
Side surfacing, per mile	700.00
	nill

"I do not know—but that conditions being different may have caused that extra cost, but I do know that, according to the statement made by the premier, the proceeds of bonds have been permitted to be taken out of a trust fund and expended on the construction

of the road and that, so far as we can see, that has not been carried on in proportion to the amount of the work done. I point this out in order to emphasize to the House that there should be an investigation as to how this money went out of the trust fund without an adequate amount of work being done.

"We have had a statement that practically the whole road from the water-front of Howe Sound to Fort George was graded with the exception of the bridges. I think we had that in the prime minister's speech the other day. I find on turning to the report made by Chief Engineer Gamble, of the department of railways, that there are fifty-four and three-quarters miles of sub-grade which are absolutely untouched up to the present. Only sixty-two and one-half per cent. of the work is completed and yet we have put out the sums I have mentioned and have besides contingent responsibilities. The responsibility is at the doors of the government. Those building the road naturally wanted to get as much as they would be let have and to get it built as quickly as possible. We are not disputing that, but when the policy was put before the people the government promised that it would cost the province \$1,580,823. The report of the chief engineer as to those 54½ miles is correct, and we must assume that it is. Some of that distance, too, is from White Cliff to Squamish, and is very heavy indeed.

Persistent Neglect.

"The persistent neglect of the government to bring down required information in regard to the engineer's report re taking out the money proceeds of the guaranteed bonds is now a well-known fact, and that the statutory conditions covering the taking out of these monies have been ignored by the government should make the legislature reflect before it determines that there shall be no proper inquiry into the manner in which these large amounts of money have been released to the railway company. "The people of this province to-day realize that they have been deceived by the government in respect to the liabilities which they have been deluded into assuming, and now, when it is a well-ascertained fact that this railway company has received over \$6,763,000 in excess of what it was entitled to receive, I can warn the government that the people will insist either before the election or immediately after, upon having a strict accounting of the money proceeds of the bonds for which they have become liable to such an enormous extent.

"It is true it has been argued that there was nothing of intent or wrongdoing in permitting monies to go out of trust funds before the work required by the statute was done. I have looked up the constitutional authorities and if we take Halsbury's "Treatise of England" we find it distinctly that: 'It is now well established law that the king's proclamation, unless authorized in that behalf by statute, cannot make a new law or alter the provision of an old one.' Yet we have here the laws set aside and no attempt made to come before parliament and secure its adoption. In another place Halsbury cites instances where 'Indemnifying legislation' has been passed to be paid, and in the Old Country it is plain that punishment has been meted out for such breaches of trust.

"It is absolutely necessary that parliament should take action in this matter of the Pacific Great Eastern. We have the prime minister contending that neither the legislature nor the courts were the authority but that he himself was the sole authority and judge. We find in the last return before us that he was himself acting as finance minister during good part of the time when these trust monies were released. If this legislature is to be asked to put another six million dollars into the road, which sum, according to estimates, will not complete it—and it must be completed; it cannot be permitted to lie there with twenty millions spent on it and the country need the transportation it will afford—we might as well do so knowing that later we will be called upon to put more money into it.

Investigation Needed.

"As the law has been violated, which is indisputable, by the government allowing money to go out of a trust fund without the requisite amount of work being done, then we are entitled to ask that a searching investigation shall be held so that we can find where the monies have gone, who is responsible for their having gone and whether the province has had value, but especially as to who is responsible.

"In this latter connection I find in one of the returns recently made an order in council cited which, if I read it aright, shows that a statement was presented to his honor the Lieutenant Governor that the dead weight tonnage upon which the province is to pay a bonus was too indefinite a thing as the bill read 'cargo dead weight capacity.' This was agreed to.

"In this latter connection I find in one of the returns recently made an order in council cited which, if I read it aright, shows that a statement was presented to his honor the Lieutenant Governor that the dead weight tonnage upon which the province is to pay a bonus was too indefinite a thing as the bill read 'cargo dead weight capacity.' This was agreed to.

The shipping bill was completed in committee this evening. H. B. Thomson, who was in charge of it, suggested, to meet Mr. Brewster's objection that the dead weight tonnage upon which the province is to pay a bonus was too indefinite a thing as the bill read "cargo dead weight capacity." This was agreed to.

The egg-marking bill was considered in committee and completed.

Phoenix Stout, 2 quarts for 25¢.

nothing to be gained by accepting the resolution. A royal commission could not find out anything more than had been contained in his statement and in voluminous answers to questions.

Mr. Williams moved the adjournment of the debate, as he had not had time to pursue a return brought down yesterday, but the premier insisted on the debate proceeding for the reason that they were working day and night to close up.

A vote was taken on Mr. Williams' motion, which was defeated.

H. E. Forster (Columbia), Ind. Cons., and William Hunter (Slocan), Cons., voted with the opposition.

The resolution was then put and declared lost.

CURIOS METHODS OF SPEEDING UP

Time Wasted in Legislature
Except When Opposition
Members Want Delay

Legislative Press Gallery.

May 19.

There was some small amount of business done to-day in the way of advancing bills at the two sittings held.

The premier talked to-day about working night and day to close up the working of the session, and yesterday the minister of lands said that they had now got to the time when work must be speeded up to the same end. Both statements were made in excuse for refusing requests for reasonable delay with important measures.

If the House worked a little longer when it does start and started a little earlier there would be no trouble in getting through. Yesterday afternoon it adjourned at ten minutes to five o'clock and it was after nine o'clock before the evening sitting commenced. This afternoon it was 5:15 when the afternoon sitting closed and a little after nine before the next began.

In the personal province would have the personal guarantee of Foley, Welch & Stewart, who for that reason must complete the line; it had the townships and properties along the line, all paid for, forty-nine per cent. of the share capital of the P. G. E. Development Company, Limited, a first mortgage on the P. G. E., an assignment of P. G. E. shares to the extent of \$10,250,000, an absolute transfer of shares to the extent of \$20,000,000 in consideration of the loan being obtained for the company, and the company's undertaking to pay interest half-yearly at the rate which the government had to pay. Mr. Brewster moved the adjournment of the debate.

Mrs. Volubil (viewing a house for sale): "Oh, how beautiful—how exquisite! The magnificent surroundings make me perfectly speechless." Her husband: "Then I'll buy the house."

REGAL
TABLE SALT

The Kind to Buy.
It's Always Dry.

MADE IN CANADA

PACIFIC GREAT EASTERN RAILWAY IS TO GET SIX MILLION DOLLARS

(Continued from page 1)

another million in depreciation of the grade. It might be asked if this was the only way to assist the company. Under the conditions surrounding the P. G. E. and Foley, Welch & Stewart were such that if the province did not come to its aid in this way they could not finance their enterprise.

The premier pointed to the natural route for all wheat grown west of Swift Current, belonging to the Pacific coast, the needs of the Peace River country and the call for development as reasons why this road should be pushed to completion. The government recognized a compelling demand upon the government by the public to open up the province. It must be progressive rather than be static on the wheel, and have faith in the future, and so it was getting this foreign capital into the province in order to develop it. The government had faith in the future and was going to do its share to overcome the paralyzing effect of the war.

In the personal province would have the personal guarantee of Foley, Welch & Stewart, who for that reason must complete the line; it had the townships and properties along the line, all paid for, forty-nine per cent. of the share capital of the P. G. E. Development Company, Limited, a first mortgage on the P. G. E., an assignment of P. G. E. shares to the extent of \$10,250,000, an absolute transfer of shares to the extent of \$20,000,000 in consideration of the loan being obtained for the company, and the company's undertaking to pay interest half-yearly at the rate which the government had to pay.

Mr. Brewster moved the adjournment of the debate.

Mrs. Volubil (viewing a house for sale): "Oh, how beautiful—how exquisite! The magnificent surroundings make me perfectly speechless." Her husband: "Then I'll buy the house."

That there will after the war be a tendency to put Germany in a sort of moral Coventry for her crimes against humanity is probable enough; such a tendency will be natural, indeed inevitable. But does anyone suppose that England, the greatest commercial nation in the world, ought to refuse, after the war, to have any trade dealings with 150,000,000 of people in middle Europe? Any policy of that kind would mean the loss of our commercial pre-eminence. The United States would succeed to our forfeited primacy, and New York would take London's place as the heart and nerve centre of the world's trade. Mr. Lloyd George will be no party to so disastrous a policy.

He is no cosmopolitan; he is a fervent patriot. As such he holds that in considering our future fiscal policy the chief thing to bear in mind is what is best for the welfare of the mass of the people in the British empire. No fiscal pedantry will prevent him advocating methods for protecting until they are able to stand secure, recently established industries essential to our national existence—industries which our laissez faire methods and the defective technical education of our people allowed to languish out of existence. It is a grave reproach to our manufacturers and our government that when war came we found we were dependent on enemy countries for dyes, electrical apparatus, hard porcelain and optical and laboratory glass. Never again must we suffer this humiliating dependence upon a foreigner for articles for whose manufacture we have every natural advantage in this country. While recognizing the importance of all these things, Mr. Lloyd George, who is an idealist as well as a realist, warned his countrymen that what is at issue in this war—in which everything that involves human liberty and civilization is at stake—should be made to wear the aspect of a war merely for trade is intensely repugnant to Mr. Lloyd George.

As he said in an arresting phrase that would be to bring the tables of the money-changers into the temple—London Chronicle.

<h3

SPORTING NEWS

HEAVY HITTING SHOWN IN LATEST AVERAGES

Daubert Leads Batters in National League and Speaker in American

Chicago, May 20.—Jake Daubert, Brooklyn's first-base man, is leading the batters of the National league, according to averages published here today, and including games played last Wednesday. His percentage is .394; Fred Williams, Chicago, though batting under .300, leads in home runs with six, is tied with Zimmerman, Chicago, in total bases at sixty and is tied with Groh, Cincinnati, in runs scored, at twenty. Caley, Pittsburgh, continues to lead the base-stealing, having 13 to his credit. Boston has taken first place in the club batting with .272. National league batters hitting .300 or better in at least half the games are:

Daubert, Brooklyn, .354; Zimmerman, Chicago, .358; Robertson, New York, .357; Haridion, New York, .356; Schulte, Chicago, .354; Chase, Cincinnati, .353; Hinchman, Pittsburgh, .329; Gowdy, Boston, .329; E. Burns, Philadelphia, .327; G. Burns, New York, .323; Kauffman, New York, .309; Cravath, Philadelphia, .306; Stock, Philadelphia, .305; Doyle, New York, .301; Cutshaw, Brooklyn, .301; Snyder, St. Louis, .301.

Ranked according to earned runs per game made off them, the ten leading pitchers of the National league, including those who have taken part in at least five games are: Dell, Brooklyn, won 2, lost 2, .454; Kantele, Pittsburgh, .454; Batteries—McQuillan and Killifer, Manaux and Gibson.

At St. Louis—New York, 5; St. Louis 4; Batteries—Stroud, Terreau, Recruit and Harden; Salles and Gorzales.

LEADS BATTERS



TRIS SPEAKER

Who is at the top of the batting averages of the big leagues with a percentage of .398.

any other player. He is a tremendous hitter and hard to fool on any kind of ball." Of Clark, he said: "Fred Clarke invariably waited for a curve ball, and was almost sure to hit it, especially if it was on the inside."

MAJOR LEAGUES

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Yesterday's Results.
At Cincinnati—Boston, 2; Cincinnati, 2; Batteries—Ragan and Gowdy; Schulz and Wingo.

At Chicago—Brooklyn, 4; Chicago, 2; Batteries—Smith and Myers; Hendrix and Vaughan, Archer.

At Pittsburgh—Philadelphia, 2; Pittsburgh, 4; Batteries—McQuillan and Killifer, Manaux and Gibson.

At St. Louis—New York, 5; St. Louis 4; Batteries—Stroud, Terreau, Recruit and Harden; Salles and Gorzales.

Standing,

	W.	L.	Pct.
Brooklyn	24	9	.733
Boston	12	19	.398
Philadelphia	14	21	.417
Chicago	15	24	.383
New York	11	22	.318
Pittsburgh	12	21	.356

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Yesterday's Results.
At Boston—St. Louis, 5; Boston, 1; Batteries—Groom and Hartley; Leonard and Carrigan.

At Washington—Cleveland, 7; Washington, 1; Batteries—Meriton and O'Neill; Boehling, Shaw, Dumont and Henry.

At Philadelphia—Chicago, 6; Philadelphia, 1; Batteries—Cicotte and Schalk; Bush and Meyer, Schanz.

At New York—Detroit, 2; New York, 2 (16 inning tie, called account darkness); Batteries—Coveleskie and Stanage; Cullop, Shawkey and Walters.

Standing:

	W.	L.	Pct.
Cleveland	21	9	.700
Washington	18	11	.621
New York	12	12	.520
Boston	13	15	.464
Detroit	15	16	.446
Philadelphia	12	14	.429
St. Louis	11	16	.417
Chicago	12	18	.406

PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE

Yesterday's Results.
At Salt Lake—Portland, 9; Salt Lake, 1; Los Angeles—Oakland, 2; Vernon, 4; At San Francisco—Los Angeles, 1; San Francisco, 6.

Standing:

	W.	L.	Pct.
Vernon	25	17	.598
San Francisco	26	18	.593
Los Angeles	19	21	.476
Salt Lake City	18	21	.462
Portland	15	19	.441
Oakland	19	26	.422

NORTHWESTERN LEAGUE

Standing.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Butte	11	8	.579
Great Falls	12	9	.542
Spokane	11	11	.500
Vancouver	11	11	.490
Tacoma	8	15	.423
Seattle	10	14	.417

Amateurs' Finishing done as quickly as first class work will allow at Ivell's.

Phoenix Stout, 2 quarts for 25¢.

SULLIVAN THE MOST POPULAR OF CHAMPS

Shown Decisively at Moran-Willard Bout When He Clambered Into Ring

There is no use denying the fact that John L. Sullivan is the most popular champion among the heavyweights, and that fact has been demonstrated again and again. Perhaps this is because Sullivan never refused to fight anyone, and was willing to defend his title, whether there was much money in the house or not.

At any rate, this fact was again demonstrated when Jess Willard and Frank Moran met in their 16-round bout with Mike Gibbons, Ted Lewis was by no means disgraced. Considering the fact that he gave away ten pounds to one of the cleverest middleweights the game has ever known, his showing was wonderful.

Amateur lacrosse is at a standstill in the east at present. The O. H. A. is waiting to see where the soldiers are to be stationed for the summer. If they are left to train in the towns where they joined them there will be a large number of teams entered, but if they are moved into central training camps most of the small towns will be cut off.

Tris Speaker just now is far more a baseball hero than Ty Cobb, Honus Wagner, Eddie Collins or any of the other diamond luminaries. The big start of the Cleveland Indians, together with the publicity given Speaker, has placed him on the highest pedestal of popularity and, judging by the way in which he has been delivering the goods, he deserves everything that is coming his way.

Marty O'Toole has been sold again, and this time he did not bring anything near \$22,500, the price Pittsburgh Pirates gave St. Paul for him. This time he goes to the minors, Columbus, selling him to Omaha. Two hundred dollars is said to be the purchase price. O'Toole never showed anything in the big show like he did while pitching for St. Paul. He pitched fairly well for the Senators last season, but this season has failed to show anything. O'Toole is balking on the transfer.

Fred Anderson, the spit-ball pitcher secured by McGraw from the Federal League was given a trial by the Boston Red Sox in 1913, but failed to make good. He is going along well for the Giants.

Stan. Coveleskie is twirling great ball for Cleveland. Yesterday he opposed Connie did too complete a wrecking job. Instead of weakening his machine only to a point where it was about even up with the others he put it on the blink for several years to come.

To date the Boston Red Sox have been a big disappointment. They have failed to make an even break. The case of Tris Speaker has been a great handicap to the club.

Elmer Meyers, the pitcher secured by Connie Mack from the North Carolina League is going well this season. Yesterday he beat Chicago 5 to 1, and last week defeated Washington and Boston. Meyers led the North Carolina league in strikeouts last season with 268. He made his initial appearance with the Athletics last fall, and shut out Washington 4 to 0, allowing but 2 singles.

Great Falls took the third straight game yesterday from the Indians, 11 to 4. Nick Williams took Noble out of the box in the sixth, after the Electrics had gathered ten hits and nine runs. Webb who took Noble's place was wild, forcing in two more runs in the sixth.

Crawford Going Back.

Los Angeles, May 20.—Reports are being circulated here that Sam Crawford, of the Detroit Tigers, may soon be seen in a Pacific Coast league circuit. It is said that the San Francisco Seals will have first chance at Crawford if he is disposed of by Detroit.

The 121st Overseas Battalion, C. E. F., will hold an inter-battalion track and field meet on May 24 at Queen's Park, New Westminster.

All the Westminster and Vancouver battalions will be represented but as a similar tournament is being held in Victoria on that date there will be no local entries. One of the features of the meet will be a "Victory Cross" race. There will be four teams of two men each unit entered in this event, the idea being to run fifty yards, pick up a wounded man, and return to the starting point.

Considering the large number of soldiers in camp in and near Westminster and the general interest being displayed by the public the tournament should meet with unqualified success.

Ivel's Fountain is a good place to meet and treat.

Connie Mack kept the White Sox in the 1915 running. Without him, the Chicagoans wouldn't have amounted to much. Minnie Collins this year, the Six couldn't be figured very largely in the pennant fight. But with him they

will fight it out all the way with four or five other teams.

Cleveland's Renewed Interest.

Speaker's presence on the Cleveland team may not win a pennant for the "Sixth City," not this year, at least. But his advent here revived baseball interest to some extent. It lifted Cleveland from the mediocre to a rather dangerous looking outfit. Therefore, it will be seen that the mere transfer of Speaker had the effect of bettering baseball conditions in Cleveland and tightening the American league race.

Wasn't that a consummation devoutly to be wished?

Eddie Collins kept the White Sox in the 1915 running. Without him, the Chicagoans wouldn't have amounted to much. Minnie Collins this year, the Six couldn't be figured very largely in the pennant fight. But with him they

would fight it out all the way with four or five other teams.

Connie Mack is more than living up to his reputation as a developer of college players this year. Rumor has it that the tall tactician has enough college men reporting at the expiration of the present college term to start a college of his own.

There is a movement on foot in local lacrosse circles to revive the "City League" this season. There is plenty of material in the city for two teams, and it is rumored that the navy yard will also have a team.

There is a movement on foot in local lacrosse circles to revive the "City League" this season. There is plenty of material in the city for two teams, and it is rumored that the navy yard will also have a team.

Connie Mack is more than living up to his reputation as a developer of college players this year. Rumor has it that the tall tactician has enough college men reporting at the expiration of the present college term to start a college of his own.

There is a movement on foot in local lacrosse circles to revive the "City League" this season. There is plenty of material in the city for two teams, and it is rumored that the navy yard will also have a team.

There is a movement on foot in local lacrosse circles to revive the "City League" this season. There is plenty of material in the city for two teams, and it is rumored that the navy yard will also have a team.

There is a movement on foot in local lacrosse circles to revive the "City League" this season. There is plenty of material in the city for two teams, and it is rumored that the navy yard will also have a team.

There is a movement on foot in local lacrosse circles to revive the "City League" this season. There is plenty of material in the city for two teams, and it is rumored that the navy yard will also have a team.

There is a movement on foot in local lacrosse circles to revive the "City League" this season. There is plenty of material in the city for two teams, and it is rumored that the navy yard will also have a team.

There is a movement on foot in local lacrosse circles to revive the "City League" this season. There is plenty of material in the city for two teams, and it is rumored that the navy yard will also have a team.

There is a movement on foot in local lacrosse circles to revive the "City League" this season. There is plenty of material in the city for two teams, and it is rumored that the navy yard will also have a team.

There is a movement on foot in local lacrosse circles to revive the "City League" this season. There is plenty of material in the city for two teams, and it is rumored that the navy yard will also have a team.

There is a movement on foot in local lacrosse circles to revive the "City League" this season. There is plenty of material in the city for two teams, and it is rumored that the navy yard will also have a team.

There is a movement on foot in local lacrosse circles to revive the "City League" this season. There is plenty of material in the city for two teams, and it is rumored that the navy yard will also have a team.

There is a movement on foot in local lacrosse circles to revive the "City League" this season. There is plenty of material in the city for two teams, and it is rumored that the navy yard will also have a team.

There is a movement on foot in local lacrosse circles to revive the "City League" this season. There is plenty of material in the city for two teams, and it is rumored that the navy yard will also have a team.

There is a movement on foot in local lacrosse circles to revive the "City League" this season. There is plenty of material in the city for two teams, and it is rumored that the navy yard will also have a team.

There is a movement on foot in local lacrosse circles to revive the "City League" this season. There is plenty of material in the city for two teams, and it is rumored that the navy yard will also have a team.

There is a movement on foot in local lacrosse circles to revive the "City League" this season. There is plenty of material in the city for two teams, and it is rumored that the navy yard will also have a team.

There is a movement on foot in local lacrosse circles to revive the "City League" this season. There is plenty of material in the city for two teams, and it is rumored that the navy yard will also have a team.

There is a movement on foot in local lacrosse circles to revive the "City League

MUST HAVE MONEY TO REMEDY CONDITIONS

Jubilee Hospital Directors Discuss Grand Jury Presentment; to Appeal to Government

A long and frank discussion of the situation with regard to hospital accommodation occurred at the meeting of the board of directors of the Jubilee hospital last evening, in view of the strictures of the grand jury at the spring assize, following a visit to the institution.

The president, R. S. Day, wished the press particularly to convey to the public the fact that the directors fully appreciated the position in which the tubercular ward and other parts of the hospital were placed, but lack of funds had prevented progress being made on the improvements.

Mr. Day explained that an application had been made to the government for assistance some time ago, but had not yet been dealt with in the ordinary process of routine business.

Mr. Blakemore, as chairman of the house committee, who had been in consultation with the government, supplemented what Mr. Day had said. They had asked for an immediate grant of \$10,000.

Simon Leiser wanted to know why it was that the Vancouver General hospital was receiving \$75,000 towards buildings, and \$30,000 additional, when the government dealt so reluctantly with the Jubilee hospital.

Mr. Blakemore stated that the money given to the Vancouver General hospital was in fulfillment of an undertaking when the University courses were organized, so that the operating theatre and other parts of the building would be open to the medical students of the University. The government two years ago had promised \$200,000, and this part payment covered works carried out by the hospital towards the end mentioned.

Mrs. Rhodes asked a question with regard to the \$150,000 promised by the government towards the cost of the new building.

The president observed that the amount was conditional on the city grant, and as they all knew, the debentures had not been sold under the city by-law.

J. A. Mara said the citizens had subscribed, on paper, about \$40,000 towards the new hospital scheme, but a great deal had not been paid.

Andrew Wright: "I paid my subscription, and others should do the same."

Mrs. Rhodes: "There are many people who don't know we have done any building yet with the money subscribed. The public should know how it has been expended."

Mr. Leiser: "Is the government aware of the present overcrowding of the hospital?"

The members of the deputation to the premier seeking the grant said they had pointed out the needs of the institution fully to him.

Mrs. Rhodes expressed the wish that the premier would come up to the hospital and see the conditions prevailing.

F. W. Vincent observed that perhaps they would have been more successful had the application been made before the estimates were adopted.

A. I. Kilpatrick said the laundry question was an urgent one, and that some effort ought to be made during the present winter to secure machinery for the building, making it of service and saving the heavy laundry bills.

Leonard Tait favored a concise clear statement of the hospital's necessities being presented to the government, and said he was confident that the government would find the promised assistance to remedy the conditions complained of in the grand jury's report, and also to equip the power house and laundry.

Mrs. Rhodes pointed out that if the power house was in service this summer the light and power for the institution could be made, and the laundry machinery operated.

Mr. Day indicated that there was a legacy which might be pledged to the bank to relieve their immediate needs. Certain difficulties had prevented it being paid over as yet.

Mr. Blakemore urged the board not to cloud the issue, and to restrain its application to one thing at a time.

Mr. Wright expressed the opinion that many of the board members appeared to be apologetic for the government. The latter was willing to find money for speculative enterprises like a ship-building subsidy, but would not assist hospitals which should have a first claim.

Mr. Day explained the circumstances under which the tubercular ward came to be constructed. Through the recommendation of the late Dr. Fagan the government some years ago made it compulsory on all hospitals receiving government aid to have a ward for advanced tubercular cases. The city council declined to contribute to the cost, on the ground that it opposed on principle the idea of locating tubercular wards in the city, and thus some small sheds had been erected, which had been added to under the necessity of housing more patients. The government having forced the board to provide for tubercular cases, it ought to assist in having them properly housed. There was a greater demand now than ever for hospital accommodation. So bad had it become this winter that the board had been compelled to lose revenue from private rooms in order to accommodate public patients. The concentration of soldiers here, and other special causes, apparently had created the difficulties with which they were faced.

After some brief criticism of details of the grand jury's presentment, the board adopted a motion from Mr. Leiser, seconded by Mr. Blakemore, to go back to the government again and urge the necessity of the immediate grant of \$10,000, and for the machinery for the laundry, failing which to seek



Overland

TRADE MARK REG.

Real Comfort for Seven

Canvass the world and you will not find as big a car as the Overland Six at anywhere near so low a price, \$1600.

You who prefer seven passenger capacity, must pay a heavy excess in price to get so much real seven passenger comfort in any other car.

And to back up its big roomy seven passenger carrying capacity there is the powerful six cylinder Overland motor.

Take your full quota of seven big passengers and see how smoothly and easily, without a sign of effort, your powerful motor speeds away with even an overload.

Slow down to a crawl—don't touch the gear shift—keep it in high—but just touch your accelerator.

Without a tremor, smoothly, easily, swiftly, you acquire any desired speed.

That's genuine six cylinder pickup—a big outstanding Overland Six fact.

And it's that big fact about this big car that makes its price, \$1600, so small in comparison.

Overland four cylinder models will "pick up" with many another six.

Our only purpose in building a six at all is to supply with genuine Overland finality and economy that extremist demand for the luxury of bigness and lightning fast pickup.

Overland production—double that of any other builder of cars of like class—makes possible the unapproached value which you get in so big and exceptional a car at so low a price—\$1600.

Have the Overland dealer overload the six and demonstrate its comfort and lightning fast pickup.

You cannot equal it for anywhere near the price.

THOMAS PLIMLEY, Distributor
727-735 Johnson Street Phone 697

Willys-Overland, Limited
Head Office and Works, West Toronto, Canada

not less than \$20,000 for immediate necessities.

The report on the cost of the new tubercular ward, and the needed expenditure of the nurses' home set the expenditure at \$20,000, so that even if the government gives this grant, there will not be any money for the laundry machinery, which is an expensive item.

"Are they well mated?" "Perfectly. He likes to make money and she likes to spend it."

ANNUAL MEETING OVER

B. C. Branch of Women's Missionary Society Convention Concludes After Very Successful Meeting.

The B. C. branch of the Women's Missionary Society has concluded its twenty-fifth annual meeting after a three days' session in the Metropolitan Methodist church. In every respect the convention was pronounced one of the most successful in the history of the B. C. branch of the society. In

addition to the officers named in the report of the morning's proceedings yesterday the following were found appointed to office when the balloting was over: recording secretary, Mrs. W. J. Sippell, Vancouver; treasurer, Mrs. H. M. Derbyshire; superintendent of bands and circles, Mrs. Hunter, Vancouver; superintendent, Mrs. Au- bin, Victoria; assistant superintendent, Mrs. Knight, Vancouver; auditor, Miss Nixon, Vancouver. The convention was brought to a close by Mrs. F. J. Betts, the honorary president, who pronounced the benediction. Mrs. C. T.

Scott previously having appealed to members to show even greater energy in the work which was of such great importance.

SHEEPBREEDING

Large Profits Being Made in British Columbia; Industry Should Thrive on Vancouver Island.

The sub-committee of the domestic food products committee met yesterday afternoon in the board of trade

room to discuss the status of the sheep industry, and the appointment of a government expert to assist farmers. He advocated also a series of sheep sales.

Other speakers added their views, all being of the opinion that the industry should thrive on this island. A report of the meeting is to be submitted to the food products committee of the board of trade.

"Here's a story about a butcher who dropped forty feet into a cauldron of hot water and escaped uninjured. Miraculous!" "Oh, no. They were pigs' feet."

5 ACRES ALL CULTIVATED

On main road in best part of Metchosin.

Price reduced to

Only \$300

Per acre.

Easy terms.

You will find this property a bargain at the above figure.

Buy Now and Have Your Seed Planted Before it is Too Late

SWINERTON & MUSGRAVE

Wmch Bldg. 640 Fort St.

COMPANIES REPLY TO MEN'S DEMAND

Ready to Meet Request as Far as Possible; New Scale Submitted

The request made through the British Columbia branch of the Sailors' Union for an increase in wages was considered at a conference yesterday which was attended by Capt. J. W. Troup, manager of the British Columbia coast service; Capt. Nicholson, manager of the G. T. P. steamships, and E. H. Beasley, of the Union Steamship Co. As a result of the meeting it was decided to meet the request of the men as far as possible, covering certain points, and a scale was agreed upon as follows: Quartermasters and winchmen, \$5 per month; able seamen, \$50 per month, and coal firemen, \$60 per month. This means that the men in the foregoing departments are granted an advance of \$6 per month. The men petitioned for increases as follows: Deckhands, wages of \$35 per month, nine-hour day, 50 cents an hour overtime, Sundays and holidays, and work outside ordinary ship's duty; firemen, \$60 per month wages; steward's department, an increase of \$10 per month over present rates.

It was stated to-day that the crews of the various C. P. R. steamers appear disposed to accept the scale which has been submitted to them, and there are no indications that there will be any trouble among the employees of that company. The G. T. P. and Union Steamship Company's crews have not yet given their reply, but it is anticipated that they will fall in with the action taken by those who have already accepted the proposal.

The C. P. R., the G. T. P., Union Steamship Company, Vancouver Portland Cement Company and the milling and towing companies are affected by the demands.

At the close of the conference the following circular was prepared and issued by Capt. Troup to all captains of the coasting fleet: "You will please inform your crew that their request for higher wages and other conditions have received the careful attention of the management, not only of this company, but of the other lines operating in British Columbia. We feel that the men hardly appreciate the fact that the British Columbia coasting trade has not shared in the prosperity which the American Alaska boats and deep sea traders have been enjoying during the last 18 months. On the contrary, the decrease in the population of the British Columbia coast, and the consequent reduction in the volume of freight and passenger business have reduced the gross revenue of all the lines very materially, whilst the cost of operation has greatly increased, owing to the rise in the price of commodities, and very heavy additional taxation. We all feel that the time is very inopportune to ask for any advance at all, and we cannot possibly see our way to conceding to the men's requests as presented."

"We are prepared, however, for the sake of harmony, to meet the men as far as possible, and, with this in view, will agree to the following rates of wages: Quartermasters and winchmen, \$5 per month; A. B.'s, \$50 per month; coal firemen, \$60 per month."

"All conditions of employment remain as at present."

"These wages will go into force at once, and the offer is conditional on its acceptance by the crews of all the boats of the fleet."

There was some difference in the petitions presented to the various shipping companies, but the following stipulations, covering the deck department, were set forth by the men:

"Work performed on Sundays and legal holidays and all work performed outside of the regular working hours on week days, shall be paid for at the rate of 50 cents per hour, except such work as is immediately necessary, for the safety of the vessel, her cargo, passengers and crew. All members of the crew, when working watch and watch and are employed in handling freight, baggage, stores, fuel and cleaning of vessels, between the hours of 5 p.m. and 7 a.m., on their watch on deck, and all times so employed, on their watch below and on Sundays and legal holidays, shall receive therefore overtime at the rate of 50 cents per hour. On passenger vessels, two hours shall be allowed without overtime on Sundays and legal holidays before 9 a.m., to wash decks. Holidays shall be: New Year's day, Good Friday, Empire Day, Dominion Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day."

Doting Mother: "Tell me, professor, is my son a deep student?" Professor (dryly): "None deeper, ma'am; he's always at the bottom."

CAPTAIN W. GRANT PASSED AWAY TO-DAY

Was Prominently Identified With Sealing and Whaling Industry

SPENT MANY YEARS AS MASTER OF SAILING SHIPS

Had Been Resident of This City for Thirty Years

Captain William Grant, who had long been prominently connected with the sealing and whaling industry of this port, as well as many other commercial enterprises throughout the province, passed away at his residence at Point Elliot at 1 o'clock this morning. Captain Grant had been ailing for more than a year, but it was not until noon yesterday that he took a sudden change for the worse, pneumonia setting in, and he passed peacefully away in his sleep an hour after midnight.

Captain Grant, who was born at Graville, Cape Breton, on June 22, 1855, was the third son of James Francis Grant. He was associated with deep sea sailing from the age of 18, and had many stirring adventures during his long career.

When a lad of 16 he ran away, informing his father that he would not return until he was captain of a ship.

By close attention to his chosen profession he rose in two years to the position of third officer on a packet ship on the Western Ocean. At that time life at sea was indeed a hard one, and he left the packet line, entering the employ of the famous McClure fleet of Rockland, Maine. At the age of 22 he was master of the full rigged ship Oliver Jordan, and he then returned to Nova Scotia to visit his father. He remained with the McClure line for several years and rose to the position of port captain of the fleet. He was with the McClure fleet at the time of the American Revolutionary war when the Alabama played havoc with American shipping. Captain Grant was one of the victims of the Alabama, being then master of the barque Louise Hatch. The Hatch was captured, the cargo of coal confiscated and the vessel burned at sea. The captain and crew were placed on an island off the Southern States. Later he succeeded in making his escape in a fishing vessel, and as shipping was rapidly declining he returned to Nova Scotia. T. E. Kenney, who was president of the Merchants Bank of Nova Scotia and later of the Royal Bank of Canada when that institution absorbed the former. They became interested in a number of vessels, including the barque George. When the George was being built at Maitland, N. S., he visited that place, and it was there he was married to Miss Helen Mary Smith, daughter of George Smith. Captain Grant and associates secured the George, and also built several other ships.

In 1879 Captain Grant was master of the Thomas E. Kenney, which was the largest full rigged ship to have been built in Nova Scotia up to that time.

On a voyage across the Atlantic, when Captain Grant was accompanied by his wife and their two sons, one aged four years and the other two, the vessel, which was carrying grain from New York to London, foundered at sea. Captain Grant and family, however, were rescued by a small fishing schooner and landed in Lisbon, Portugal.

Having disposed of much of his shipping interests in the east he returned to Victoria in 1882, and had resided here ever since. He then became interested in the sealing industry, and on its formation became a stockholder in the Victoria Sealing Company. He was one of the largest sealing vessel owners in British Columbia and was appointed managing director of the company, a position he held at the time of his death.

When Captain S. Balcom formed the Victoria Whaling Company, Captain Grant joined him in this industry and was president of the Pacific Whaling Company until its interests were sold to Mackenzie & Mann.

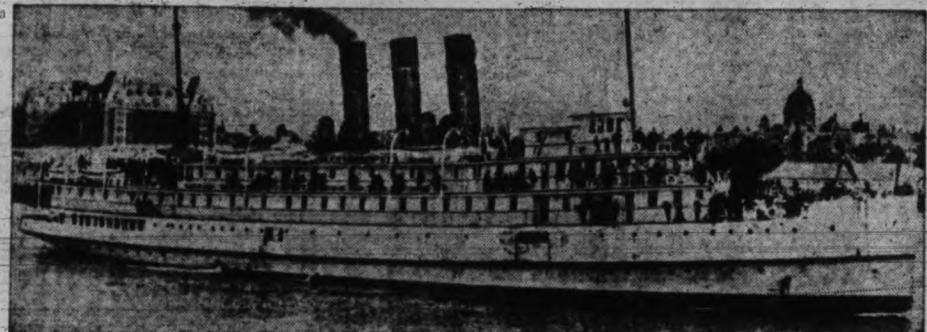
Among the sealing vessels which Captain Grant owned were the Beatrice, Alnoke and Penelope, all of which were for many years prominent among the sealing fleet.

Captain Grant had a fund of stories of his adventure in the early days, but was loth to tell them except to a few of his most intimate friends. He spent some time in South America during the war between Argentina Republic and Paraguay, siding with the former.

He owned three brigs which were chartered by the Argentine, and Captain Grant was engaged running the blockade on the River Plate. He saw much of the fighting and had many thrilling adventures.

On one voyage, when second mate on a ship, he was wrecked off Patagonia and only five of the crew escaped. Captain Grant and his four companions were saved by a Frenchman, a member of the crew, who succeeded in reaching the shore and then assisted the others through the surf. They wandered about the beach for about fourteen days before they were picked up by a party of Indians. They were in a pitiful plight, suffering from fever. The Indians showed them every kindness, nursing them through their illness and finally taking them to a point

RETURNING TO TRIANGULAR ROUTE



C. P. R. STEAMER PRINCESS VICTORIA

It was announced to-day that the C. P. R. steamer Princess Victoria will take her place on the triangular run next week. The Victoria was withdrawn several weeks ago for the purpose of being overhauled, and now is in splendid condition to resume service. The steamer has been repainted, and is spick and span, and within a few days will be in operation again.

where they were able to secure passage back to the States.

Captain Grant is survived by his wife, one son, George Harold Grant, and one grandson, John Harold. Captain Grant's second son, William, died in 1898 while on his way to the Yukon. One brother, Captain Francis Grant, resided at Wallace, N. S., and a sister is living near Gloucester, Massachusetts. There are three nephews residing in Victoria, Herbert Grant, engineer on the government dredge Mudlark, and John and Frank Grant, of D. Spencer, Ltd.

The funeral has been arranged to take place from the family residence on Monday afternoon at 2.30.

SALE OF CAPTURED SHIPS AND CARGOES

Great Britain Realized \$34,-
250,000 During Twenty
Months of War

London, May 29.—A net gain of \$34,-250,000 has been realized by Great Britain from the seizure of enemy ships and their cargoes in the last twenty months of the war, according to the record of the prize court. The government has captured 157 ships which have been disposed of after decision by the prize court as follows:

No.	Ton.	Total
Sold	42	54,772
Requisitioned	42	56,162
Detained till after the war and requisitioned	73	85,086
Total	157	195,970

The results of the sales have been approximately: Proceeds of condemned vessels and interest, \$1,674,026; expenses of sale, \$26,540; total proceeds of sale of ships and cargoes, \$35,250,000.

There are many more vessels and a large quantity of cargo still before the court. Some idea of the work already done may be gathered from the fact that more than 1,000 writs for prize court proceedings have been issued.

The goods which have been seized and condemned as contraband represent every possible variety, ranging from windmills, tombstones and human hair to wild animals which were intended for the Berlin Zoo.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

San Francisco, May 19.—Arrived: Str Governor, from San Diego, at noon.

El Segundo, May 18.—Sailed: Str Capt. A. F. Lucas, for Seattle.

Astoria, May 18.—Sailed: Str May-ach Maru, for Seattle, at midnight.

Vancouver, B.C., May 19.—Sailed: Str Empress of Asia, for Hongkong, at 5 p.m.

Victoria, B.C., May 19.—Arrived and sailed: Str President, from Seattle for San Francisco.

Bellingham, May 19.—Sailed: Str Seward, for west coast via San Francisco.

Tacoma, May 19.—Arrived: Baja California, from west coast via San Francisco; str Eastholm, from British Columbia ports. Sailed: Str Admiral Schley, for Seattle.

Seattle, May 19.—Arrived: Str Ni-chiyo Maru, Otaru via San Francisco; str Umatilla, San Francisco via Vancouver, B.C., at 1:15 p.m.; str Col. E. L. Drake, San Francisco via Point Wells; str Admiral Evans, Southeastern Alaska; strophil, Southeastern Alaska; str. Admirals Schley, Tacoma. Sailed: Str Humboldt, Southeastern Alaska; str. Al-KI, Southeastern Alaska; str. Col. E. L. Drake, San Francisco via Point Wells; str. W. S. Porter, San Francisco, from Meadow Point, towing big Monterey; str President, San Diego via Victoria, B.C., and San Francisco; str. Tiverton, Everett; str. Admiral Evans, Tacoma; U.S. Lightship Umatilla, No. 67.

ASIA FOR ORIENT.

The C. P. R. liner Empress of Asia,

which was delayed waiting for the mail, sailed for the Orient shortly after midnight. She had 250 saloon passengers and more than 200 in the steerage. At Vancouver over 5,000 bags and baskets of mail were put aboard the Asia, and 500 bags were added to the cargo here. The bulk of the mail is destined for Russia.

BARRISTER REPORTED.

The Harrison Direct line steamer

Barrister, bound to this port from Liverpool and Glasgow, was at Cristobal on Wednesday. She should now be heading northward in the Pacific side.

WIRELESS REPORT

May 20, 8 a. m.

Point Grey—Misty; rain; S. E., light;

30°02'; 44°; thick seaward.

Cape Lazo—Clear; S. E., fresh; 29.85;

52°; sea moderate.

Pachena—Rain, calm; 29.94; 48°; sea

smooth. Spoke str Chicago abeam 3.25

8.8 m., southbound.

Estevan—Cloudy; S. E., 29.80; 45°; sea

moderate.

Alert Bay—Cloudy; calm; 29.72; 50°;

sea smooth.

Triangle—Cloudy; S. W.: 29.96; 48°;

sea moderate. 8 a. m. spoke str Mar-

poa off Cape Calvert, southbound.

Dead Tree Point—Drizzle; calm; 29.

70; 45°; sea smooth.

Ikeda—Rain; calm; 29.49; 44°; sea

smooth.

Prince Rupert—Cloudy; S. E., light;

29.60; 44°; sea smooth.

Noon.

Point Grey—Overcast; S. E., fresh;

30.62; 54°.

Cape Lazo—Clear; S. E., fresh; 29.

88; 58°; sea moderate.

Pachena—Showers; N. W., light; 29.

95; 54°; sea smooth.

Estevan—Cloudy; S. E.; 29.88; 47°; sea

moderate.

Alert Bay—Cloudy; N. W.; 29.78; 54°;

sea smooth.

Triangle—Overcast; calm; 29.96; 46°;

sea moderate. Spoke str Latouche

Queen Charlotte Sound 10 a. m., south-

bound.

Dead Tree Point—Cloudy; calm; 29.

78; 46°; sea smooth.

Ikeda—Overcast; S. E., light; 29.57;

47°; sea smooth.

Prince Rupert—Rain; S. E., light; 29.

68; 45°; sea smooth.

NOON.

Point Grey—Overcast; S. E., fresh;

30.62; 54°.

Cape Lazo—Clear

PURITY FLOUR
More Bread and Better Bread

Nothing so good as fresh
homemade bread from

PURITY FLOUR

More Bread and Better Bread

SERVICES in the CITY CHURCHES

FOURTH SUNDAY AFTER EASTER.

ANGLICAN.

Christ Church Cathedral, Burdett avenue. Holy communion at 6 a.m. and 8 a.m.; matins and sermon, 11 a.m.; preacher, Rev. A. H. Greenwood; evensong and children's service, 3:30; baptism, 4 p.m.; evensong and sermon, 7 p.m.; preacher, the dean.

St. Matthias' Mission, Borden Bay. Holy communion, 8 a.m.; Sunday school, 9:30; evensong with sermon at 7 p.m.

St. Luke's, Cedar Hill. Rector, Rev. J. D. Mackenzie-Naughton, M.A., B.D. Sunday school, 10 a.m.; morning prayer, 11 a.m.; evening prayers, 7 p.m.

St. Barnabas', corner of Cook street and Caledonia avenue. Holy eucharist at 8 a.m.; matins, 10:30; choral eucharist and sermon, 11 a.m.; choir, 7 p.m.; Rector, Rev. E. G. Miller.

St. Mark's, Boleskine road, Rev. J. W. Elphick, vicar. Holy eucharist and sermon, 11 a.m.; Sunday school, 3 p.m.; evensong and sermon, 7 p.m.

St. Mary's, Burns street, Oak Bay. Rev. G. H. Andrews, M.A., rector. Holy communion at 8 a.m.; matins and sermon, 11 a.m.; Sunday school, 2:30 p.m.; evensong and sermon, 7 p.m.

St. Saviour's, Victoria West. Rector, Rev. R. Connell. Holy communion, 8 a.m.; morning prayer and holy communion, 11 a.m.; preacher, the rector. Sunday school, 2:30 p.m.; evening prayer and intercessions at 7 p.m.; preacher, the bishop.

St. John's, corner of Quadra and Mason streets, Rev. F. A. P. Chadwick, M.A., Empire Day services. Holy communion, 8 a.m.; Sunday school and Bible classes, 10 a.m.; morning prayer and sermon at 11 a.m.; evening prayer and sermon, 7 p.m.

Holy Trinity, Esquimalt. Rector, Rev. Baugh Allen. Holy communion at 8 a.m.; matins and sermon, 10:30; Sunday school, 2:30 p.m.; evensong and sermon, 7 p.m.

St. James', corner Quebec and St. John street. Presbyter, Rev. H. T. Archbold, B.A. Holy communion, 8 a.m.; matins and holy communion, 11 a.m.; Sunday school, 2:30 p.m.; evensong and sermon, 7 p.m.

Oaklands' Church of England. Evening service at 8 p.m.; evening prayer and sermon, 7 p.m.; Rev. J. D. McKenzie-Naughton, M.A., B.D.

Pemberton Memorial Chapel. Morning prayer, hymns and sermon at 10:30 a.m. Nurses, patients, members of hospital staff and residents of the neighborhood cordially invited to attend.

St. John's, Obed avenue. Rev. M. F. Hilton. Sunday school, 2:30 p.m.; evensong and sermon at 7 p.m.

REFORMED EPISCOPAL

Church of Our Lord, corner Blanshard and Pandora avenues. Rector, Rev. A. D. Owen. Morning service at 8 a.m.; evening service, 7: Sunday school, 2:30 p.m.

ROMAN CATHOLIC

St. Andrew's cathedral, corner of Blanshard and View streets. The Right Rev. Alexander Macdonald, D.D., the Right Rev. George Lethbridge, P.D., V.G.; Rev. Donald A. MacDonald, Rev. Anselm Wood and Rev. John Leo Bradley.

Masses, Sundays, low mass with five minute sermon at 8 and 9:30 a.m.; high mass with sermon at 11 o'clock; vespers and benediction at 7:30 p.m.; blessed sacrament at 7:30 p.m.; Holy days of obligation, low mass at 6:15, 8, 9:30, and high mass at 11 a.m.; rosary and benediction at 7:30 p.m. Confessions are heard on the eve of all feast days every Saturday and every Tuesday before the first Friday of the month in the afternoon from 4 until 6 o'clock, and in the evening from 7 until 9. Baptisms are performed Sunday afternoons at 2 o'clock and at other times by appointment.

St. Joseph's, Esquimalt. Rev. John P. Silver, pastor. Holy communion at 7:45 a.m.; matins, sermon and benediction at 11 a.m.; Sunday school at 2:30 p.m. Week day mass at 8 a.m.

St. Mary's, Victoria West, attended by Rev. John P. Silver. Mass and sermon

**How to Save
Your Eyes**

Try This Free Prescription.

Do your eyes give you trouble? Do you already wear eyeglasses or spectacles? Thousands of people wear these "windows" who might easily dispense with them. You may be one of these, and it is your duty to see your eye doctor if your eyes are neglected more than any other organ of the entire body. After you finish your day's work you sit down and rest your eyes. How about your eyes? Do you rest them? You know you do not. You read or do something else that keeps your eyes busy; you work your eyes hard. You know that is why so many have strained eyes and finally other eye troubles that threaten partial or total blindness. Eyeglasses are merelyretched by use. This free prescription, which has benefited the eyes of so many, may work equal wonders for you. Use it a short time. Women say it cures eye troubles disappear if by magic! Try this prescription. Go to the nearest wideawake drug store and get a bottle of Bon-Opto tablets. Draw about 1/4 of water and allow it to thoroughly dissolve. With this liquid bathe the eyes two to four times daily. Just note how quickly your eyes clear up and how soon the inflammation will disappear. Don't be afraid to use it; it is absolutely harmless. Many who are now blind might have saved their eyes had they started this treatment in time. This is a simple treatment, but marvelously effective in multitudes of cases. Now that you have been warned don't delay a day but get this prescription. And you are likely to thank us as long as you live for publishing this prescription. The Valmas Drug Co. of Toronto, will fill the above prescription by mail, if your druggist cannot.

A prominent City Physician to whom the above article was submitted, said: "Bon-Opto is a very popular eye medicine and is well known to eye specialists and widely prescribed by them. It can be obtained from any good druggist and in case of the few instances where it cannot be kept on hand for regular use in almost every family."

every Sunday at 9:30 a.m.; Sunday school at 10:15 a.m.; rosary, short instruction and benediction at 7:30 p.m.

PRESBYTERIAN. First, corner of Quadra and Fisgard streets. Minister, Rev. J. G. Inskster, B.A., Sunday school and Bible class, 9:45; church services, 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Minister will preach at both services.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE. First, corner of Quadra and Fisgard streets. Minister, Rev. J. G. Inskster, B.A., Sunday school and Bible class, 9:45; church services, 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Minister will preach at both services.

UNITED METHODIST. First, corner of Quadra and Fisgard streets. Minister, Rev. C. T. Scott, B.A., D.D. Class meeting, 10 a.m.; public worship at 11 and 7:30; Sunday school, 2:30; Brotherhood, 2:45.

LUTHERAN. First, corner Fernwood road and Douglas street. Pastor, Rev. G. C. Thompson. Services at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Sunday school and Bible classes, 1:30 p.m. Branch Sunday school, Shesburne street and King road, 2:30 p.m.

UNITED NAZARENE. First, corner Fernwood road and Douglas street. Pastor, Rev. G. C. Thompson. Services at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Sunday school and Bible classes, 1:30 p.m. Branch Sunday school, Shesburne street and King road, 2:30 p.m.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH. First, corner Fernwood road and Douglas street. Pastor, Rev. G. C. Thompson. Services at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Sunday school and Bible classes, 1:30 p.m. Branch Sunday school, Shesburne street and King road, 2:30 p.m.

UNITARIAN. First, corner Fernwood road and Douglas street. Service at 11 a.m. Rev. Walter Letham, pastor.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE. First Church of Christ, Scientist, 22 Pandora avenue. Services are held on Sundays at 11 a.m.

NAZARENES. Nazarene, corner Fisgard and Chamberlain streets. Services at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Pastor, Rev. Adam Walker, pastor. Preaching at 11 a.m. by the pastor. Sunday school, 12; class and praise meet-

ings, 7 p.m., followed by preaching by the pastor.

CONGREGATIONAL

Fifth Congregational church, corner Queen and B. D. pastor. Regular services at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m.; Sabbath school and adult Bible class, 2:30.

SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.

Society of Friends. Meeting house, Park street (off Fort). Meeting for worship, 11 a.m.; mission meeting, 7 p.m.

BIBLE STUDENTS.

Associated Bible Students meet in L. B. S. A. hall, Yates street. Bible study, 11 a.m. and 2:45 p.m.

SYNAGOGUE.

Congregation Emanu-El, Blanshard and Pandora. Services, 8 every Friday evening.

OTHER MEETINGS

Connaught Seamen's Institute, J. Wright Hill, secretary and port missionary. The Psychic Research society will hold their Sunday services in the hall, 72 Courtney street, at 3 and 7:30 p.m. Conference by Mrs. M. A. Danika, of Liverpool, England.

Christians gathered to the name of the Lord Jesus Christ meet in Victoria hall, 142 Blanshard street, near Pandora street. Sunday, 11 a.m.; breaking of bread, 7:30 p.m.; Sunday school, 7:30 p.m., gospelling.

Christians meet in Oakland Gospel hall, 142 Hillside avenue and Cedar Hill road. Third day, 11 a.m.; breaking of bread, 7:30 p.m.; school and adult Bible class, 8 p.m.

Theosophical Society meets 8 p.m. Sunday, 201-22 Belmont House.

Seventh Day Adventist, corner Hillside avenue and Grahame street. Services Sabbath (Saturday), 10:30; prayer meeting Wednesday, 7:30 p.m.

Strangers' Rest. Service will be conducted on Sunday evening at 7:30.

Progressive Young People's Society, corner Hillside and Grahame street. Dr. T. W. Butler will lecture at 11 a.m. and 8 p.m. Children's school at 3.

The Divine Psycho Society will hold service at 7:30 Herald street on Sunday at 7:30 p.m. Soul messages after the lecture. Mrs. L. Rees will lecture.

Shelburne Street Hall. Sunday school and adult Bible class at 2:30.

Christadelphians meet in the hall, 104 North Park street. Sunday school, 8 a.m.; breaking of bread, 11 a.m.; lecture at 7:30.

The Psychological Society will hold message-circle at 7, lecture at 8:15, in the A. O. F. hall, Broad street. Mrs. Leila Combe.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Daily Report Furnished by the Victoria Meteorological Department.

Victoria, May 20—5 a.m.—The barometer is low over Northern B.C. and the interior and shower weather is becoming general in this province. Rain is also reported in South Saskatchewan and it's likely to become general in the prairie provinces.

Forecasts.

For 36 hours ending 5 p.m. Sunday, Victoria and vicinity. Winds mostly easterly and southerly, chiefly cloudy and cool, with showers.

Mainland—Light to moderate winds, mostly cloudy and cool, with showers.

Report.

Victoria—Barometer, 30.02; temperature, maximum yesterday, 47; minimum, 45; wind, 4 miles E.; rain, .01; weather, fair.

Vancouver—Barometer, 30.10; temperature, maximum yesterday, 52; minimum, 46; wind, 6 miles S.W.; weather, cloudy.

Barkerville—Barometer, 29.82; temperature, maximum yesterday, 56; minimum, 46; wind, 4 miles E.; rain, .01; weather, rain.

Prince Rupert—Barometer, 29.74; temperature, maximum yesterday, 48; minimum, 46; wind, 10 miles S.E.; rain, .01; weather, rain.

Tatsoo—Barometer, 29.96; temperature, maximum yesterday, 48; minimum, 44; wind, 14 miles S.; rain, .01; weather, cloudy.

Portland, Ore.—Barometer, 30.10; temperature, maximum yesterday, 58; minimum, 48; wind, 4 miles S.; weather, cloudy.

San Francisco—Barometer, 30.10; temperature, maximum yesterday, 60; minimum, 48; wind, 4 miles W.; weather, clear.

Seattle—Barometer, 29.96; temperature, maximum yesterday, 58; minimum, 46; wind, 12 miles S.; weather, cloudy.

Nelson—Temperature, maximum yesterday, 61; rain, .01.

Temperature.

Prince George 65

Castlegar 61

Calgary 66

Edmonton 74

Qu'Appelle 70

Winnipeg 58

Toronto 65

Ottawa 58

Montreal 58

St. John 66

Halifax 66

Victoria Daily Weather.

Observations taken 5 a.m., noon and 5 p.m., Friday.

Temperature.

Highest 57

Lowest 44

Average 50

Minimum on grass 45

Maximum in sun 115

Bright sunshine, 4 hours 18 minutes.

General state of weather, fair.

A SPLENDID WAY TO REDUCE ONE'S WEIGHT

There is, perhaps, no one thing that shows the value of our health more than the terrible tendency of some of us to put on too much weight after we have reached the age of 25 or 30. However young our face may appear, our figures give us away.

The cause of this over-weightness is that our body cannot convert the food we eat into energy because there is not enough oxygen in the blood to produce a proper combustion to destroy the fatty tissue. To reduce your weight go to a good druggist and get off of meat in its prepared form, and take one after each meal. It is sold only in original, sealed packages. Get oroline taken at meal-times gives you all the benefit of the food you eat, and at the same time dissolves the fatty tissue from any part of the body where they are excess.

In this way man has reduced his weight at meal-times giving him 16 lb. a day, and no flabbiness is left.

Any druggist can supply you or a large size box will be sent on receipt of \$1.00. Address D. J. Little Drug Co., Box 120, Montreal, Can.

On Friday evening a marine degree was held.

Magistrate: "You're charged with beggary." Beggar: "I wasn't beggin' yer wurlahup." Magistrate: "But you were seen holding out your hand." Beggar: "It's all habbit, yer wurlahup. You see, I had to hold out my hand so much at school that now I can't break myself."

NAZARENE CHURCH.

Nazarene, corner Fisgard and Chamberlain streets. Services at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Pastor, Rev. Adam Walker. Preaching at 11 a.m. by the pastor. Sunday school, 12; class and praise meet-

SHARP ATTACK REPULSED

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

ADVERTISEMENTS under this head: 1 cent per word per insertion; 50 cents per line per month.

BATHS

BAHNS—Vapor and electric light, massage and chiropody. Mr. Barker, 912 Port street. Phone 4732.

CHIROPODISTS

RAULANT MEAT BATHS, massage and chiropody. Mr. R. H. Barker, 912 Jones Building. Phone 2446.

DENTISTS

DR. J. LEWIS HALL, Dental Surgeon, Jewel Block, 907 Yates and Douglas streets, Victoria, B. C. Telephones, Office, 557; Residence, 122.

DR. W. F. FRASER, 201-2 St. Barbara Pease Block, Phone 4294. Office hours, 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

ELECTROLYSIS

ELECTROLYSIS—Fourteen years' practical experience in removing superfluous hairs. Mrs. Barker, 912 Port street.

ELECTROLYSIS—The only permanent way to remove superfluous hair. Miss Hanman (certificate London, England), suite 501, Campbell Block. Tel. 476. Miss

ENGRAVERS

HALF-TONE AND LINE ENGRAVING—Commercial work a specialty. Designs for advertising and business stationery. B. C. Engraving Co., Times Building. Orders received at Times Business Office.

GEORGE E. GRIFFITHS, Small Cutter and Seal Dealer. Geo. G. Crother, 912 Wharf street, behind Post Office.

LEGAL

BRADSHAW & STACPOOLE, barristers-at-law, 531 Bastion street, Victoria.

MEDICAL MASSAGE

THEL GEARBY, Massager. Vapor, sulphur, steam baths; hand-electric massage; electric blanket sweats and scalp treatment. Second Floor, Room 212 Hibben-Bone Bldg., Victoria, B. C. Phone 612.

NOTARY PUBLIC

WILLIAM G. GAUCHE, Room 105 Hibben-Bone Block, The Griffith Co., real estate and insurance, notary public.

NURSING

MRS. E. HOOD, maternity nurse. Phone 4675. Patients taken in or out. 1500.

MATERNITY NURSE. Apply 1509 Jubilee avenue.

OPTICIAN

J. H. LE PAGE, expert optometrist, optician, ground floor entrance, Sayward Bldg., Douglas. Phone 1890.

SHORTHAND

SHORTHAND SCHOOL, 1011 Government Street, Shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping thoroughly taught. E. A. McMillan, principal.

TUITION

ENGINEERS—Marine, stationary, prepared for certificates. Mondays, Thursdays, 8 a.m. to 12 m. W. G. Winterburn, 505 Central Bldg.

WATCHMAKER

F. L. HAYNES, late watch and chronometer maker to Messrs. Elkinson, government contractors, London, Eng., late of Australia, now to the West Australian government. High-class watchmakers and manufacturing jewelers. We specialize in ring making. Best and cheapest houses for repairs of every description. 124 Government, Victoria.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

ADVERTISEMENTS under this head: 1 cent per word per insertion; 50 cents per word per week; 50 cents per line per month. No advertisement for less than 10 cents.

AUTO PAINTING

WE PAINT AUTOS and do it right. Eastern factory experience. W. D. Cartier, Belleville street, adjoining C. P. R. wharf.

BAKERS

RENNIE & TAYLOR, the only genuine Butter Nut bread bakers. Wholesale and retail. Imperial Bakery, Fernwood Road. Phone 784.

BOATBUILDERS

BOATS AND LAUNCHES designed and built to order; repairing, hauling out, superintending and surveying promptly. To E. Stephens, 1235 Sunnyside Ave. Phone 8151.

BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS

WM. F. DRYSDALE, contractor and builder. Lumber, ash, doors and windows always in stock. Office and shop fixtures a specialty. Office and factory, 191 North Park street. Phone 662.

CARPENTRY and general jobbing repairs and alterations. Estimates free. R. Black, Phone 3881.

CARPENTER AND BUILDER—T. Thirkell. Alterations, repairs, jobbing, leaky roofs repaired and guaranteed. Phone 16732.

CHEMIST SWEEPING

CHIMNEYS CLEANED (15 years' experience in Victoria). Lloyd. Phone 4151.

CHIMNEYS CLEANED—Defective flues fixed, etc. Wm. Neal, 1012 Quadra St. Phone 1019.

CLEANING AND PRESSING

CLARENCE CLEANERS—Dry cleaners, 704 Yates, opposite—Merchants Corp. Gent's suits pressed, 50¢; ladies' garments a specialty. Repairing of all descriptions. We call for work. Phone 2907.

CORSETRY

SPINELLA CORSETS—Bathing garments, test rustproof and unbuckleable for one year; latest styles for 1916. Corsetries will fit residence by appointment. Mrs. Gordon, engr., 40 Campbell Bld. Phone 2882.

DEYING AND CLEANING

C. S. STEAM DYE WORKS—The largest dyeing and cleaning house in the province. Country orders solicited. Phone 800. J. C. Renfrew, proprietor.

FISH

FRED. FORSTER, 1216 Government street. Phone 1527.

FURNITURE MOVERS

JEVEA BROS. & LAMB, furniture and hardware, 1216 Government street. Packing and shipping. Office, 728 View street. Phone 1567. Stable, 507 Gorge road. Phone 2882.

LIME

LIME—Builders' and agricultural lime. Weston, White Lime Co. Phone 27421 and 422.

LIVERY STABLES

BEAT'S STABLES, 728 Johnson. Livery, feeding, backs, express wagon, etc. Phone 1522.

PHOTOGRAPHY

ELITE STUDIO, 309 Government. Amateur finishing. Portraits and enlargements. Phone 1521.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

ADVERTISEMENTS under this head: 1 cent per word per insertion; 50 cents per line per month.

GARAGE.

IRVING GARAGE, corner Wharf and Broughton. Cars stored and repaired. Prices reasonable. Convenient for tourists. 116.

LEATHER MERCHANT.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, in large or small quantities, leather goods and shingles' supplies, all kinds. Give in fast order. A. McKeown, 632 Flagard. 116.

METAL WORKS

PACIFIC SHEET METAL WORKS—Corrugated, skylights, metal windows, metal and felt roofing, in glass, no bar; few houses, rooms, rates, Yates and Douglas. Phone 1772.

MILLWOOD.

DRY MILLWOOD, \$2 double, \$1.50 single load. Phone 4818.

PAWNSHOPS

ATKINSON'S LOAN OFFICE moved to 1315 Government street, next to Columbia Theatre. 116.

POTTERY WARE.

BEWEY PIPE WARE—Field tiles, ground fire clay, etc. C. P. pottery Co., Ltd. corner Broad and Pandor streets.

PLUMBING AND HEATING

VICTORIA PLUMBING CO., 1052 Pandora street. Phones 1402 and 1403.

PLUMMING AND REPAIRS—Coll. work, etc. Foxgord, 1008 Douglas. Phone 704.

FOR PROMPT ATTENTION for plumbing repairs. Phones 236 or 45861. R. G. Geiger.

THACKER & HOLT, plumbing and heating. Jobbing promptly attended to. 686 Queen street. Phone 5322.

SEWER AND CEMENT WORK.

T. BUTCHER, sewer and cement work. Phone 5281.

SCAVENGING

VICTORIA SCAVENGING CO.—Office, 1826 Government street—Phone 462. Asher and garage removed.

SHOE REPAIRING.

CHAMPION SHOE REPAIRING DEPT., Young's Market, prop., 632 Johnson and 116 Douglas.

FOR SATISFACTION in shoe repairing. Arthur Hibbs, 618 Trounce Avenue, opposite Colonist Building. Phone 4168.

SHOE REPAIRING promptly and neatly done, reasonably priced. H. White, 1811 Blanshard St. two doors from telephone office.

SWEEEPING COMPOUND.

NO DUST—Sweeping compound is a perfect floor cleanser. Made by Stancland Co. Phone 27.

TAILOR.

PENDLEBURY, ladies' and gents' tailor, corner Douglas and Bay. Own goods made up from \$12. Phone 186. 116.

TAXIDERMISTS.

WHERRY & TOW, 629 Pandora avenue. Phone 382. High-class selection rugs; big game and various heads for sale.

TRUCK AND DRAY.

VICTORIA TRUCK & DRAY CO., LTD.—Office and stables, 701 Broughton St. Telephone 12, 476, 1872.

VACUUM CLEANERS.

HAVE THE AUTO VACUUM for your carpets; satisfaction assured. Phone 4614.

WOOD.

DRY CEDAR—for kindling or stove wood, \$1.50; blocks, \$1.25 per load delivered. Phone 2345.

WOOD AND COAL

WESTERN COAL & WOOD CO.—D. MacKenzie, prop., Cordwood, any kind; lump coal, \$7.50; nut, M. E. Smith, 116 Douglas.

Y. W. C. A.

FOR THE BENEFIT of young women in out of employment. Rooms and board. A home from home. 156 Courtice street.

WINDOW CLEANING.

DO NOT FORGET TO PHONE 1705, James Bay Window Cleaning Co., 841 Government street.

WINDSCREEN CLEANING.

FOR SALE—Nearly new Gurney Oxford 6-horse range, sand, \$37. Mason, 101 Hillside avenue.

WILM-PLATE

CAMERA, \$2, for sale cheap, triple extension bell, reversible back, rising front, rapid convertible lens, good as new, complete with case, etc. Apply Box 1163.

WINTER RUG

TO-day for \$3; also very fine typewriter, \$25. Ferris' Furniture Store, 116 Johnson St. Phone 1167. Also complete up-to-date bicycle shop at 55 Johnson street.

WIRELESS

FOR SALE—One 6-cylinder engine, 50 h. p. and on, 2-cylinder engine, 40 h. p. suitable for boat; bargain; guaranteed in perfect condition. Thos. Plimley, Johnson street.

YACHTING

FOR SALE—Your boat from first to last, clean and dry, save money. Lenders for 14 ft. to 27 ft. Doug. Jones, 116 Johnson St. Phone 1738.

ZEPHYR

FOR SALE—Cabin, cruising launch, 26 feet, 16 h. p. Corliss, fully duty engine, less than two years old. A snap. Write X. Y. Z. Times.

FOR SALE—LIVESTOCK

FOR SALE—Jersey cow, fresh, Food milker, gentle. Apply 1239 Yates St. m20

FOR SALE—Four milk cows, all tubercular tested, three fresh and the other fresh in June. Apply Andrew Robertson, Ladyman, B. C. m20

HORSE, around 1,300, for ranch, gentle, sound; give age and price. Box 1161. m23

BELGIAN HARE—Choicest imported and prize-winning stock, genuine russet and pink in color and pink in condition; also English Giants, New Zealand Reds, Black Jacks, White Persians. Prices

BLACK, Giant, Red, White Persians. Prices</

TO LET**FURNISHED**

610 Burleigh Lodge, 7 rooms, \$27.50
1719 Stanley Ave., 5 rooms, \$27.50
1667 Yale St., 10 rooms, \$50
Mr. Douglas Apt. to let. Apply
Sub. 9.

UNFURNISHED

1850 Oak Bay Ave., 7 rooms, \$18
256 Victoria St., 4 rooms, \$18
1711 Hautain St., 4 rooms, \$18
745 Falmouth Rd., 10 rooms, \$15
324 Hillside Ave., 8 rooms, \$15
1612 Minto St., 8 rooms, \$15
Spring Rd., open. Geo. Jay School,
8 rooms, \$15
711 Front St., 5 rooms, \$15
1116 North Park St., 17 rooms, \$20
210 Cross St., 6 rooms, \$15
1038 Pemberton Rd., 7 rooms, \$20
712 Blanshard St., 4 rooms, \$15
222 Shakespeare St., 6 rooms, \$15
1947 Bee and Marion St., 7 rooms,
\$12
Yale and Oak Sts., 7 rooms, \$15
1734 Albert St., 3 rooms, \$7.50
1818 Farnham St., 3 rooms, \$7.50
166 Selkirk Ave., 8 rooms, \$15
1019 Bank St., 7 rooms, \$15
256 Blanshard St., 1 room, \$14
1722 Edmonton Rd., 5 rooms, \$10
205 Cook St., 4 rooms, \$15
1565 Wilton Place, 8 rooms, \$15
941 Transit Rd., 8 rooms, \$15
2013 Fernwood Rd., 6 rooms, \$12
1084 Queen's Ave., 13 rooms, \$30
812 Blanshard St., 5 rooms, \$10
1313 Blanshard Ave., store, \$10.50

2047 Chaucer St., 5 rooms, \$10
1089 Summit St., 6 rooms, \$22.50
1759 May St., 4 rooms, \$15
827 Pine St., 7 rooms, \$15
28-Duplin Rd., 2 rooms, \$10
515 Wilson St., 4 rooms, \$10
338 Work St., 5 rooms, \$15
842 Michigan St., 8 rooms, \$15
1212 Government St., 5 rooms, \$15
27 Front St., 4 rooms, \$15
2644 Asquith St., 7 rooms, \$21
906 Inverness Rd., 4 rooms, \$15
173 Bay St., 6 rooms, \$10
813 Hillside Ave., 5 rooms, \$10
1806 Farnham St., 6 rooms, \$10
1809 Chamberlain St., 2 rooms, \$10
1214 Yates St., 5 rooms, \$10
256 Victoria St., 5 rooms, \$15
1711 Davies St., 6 rooms, \$15
1802 Hollywood Crescent, 7 rooms, \$20
1002 Esquimalt Rd., 4 rooms, \$15
712 Blanshard St., 4 rooms, \$15
222 Shakespeare St., 6 rooms, \$15
1947 Bee and Marion St., 7 rooms,
\$12
720 Yates St., 32x17 ft.
1016 Douglas St., 1 store,
Broad St., office building,
255 View St., warehouse, \$10
1717 Broughton St., \$10
903 Yates St., store, \$15
903 Yates St., store, \$15
919-921 Fort St., stores, each \$12
156 Fort St., store, \$15
Garage, rear of residence, \$5
1313 Blanshard Ave., store, \$10.50

STORES AND OFFICES

720 Yates St., 32x17 ft.
1016 Douglas St., 1 store,
Broad St., office building,
255 View St., warehouse, \$10
1717 Broughton St., \$10
903 Yates St., store, \$15
903 Yates St., store, \$15
919-921 Fort St., stores, each \$12
156 Fort St., store, \$15
Garage, rear of residence, \$5
1313 Blanshard Ave., store, \$10.50

P. R. BROWN, 1112 BROAD ST.
Insurance Written. Money to Loan.

**Answers to Times
Want Ads.**

The following replies are waiting to be called for:

34, 193, 209, 261, 315, 328, 351, 516, 561, 582,
584, 586, 622, 207, 721, 724, 728, 766,
772, 787, 794, 811, 837, 844, 853, 883, 967, 979, 980,
1018, 1033, 1060, 1063, 1077, 1086, 1089, 1116, 1185,
1189, 1190, 1195, 1206, 1257, 2773, 3273, 3411, 3454,
3462, 3810, 3811, 3812.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

WANTED—A house-poultry maid, from about the end of June, for the summer months. Apply to Mrs. Crow-Baker, Gorge road.

FULL QUARTER-ACRE LOT, just west from pavement, taxed light, no school tax, level, clear title, will take one thousand cash; worth double. Box 1229 Times.

FORD CAR—Will give title-holder \$100 interest in agreement of sales for Ford car or runabout. Box 1217, Times.

PIANOFORTE LESSONS, 50c. per hour; success guaranteed. Box 1215, Times.

GREAT BARGAIN in family touring car, never used as jitney, 1913 model, in fine shape; only \$75. Phone 33651.

SECOND-HAND CYCLES—A few left; new machines of extraordinary value; old wheels taken. Plimley's Cycle Store, 611 View street, new specimens.

MOTORCYCLE for sale, "Douglas," first-class condition. Phone 1644, P. O. Box 128.

WANTED—To rent, modern, seven roomed bungalow, all conveniences; state price and location. Box 1212 Times.

ACREAGE—49 acres good land, light clearing, Barclay district; anything useful in exchange for equity; last payment due July. Box 208, Times.

FRONT ROOM, furnished for housekeeping, suit business lady; rent reasonable; close in. Box 1206, Times.

TWO LARGE front, housekeeping rooms, phone and gas, close in. 908 Caledonia avenue. m27

WILL PAY CASH for any amount of household furniture, new or second-hand. Write Box 2063, Times.

WILL EXCHANGE 4x4 plate camera for fishing rod outfit. Box 210, Times.

SIX-HOLE RANGE for sale, almost new. Box 35, Times, or Phone 2542.

WANTED—Good furniture, carpets and stoves for cash. Box 1214, Times.

EXPERIENCED grocery clerk seeks situation, town or country. Box 1217, Times.

CORDOVA BAY WATERFRONT—SUITED camping lot, spring water, retired location, \$1,200, easy terms; no interest. Box 1212, Times.

SIX-HOLE RANGE FOR SALE, almost new. Box 35, Times, or Phone 2542.

FOR RENT—Small store, plate glass front, with five living rooms, North Park street, close to Cook street, very low rent to permanent tenant, or will rent separately. Apply W. T. Williams, 510 Belmont Bldg.

FOR SALE—New house, 7 rooms, modern, on mile circle, mortgage \$2,000 at 7 per cent, worth \$4,500; will sell equity for \$750. Apply W. T. Williams, 510 Belmont Bldg.

BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE, close to Government House, 7 rooms, modern, hot water heating, beautiful garden, with all conveniences; cost \$10,000; will sell for \$11,000. Apply W. T. Williams, 510 Belmont Bldg.

SHEEP RANCH—125 acres at \$6 per acre, 65 acres first-class land, partly cleared, with frontage on Sooke River and a small river, with water works and a 7-room bungalow, fine location, a 7-room bungalow, fine location close in. Owner, Box 1998, Times.

HOUSES FOR RENT—Owner about to leave the city will sell his home, and his two new, strictly modern, 4- and 7-room bungalows, fine location close in. Owner, Box 1998, Times.

R. B. GODFREY, the bicycle specialist, will get your bicycle, repair and accessories of all descriptions. Corner Yates and Blanshard. Phone 3744, Times.

SAWDUST given away, any quantity. Sweeney Cooperage Co., Ellery street and E. & N. Ry.

FOR RENT—Shawinigan Lake, 4-room, furnished cottage, with use of boat, near Koenig's station. Phone 54761, m29

FOR RENT—Cedar Hill road, 6 roomed, modern cottage, \$2. Apply S. A. Baird, 1210 Douglas street.

FOR SALE—Heavy draft horse, suitable for farm work. Apply B. A. Paint Co. Ltd.

FURNITURE, two roomed house, for sale. 34 Cambridge street.

EXCHANGE—Practically new grand Steinway piano, \$600, for car. 1914 Overland, or any reliable make. Phone 1632.

FOUND—White and brown pointer-dog strayed from Esquimalt. Owner kindly apply to J. D. Sim, 1209 Hampshire road.

m22

WANTED—Care of one or two children, good home, terms moderate. Box 1206, Times.

CONTENTS of three-room flat for sale; also bicycle. Apply Box 34, Times, m27

**ST. SAVIOUR'S CHURCH
FOUNDED 25 YEARS**

Twenty-Fifth Anniversary to Be Celebrated To-morrow; Dean and Bishop Preaching

To-morrow the congregation of St. Saviour's church, Victoria West, will celebrate the twenty-fifth anniversary of the consecration of the church. The Dean of Columbia will preach the sermon.

On May 19, 1891, the Church of the Holy Saviour, Victoria West, was consecrated by the Rt. Rev. George Hills, Bishop of British Columbia. Two months previously the foundation stone had been laid, so that there had been no lagging in the work of erection. The first services in Victoria West were inaugurated by the Rev. W. W. Bolton, then rector of St. Paul's Esquimalt, and were held until the completion of the new church, in a loft over a carriage shop on Esquimalt road, which had been transformed into a small chapel. This was in the year 1888 and Mr. Bolton began work on August 5th. In 1890 the Rev. W. D. Barber arrived in Victoria from Rupert Island and took charge of the little mission, which speedily developed in his capable hands, the result being the erection and consecration of a suitable church in 1891. Eight years later the building had to be enlarged to accommodate the increasing number of H. M. troops, and in 1901 a pipe organ was obtained from England and installed by Mr. Longfield. In the meantime in 1894 a schoolroom had been built, and in 1897 the adjacent lot on which the rectory now stands was acquired from the executors of Bishop Hills, having given the lot on which the church stands, as well as \$500 to the building fund. Ill-health compelled Mr. Barber to resign his charge in 1904. During his rectorship he had endeared himself to the people of Victoria West, and St. Saviour's was frequently and commonly spoken of as "Mr. Barber's church," while in the councils of the diocese scarcely any opinion or judgment was listened to with greater respect and deference than his. It is a great pleasure to all his old friends and associates to know that his change to England gradually restored him to health and that he is now well and vigorous.

Mr. Barber was succeeded by the Rev. C. E. Cooper, who came from St. Paul's Nanaimo. Mr. Cooper had come from England with Rt. Rev. W. W. Perrin, second Bishop of British Columbia, and was a man of large experience in English parishes, as well as in other parts of his diocese. His scholarly attainments made his coming to Victoria a very real gain to the recently organized Greek Testament meetings of the clergy, while in his parish work he had the inestimable assets of warm enthusiasm and a youthful vigor which made him very successful in dealing with boys. The former made him one of the chief agents in the movement which led to the establishment of the Columbia Coast Mission, while the latter which had at Nanaimo produced a remarkable Church "Lads" Brigade Company in Victoria made him one of the prime movers in the Boy Scouts work. He was an ardent advocate of the movement, and had a large troop in Victoria West, with a band in training. In all his work he was ably seconded by Mrs. Cooper. At the beginning of 1911, the year in which Bishop Perrin resigned, Canon Cooper left for England, where he became vicar of St. Botolph's, Lincoln. Generous to a fault and absolutely unparading of himself, he has never been forgotten in Victoria West, and his kindly face looks down from the walls of the comparatively few of his old parishioners who remain. His successor, Rev. R. Connell, came from the diocese of California, where he had been working in the Santa Clara Valley for two years and a half after a locum tenet at St. Saviour's of eight months in 1908. Previously he had been rector of St. Luke's, Cedar Hill, for six years, coming there from Alberta.

The Canadian troops, which with some short interval had been attending St. Saviour's after the removal of the Imperial troops, ceased to attend the old Garrison Church at his coming, and St. Paul's, Esquimalt, became the Military as well as Naval Garrison Church. Shortly after the new vicar had entered upon his duties, work was begun on a rectory, and in August of the same year he and his family went into residence in the new building on Catherine street. The general property held out promise of great things in Victoria, but the depression which set in before war was declared was keenly felt in the parish. Victoria West has always had a fluctuating population, and it continues to have the same social condition. At the twenty-fifth anniversary celebration to-morrow the Very Rev. H. D. V. Schofield, Dean of Columbia, will preach in the morning. The next whist drive will be held at Mrs. Denton's, 2610 Government street, on Wednesday, May 21.

DIED.—On May 20, 1916, at the residence, 304 Esquimalt road, Capt. William Grant, for 30 years a resident of Victoria, aged 80 years. Born in Scotland, he died in 1906. His funeral will take place on Monday at 2.30 p.m. from the residence, where service will be held. Interment in the family vault at Ross Bay cemetery. No flowers, by special request.

PATERSON—At his residence, 1637 Richmondbury, Saturday morning, May 20, 1916, David Martin Paterson, aged 44 years. Funeral from residence on Monday at 2.30 p.m.

IN, MEMORIAM.—DAVIES—In loving memory of our dear friend, Private John T. Davies, 16th Battalion, Canadian Scottish, who died for King and Empire, May 20, 1916.

WANTED—Man and wife to take charge of mission work, must be good manager and cook, experienced preferred, references wanted. Apply in writing, 1803 Quadra street.

TO LET—Four-room house, 2637 Graham street.

HOUSES FOR RENT—Owner about to leave the city will sell his home, and his two new, strictly modern, 4- and 7-room bungalows, fine location close in. Owner, Box 1998, Times.

WANTED—Man and wife to take charge of mission work, must be good manager and cook, experienced preferred, references wanted. Apply in writing, 1803 Quadra street.

FOR RENT—At Shawinigan Lake, 4-room, furnished cottage, with use of boat, near Koenig's station. Phone 54761, m29

WANTED—Man and wife to take charge of mission work, must be good manager and cook, experienced preferred, references wanted. Apply in writing, 1803 Quadra street.

FOR RENT—Cedar Hill road, 6 roomed, modern cottage, \$2. Apply S. A. Baird, 1210 Douglas street.

FOR SALE—Heavy draft horse, suitable for farm work. Apply B. A. Paint Co. Ltd.

FURNITURE, two roomed house, for sale. 34 Cambridge street.

EXCHANGE—Practically new grand Steinway piano, \$600, for car. 1914 Overland, or any reliable make. Phone 1632.

FOUND—White and brown pointer-dog strayed from Esquimalt. Owner kindly apply to J. D. Sim, 1209 Hampshire road.

m22

WANTED—Care of one or two children, good home, terms moderate. Box 1206, Times.

CONTENTS of three-room flat for sale; also bicycle. Apply Box 34, Times, m27

CARD OF THANKS

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Sargent and family desire to express their thanks to all their friends for expressions of sympathy in their recent bereavement, especially to the teachers and schoolmates of Bank street school, for their kind remembrance of Ruby, that little, bright spark whose light in this world has so recently been extinguished.

For Your Picnic: Ivel's Pharmacy sells Solid alcohol stoves complete for 75c.

LOCAL NEWS

Counter Books—Made in Victoria, at eastern prices. Sweeney-McConnell, Ltd., 1012 Langley St.

Nothing succeeds like success. Last week we had five watchmakers. This week we have six. Satisfied customers are responsible. F. L. Haynes, 1124 Government street.

No Gelatine or Other Fillers in Ivel's Ice Cream; just pure cream. Vanilla, Strawberry, Chocolate.

Wiper's Saturday Special—Honey Butter Toffee, 20 cents per lb. regular price, 30 cents. Our candies are free from all substitutes and made in the city and the public receive them in a fresh condition. Everyone admits the quality of Wiper's candies; 14 gold and silver medals and endless diplomas awarded while in competition with the leading British firms for purity and excellence. Wiper & Co., K. confectioners, 1210 Douglas street, opposite Sayward block.

All the Fancy Ice Cream combinations and palate satisfying drinks served in Ivel's Oasis Palm Room.

Assize Courts.—The Nanaimo assize has been postponed until Tuesday, May 20. The Victoria assize will be continued on Monday when two trials will be heard those of Tex Willer and Rex against Nesbit.

Empire Day Service.—The Victoria assize has been postponed until Tuesday, May 20. The Victoria assize will be continued on Monday when two trials will be heard those of Tex Willer and Rex against Nesbit.

Flight Sub-Lieutenant Pinder's Aeroplane Was Brought Down by Fokker

The death occurred very suddenly yesterday at St. Joseph's hospital of Inspector Stroud Lincoln Redgrave.

NUT COAL

Knowing that we have the largest and best Nut Coal in the city, we feel justified in asking of you a trial order; \$6.25 per ton. LUMP, \$7.25 per ton. Delivered within city limits.

HALL & WALKER

Distributors Canadian Collieries (Dunsmuir) Ltd. Wellington Coal
1232 Government Street.

Phone 83

SUES J. L. SULLIVAN FOR \$5,000 DAMAGES

Mrs. Sutton Alleges Assault and Battery in Vancouver Hotel

Vancouver, May 20.—The investigation now going on at Victoria in which John L. Sullivan, proprietor of the Irving hotel, is a star witness, has had the effect of delaying the trial of a suit in the Supreme Court in which Mrs. Tressa Louise Sutton, a milliner, is suing Mr. Sullivan for \$5,000 damages for alleged assault and battery. The suit, in which Messrs. Bowser, Reid & Wallbridge are appearing as solicitors for the plaintiff, has been adjourned until Tuesday, by which time it is expected Mr. Sullivan will be through with his work before the election inquiry committee at Victoria.

According to the pleadings filed Mrs. Sutton had taken dinner in the cafe of the Irving hotel on August 7 last when a dispute arose over the payment of the bill. Mrs. Sutton said she had paid once and refused to pay a second time. In the quarrel which ensued she alleges that she was roughly handled by the employee in charge, whose identity has not been disclosed. In addition to the \$5,000 general damages, Mrs. Sutton is asking for \$33.05 special damages for doctors, ambulance, crutches, ankle supports, medicines and special nurse to attend her injuries.

The defence is a denial of all of Mrs. Sutton's allegations with an alternative defence that the plaintiff started the trouble by striking the waiter with a chair and that the injuries she received, if any, were caused in self-defence.

MANY FLATS AND SHOPS IN BERLIN UNOCCUPIED

Berlin, May 20.—The Lokal Anzeiger, referring to the recent official census of empty flats and shops in Berlin, remarks that the situation is gloomy.

"Everywhere placards are visible, proclaiming that the premises are vacant," says the paper, "and the great number of empty shops induces grave conclusions concerning the business life of the metropolis and indicates that not only the landlords are suffering, but that difficulties prevail in our economic life."

"The flat conditions are becoming more and more miserable every month. The tenants are evacuating the larger for the smaller flats. Former occupants of five-room flats are compelled to content with two-room flats without such conveniences as hot water and steam heating. Consequently there is a shortage of two-room flats, while a great many five-room flats are empty."

BORDEN HOLIDAYING IN GATINEAU HILLS

Ottawa, May 20.—Sir Robert Borden left this morning for a ten-day sojourn in the Gatineau Hills, accompanied by Deputy Speaker E. N. Rhodes and one or two Ottawa friends. It is expected the prime minister will go to England in June.

Sir Thomas White, Hon. J. D. Reid and Hon. T. W. Crothers also have left the capital for a week's respite after the arduous work of the session. Dr. Reid having acted for several weeks as both minister of customs and minister of railways.

Hon. Frank Cochrane, minister of railroads, who spent most of the winter in the south recuperating after a severe illness, returned to Ottawa yesterday and immediately took charge of his department.

GOLD DISCOVERED NEAR PRINCE GEORGE; ABOUT \$1.50 A PAN

Prince George, May 20.—A rich strike of gold quartz has been made at Hixon Creek, about 35 miles south of here, along the route of the P. G. E. railway. It is said to give about \$1.50 a pan.

Sam Gillies, of this city, made the strike, which has created considerable excitement here. Most of the land in the vicinity of the strike has been staked for some time, and about 20 prospectors have been working there. Samples of the gold brought to Prince George look exceptionally good. A tunnel has been put in about 140 feet.

AMERICAN SHIPPING BILL

Washington, May 20.—The administration shipping bill, designed to update the merchant marine and strengthen the navy, passed the House to-day by a vote of 211 to 161, virtually in the form in which it was introduced.

AMERICAN ARMY BILL

Washington, May 20.—By a vote of 89 to 25 the House to-day adopted the conference report on the army bill as previously adopted by the Senate.

HAGGARD AT WORK IN AUSTRALIA NOW

Sir Rider Arranging to Place British Soldiers on Farms

Hobart, Tasmania, May 20.—Sir Rider Haggard, the British novelist and authority on land settlement, who recently was dispatched from England to inquire into the placing of British soldiers and sailors on farms in the overseas dominions after the war, has arrived here and taken up the project with the government, press and people of Australia. Sir Rider found that a number of schemes for the return of soldiers to the land already were being considered here, one of the latest being to furnish such men with farms in the federal capital area about Canberra, having them in return pledge themselves to serve the country as a defence force in case of need; or in other words, to form the nucleus of a national guard.

White Population.

In his speeches here Sir Rider has asked how it will be possible to hold the British empire together if every possible step is not taken to ensure an increase of its white population.

"To-day the empire covers fully one-fourth of the entire globe," he said, "and it is held by about 60,000,000 white people, of whom about 40,000,000 dwell in the United Kingdom. It is just all that we can do to hold the empire with that population of white people. With that population decreased, I doubt if we could hold it. It seems to me, therefore, that each component part of the empire should take every possible step to ensure an increase of its white population if we want to feel safe in the coming times."

More Producers.

"Obviously, it is desirable that there should be more producers. For years I have studied this aspect and I have come to the conclusion that the future of England and the dominions of the empire, and I might also say of the western world, depends on the land dweller. We want to get more land dwellers, more country villages, more country homes. Look at Australia. Think for a moment how many millions could be happy and thrive within its limits."

Sir Rider declared that to turn the people out in a raw country and bid them make a living out of it was useless, and it was equally foolish to set them at a distance from railroads.

"Settlement," he said, "must become a scientific pursuit and must be thoroughly well thought out beforehand by responsible government and great business concerns."

CASUALTIES AMONG CANADIAN SOLDIERS

Ottawa, May 20.—The following casualty list was issued this afternoon:

Infantry.

Killed in action—Pte. Charles James Caldwell Gray, Ireland; Pte. Ernest George Strong Lowe, New Zealand; Pte. John Wilkinson, Scotland.

Died of wounds—Pte. Percy Stanley Gilbert, England; Pte. Sydney George Middleton, England; Pioneer Humphrey Ramsden, England.

Previously reported killed in action; now officially prisoner of war—Pte. Frank James, England.

Previously reported missing; now prisoner of war—Pte. Frederick Harwood, England.

Seriously ill—Pte. George Davis, Cloverdale, B. C.; Pte. Ernest Jenkins, Evansdale, N. B.; Pte. William Rawlins, Williams, Wales; Pte. George Leslie Atkins, Bradford.

Wounded—Pte. William Donald Bain, Australia; Pte. Robert Balfour, Scotland; Pte. William Beattie, England; Pte. Janies Brady, England; Pte. Samuel Brown, Scotland; Pte. Arthur Chabot, Clarence Creek, Ont.; Pte. R. F. Charets, North Cobalt, Ont.; Pte. Anthony Collins, Bowman River, Man.; Pte. Alex. Cowen, Scotland; Pte. Walter Fish, England; Pte. Robert Fraser, Scotland; Pte. Daniel Hand, Coburg, Ont.; Pte. Edwin Berg, Harkness, Trail, B.C.; Pte. Robert Hawkes, England; Pte. Tom Hegginbotham, England; Corp. Paul Napoleon Henry, Riviere Bonaventure, Que.; Pte. Sydney Rickinbottom, England; Pte. Horace Robert Howlett, England; Pte. Alfred Hughes, Wales; Corp. Edward Robert Johnson, Milton, Ont.; Pte. John Joseph Kelly, England; Pte. Howard Reginald Kowen, England; Pte. John McKinnon, Scotland; Pte. Malcolm McMillan, Scotland; Pte. William Marr, Scotland; Pte. John Patrick Mitchell, Ireland; Pte. Walter George Nicolls, England; Sgt. William Robert Piercy, England; Pte. Edwin Preese, England; Corp. Richard Shaw, England; Pte. Robert Leonard, Singlehurst, Australia; Pte. Samuel Stewart, Ireland; Pte. John Taylor, England; Corp. John Frederick Watson, England; Pte. Edward George Welt, Winnipeg; Pioneer James Henry Whitaker, England.

Mounted Rifles.

Killed in action—Pte. Alexander William Charlton, Ireland; Pte. Robert Dodson, Ireland; Lance-Corp. Fred Turner Jarvis, England.

Died of wounds—Pte. Thos. Fraser, England.

Wounded—Lance-Corp. William Cross, England; Pte. Frederick Tyse, England; Pte. Allan Wilson, Scotland.

Engineers.

Wounded—Sapper Charles A. Bailey, British West Indies; Sapper Joseph McMillan, Reserve, N. S.

Medical Service.

Wounded—Pte. Charles Francis Bone, England; Pte. Fernley Miller, England.

Artillery.

Wounded—Gunner Ernest G. Vaughn, England.

BERNHARD LOOKING FOR A STRONG MAN

German Writer Admits Allies Sincere in Effort to Starve Germany

Rotterdam, May 20.—Food regulations continue to be the paramount topic of discussion in Germany.

George Bernhard, writing in the Vossische Zeitung, states that the appointment of a food dictator has become a necessity in connection with Germany's foreign policy. He says:

"The Anglo-French talk of a possible

military victory as bunkum, but their hope of defeating Germany by starvation is sincere, and that alone supports their courage. Hence it is clear that Germany needs a strong man to evoke order out of chaos. Only such a man can prove the futility of the hope of an economic collapse of Germany by destroying their starvation chimaera and showing them that they have lost the war."

According to information reaching Holland, the main object of the new food minister will be to raise the blockade of Berlin by the rural districts.

All Vegetables.

Amsterdam, May 20.—A Berlin dispatch to the Frankfurter Zeitung says that the federal council has empowered the imperial chancellor to seize and regulate the distribution of all vegetable supplies in the empire. This regulation will be put into effect by the new director of food supplies, whose appointment has been authorized.

BUILDING OF SHIPS WILL BE CONSIDERED

Several Federal Ministers Will Form Committee to Deal With Matter

Chicago, May 20.—Crop reports continue to confirm of insect damage in the southwest, although the greater percentage of the reports received are of a more optimistic character than recently. That the comparatively short crop being raised in the States will have a bearing on the market later in the season is the bull argument, but just now demand for the old surplus is poor and bears made sales on the rallies.

Primary receipts and shipments are running about equal in corn, and this situation probably will prevail for a few days longer, or until seeding is completed, at which time a heavy run of old corn is looked for. Sales to store were 109,69 bushels, indicating the lack of shipping demand in this market.

Wheat—Open High Low Close

May 1904 1110 1108 1106 1114

July 1128 1126 1124 1132

Sept. 1124 1123 1121 1128

Corn—Open High Low Close

May 1904 748 746 744 741

July 732 729 727 734

Sept. 724 723 722 729

Oats—Open High Low Close

May 1904 442 441 440 442

July 42 421 419 423

Sept. 394 394 394 394

Pork—Open High Low Close

May 1904 23.50 23.55 23.45 23.55

Lard—Open High Low Close

May 1904 12.97 12.85 12.82 13.23

Wheat—Open High Low Close

May 1904 1105 1103 1101 1109

University School debts—Open High Low Close

May 1904 5.69 5.69 5.69 5.69

Howe Sound M. Co.—Open High Low Close

May 1904 10.19 10.19 10.19 10.19

Colonial Pulp—Open High Low Close

May 1904 10. 10. 10. 10.

Pingree Mines—Open High Low Close

May 1904 10. 10. 10. 10.

SIR RIDER COMING TO CANADA IN JULY

Haggard Will Confer With Governments About Land for Ex-Soldiers

London, May 20.—Advices reaching London indicate that Sir Rider Haggard will leave New Zealand on June 13 and will reach Victoria in July for the proposed conference at Ottawa with the Dominion and Provincial governments regarding settlement of ex-soldiers on the land in the Overseas Dominions after the war.

The Anglo-French talk of a possible

military victory as bunkum, but their

hope of defeating Germany by starva-

tion is sincere, and that alone sup-

ports their courage. Hence it is clear

that Germany needs a strong man to

evolve order out of chaos. Only such

a man can prove the futility of the

hope of an economic collapse of Ger-

many by destroying their starvation

chimaera and showing them that they

have lost the war."

Sir Rider reports that the Australian

states are eagerly formulating plans

under the guidance of Mr. Watson,

former prime minister. Plans already

made cover the settlement of 42,000 ex-

soldiers by the middle of 1919, and in-

clude advances of \$105,000,000 to settle-

ments made up as follows: in 1916-17,

11,615 allotments and advances of \$33,

000,000.

In 1917-18, 16,518 allotments and ad-

vances of \$32,000,000.

In 1918-19, 16,518 allotments and ad-

vances of \$45,000,000.

The government has canvassed the

Australian soldiers at home and over-

Profiteers and Patriots at Ottawa

By H. E. G.

Ottawa, May 20.—Ottawa, May 20.—It has been said that friendship is almost a vice with Major-General Sir Sam Hughes, and certainly some of his friends do cost this country money. For instance, there is a royal commission now sitting which represents in judges' salaries and lawyers' fees three thousand dollars a day. Some of the lawyers draw as much as a hundred dollars a day for doing nothing but think and listen. The major-general has in his personal employ four of the most eminent counsel in Canada, who certainly must be putting a crimp in his bank account. Sir Sam has almost a corner in counsel—he grabbed first by cable and let the slow movers take what was left.

This expensive royal commission grows largely out of Sir Sam's over-praise of his friend Colonel John Wesley Allison, who by the way will probably be called Colonel Jonah Wesley Allison before the inquiry is over. According to Sir Sam, he was the truest friend and greatest patriot that ever lived, doing it all for Sir Sam and for love of the British Empire. So unalloyed was the colonel's affection for both parties that Sir Sam doubted whether he had ever kept his expense bills.

Such was the glowing picture which Sir Sam drew of his friend, a picture which has been trimmed down near to life size by Colonel Allison's evidence before the Davidson Commission and the evidence of his business acquaintances before the royal commission. In short, Colonel Allison has suffered considerable abatement both at his own and other hands. His friends are getting ready to let him down easy, and not to be behind his friends in the good work the colonel is letting himself down easy too. Articles have appeared in the newspapers which are calculated to break his fall. So far as possible the dull, sickening thud is to be cut out and the colonel is to land on a soft spot. The public is not supposed to discover that Sir Sam's swan was just a greedy sparrow snatching a hot breakfast wherever he could get it.

According to Sir Sam's first report, the friendship between them was of the Damon and Pythias kind. Pythias, as you will remember, had the knack of always turning up in time to save his friend. Colonel Allison had the same characteristic, he always turned up in time to land a contract and get his commission. Outside of that he was not overly punctual, particularly when the public accounts committee wanted to take a look at him.

However, that trouble is all over and the colonel is now on view, daily at the royal commission. The colonel's newspaper friends, as I said before, are busy explaining that he is not the undiluted patriot Sir Sam painted him, but a business man taking the usual commissions and then some. The colonel is busy squaring himself, making the way straight for his evidence before the royal commission by his preliminary remarks before the Davidson commission and the public accounts committee, said remarks being to the effect that he regarded the old shell committee as an agent of the British government, and the work he did for it and the contracts he took from it as dealings with the British war office on which he was entitled to the usual percentage. This blanket explanation of the colonel's sins may all be looked on as sins of commission. He never forgot the commission in any case. The shell committee may have been a Canadian organization, buying war material for the British government for which Canadian money would be used to pay our share after the war, but any commissions the colonel took were thoroughly British. That shows just how good a loyalist Colonel Allison is—he never mortified the dear old Mother Country by refusing to take her money. On the contrary he took all he could get and did his best to make the dear old thing happy. Even the transactions with the militia department of Canada, by which the colonel persuaded the Colt revolver people to sell their goods wholesale to the Canadian government, for \$4.50 more than the retail trade could purchase them for—in lots of two even that transaction the colonel affects to regard as a British one, the twelve thousand dollar "present" he got from the Colt company being his rake-off on his larger dealings with the British war office, of which the Canadian transaction was only an insignificant and gratuitous part. The colonel shows quite as much skill in keeping his eleemosynary efforts on behalf of Canada and his paid efforts on behalf of the British war office separate as the old shell committee does in distinguishing its "contractual" from its "fiduciary" relations. The colonel follows the usual practise of big business and doesn't allow his right hand to know that his left hand is washing it.

The way thus smoothed, the colonel will probably step into the witness box and tell the old, old story. A good safe story—not a rip in it anywhere. The colonel's story is warranted not to tear or ravel at the edges. Still it will take a lot of telling, particularly his relations with the American Ammunition Company, with which his name, Cadwell's, Yankum's, Bassick's and Liggett's are intimately connected. The American Ammunition Company is the one specially favored. It is the company that got the order for 1,565,655 graze fuses, and \$33,334 time fuses—the soft job with the large profits. The hard job with the smaller profits, the two million and a half time fuses, went to the International Arms and Fuse Company. Colonel Allison had no finger in that pie. It looks as if he might have been jealous that he didn't, for he went the length of suspecting its promoter, Dr. Harris, of New York, and making inquiries about him at the banks. This was a huge joke, Colonel John Wesley All-

son being suspicious of a fellow worker in the vineyard. What's the proverb about the pot and the kettle?

At all events Colonel John Wesley Allison, wasn't keen on the International Arms and Fuse Company dividing the business with his pet, the American Ammunition Company, and his word prevailed in high quarters to the extent of cutting down the order the American Ammunition Company expected to get for two and a half million time fuses and two and a half million graze fuses to the two and a half million time fuses which that company is now making. The American Ammunition Company got the soft snap, the graze fuses, and is months behind in its deliveries at that. Colonel Allison's idea of a fair division of the spoils is not unlike the white man who said to the Indian "I'll take the duck and you take the crow, or you take the crow and I'll take the duck."

Rufus L. Patterson, president of the International Arms and Fuse Company, made an excellent impression on the court. He is one of those boyish, middle-aged men who look as young as they feel. Their smooth, strong, clean shaven faces are often seen in the American magazines illustrating some story of a successful career founded on efficiency and business enterprise. Mr. Patterson gave his evidence in a straightforward, manly way. He is the practical man behind the International Arms and Fuse Company, his friend, a lawyer worth several millions—surely not all earned by mere law work—is the moneyed man, and Dr. Harris is the promoter. Dr. Harris is a magician. A florid man, aquiline nose, thick at the tip, Van Dyke beard, full ruby lips, groomed to the minute, hails from Toronto, resident now in New York, but always lives in a bandbox. Clothes the last word in quiet elegance. Dr. Harris got tired about four years ago of looking at tongues in Toronton and went to New York to probe pockets. He is as wonderful as Prospero. He raises the wind, he draws gold out of the air, he forms companies which are built on faith. The International Arms and Fuse Company is such an one. It is a triumph of faith. A year ago it was nothing except an idea in Dr. Harris's head. A month after it had an order for two million and a half time fuses which its president was free to say it could not begin to deliver in five months. In fact he thought it was "silly" to expect to do it which it certainly was, though not so silly as to prevent the shell committee making the contract. Inside the first four months the International Arms and Fuse Company had received cash advances of one million dollars and a half and five months after that it delivered its first batch of fuses. Next June, a year from the date of the contract with the shell committee at Ottawa, the International Arms and Fuse Company will be the largest fuse company in the world. It will be turning out twenty thousand fuses a day and will be employing ten thousand workmen. Photographs were submitted to court showing accommodation for two thousand. Such is the International Arms and Fuse Company to-day—a veritable triumph of faith, the vision of things not seen, the substance of things hoped for, only a short twelve months ago.

The moral of its rapid progress is the extent to which the Canadian shell committee was prepared to go to help an American company to do in the United States what a Canadian company could have done just as well and even more quickly in Canada. The shell committee may have been a Canadian organization, buying war material for the British government for which Canadian money would be used to pay our share after the war, but any commissions the colonel took were thoroughly British. That shows just how good a loyalist Colonel Allison is—he never mortified the dear old Mother Country by refusing to take her money. On the contrary he took all he could get and did his best to make the dear old thing happy. Even the transactions with the militia department of Canada, by which the colonel persuaded the Colt revolver people to sell their goods wholesale to the Canadian government, for \$4.50 more than the retail trade could purchase them for—in lots of two even that transaction the colonel affects to regard as a British one, the twelve thousand dollar "present" he got from the Colt company being his rake-off on his larger dealings with the British war office, of which the Canadian transaction was only an insignificant and gratuitous part. The colonel shows quite as much skill in keeping his eleemosynary efforts on behalf of Canada and his paid efforts on behalf of the British war office separate as the old shell committee does in distinguishing its "contractual" from its "fiduciary" relations. The colonel follows the usual practise of big business and doesn't allow his right hand to know that his left hand is washing it.

The way thus smoothed, the colonel will probably step into the witness box and tell the old, old story. A good safe story—not a rip in it anywhere. The colonel's story is warranted not to tear or ravel at the edges. Still it will take a lot of telling, particularly his relations with the American Ammunition Company, with which his name, Cadwell's, Yankum's, Bassick's and Liggett's are intimately connected. The American Ammunition Company is the one specially favored. It is the company that got the order for 1,565,655 graze fuses, and \$33,334 time fuses—the soft job with the large profits. The hard job with the smaller profits, the two million and a half time fuses, went to the International Arms and Fuse Company. Colonel Allison had no finger in that pie. It looks as if he might have been jealous that he didn't, for he went the length of suspecting its promoter, Dr. Harris, of New York, and making inquiries about him at the banks. This was a huge joke, Colonel John Wesley All-

HE CAN'T AFFORD TO LOSE THEM



RUSSIANS' RECITAL

A FINE PERFORMANCE

Big Mendelssohn Trio in C Minor Opened Last Evening's Programme

Routine business will occupy the attention of the aldermen on Monday evening at the council session. Having disposed of the controversial question of labor classification at the last meeting, by appointing a sub-committee on the matter to examine individual cases as a court of appeal from the officials interested, should displaced men feel aggrieved, the most important issue at recent meetings is temporarily removed.

A motion has to be passed setting out for the satisfaction of the registrar of land titles, a resolution of council some years ago with regard to a property on Pandora avenue, where the frontage had to be taken for street widening. Some complications have arisen in the title which will be cleared up by this motion.

There are a great many matters waiting the formal assent to the amendments of the Municipal Act and the Local Improvement Act which cannot be taken up for the next few days, but early in July there will be by-laws and resolutions embodying the authority given under new legislation to be taken up. Most important will be the assessment roll, for which the court is to reconvene on June 1, and the powers given by local improvement to enable the assessment of a number of by-laws to be confirmed. Except for the employment situation, and the initiation of a number of minor engineering works while the weather is good, municipal affairs have been practically at a standstill for the last two months pending this desired additional legislation.

Before the stores are moved from the market building to the old garage on Cormorant street, as decided recently, a formal acceptance of responsibility from the city purchasing agent will be obtained, so that no future difficulty will arise. Probably the garage will be connected by a door with the present stores department, which adjoins it.

The grand jury presentment will, it is stated, be brought before the city council, a copy having been forwarded. The city could only come to the assistance of the directors of the Jubilee hospital by selling a small block of debentures at a discount, and that is a matter of policy which may be forced by the absolute necessity of doing something to remedy the conditions prevalent.

BOUND FOR AUSTRALIA

The Canadian-Australian liner Niagara is reported to have arrived at Honolulu at 9 a.m. on Wednesday. She sailed at 3 o'clock in the afternoon for Auckland and Sydney.

NOT TO DEATH.

Washington, May 20.—Ambassador Page reported to-day that the American consul at Dublin had informed him that Jeremiah C. Lynch, the naturalized American held in connection with the revolt in Ireland, probably would not be condemned to death. The dispatch did not go into details as to the status of the case.

REYES HAS SURRENDERED.

Chihuahua, Mex., May 20.—Canuto Reyes, the Villista leader, has surrendered unconditionally to the de facto government, according to a message received here to-day by General Trevino, commanding the Carranza forces of Northern Mexico, from his subordinate, General Fortunato M. M. Gómez, at Piedras.

St. Andrew's Church—St. Andrew's church Sabbath school will meet at 9:45 during the summer months. Dr. Clay will preach to-morrow in the church at 10 o'clock on "The Place of Repair," and at 7:30 p.m. on "The Unburdened Life."

GWATKIN'S CONSENT WAS NOT OBTAINED

Did Not Know Letter About Ross Rifle Would Be Published

Ottawa, May 20.—The government received a statement to-day in connection with the Ross rifle controversy, which arose here within the past week. The statement is to the effect that a letter said to have been from Lieut.-Gen. Alderson to Maj.-Gen. Gwatkin, chief of the Canadian general staff, was published in an Ottawa paper without the authority of Maj.-Gen. Gwatkin having been asked or obtained. This letter, it is stated, is the most encouraging material possible to the enemy.

The Ross rifle, it is stated, being a new arm, naturally has its champions and its detractors, and in all ranks there are bound to be differences of opinion. Reference is made to a test held in the presence of Maj.-Gen. Steepe, the Canadian officer who is in command of the southeastern district of England, and Lieut.-Col. Personnel, of the musketry school at Shorncliffe, on April 8 last, at which the following results were obtained in a comparative team shoot with the Ross and the Lee-Enfield rifle:

Ross rifle—Average rounds fired, 22.3; hits, 21.3; score, 63.6.

Lee-Enfield—Average rounds fired, 19.5; hits, 17.8; score, 47.7.

The statement concludes with the observation that the matter is now in the hands of General Sir Douglass Haig, British commander-in-chief in France.

SPY WITH CANADIANS: SENTENCED IN VANCOUVER

Vancouver, May 20.—The amazing confession written to his parents that he was a German spy enlisted in the Canadian expeditionary forces was discovered on the person of Fritz Leman, who went under several aliases and who was arrested two weeks ago on suspicion. Leman told all about how he had escaped the vigilance of officers and let it be known in his letter that he believed he would be captured sooner or later. He had the discharge papers of a soldier who had fought in Gallipoli and these had been doctored to fit the case. Leman had enlisted in a Calgary battalion, and to carry out his work was clever enough to take German lessons with other soldiers of his command. He was sentenced to two years by Judge McInnes this afternoon.

900,000 WOMEN AT WORK IN BERLIN

To Be Found Even in Metal Plants; Problems Growing

Amsterdam, May 20.—The following facts are taken from copies of German papers which have arrived here:

Nearly 900,000 women are now at one kind of work or another in Berlin. They have swarmed into almost every field of activity, no matter how difficult they are earning more money than they ever had before; many have lost their own breadwinners and are for all time dependent upon their own efforts. The probable unwillingness of the women to go back to their homes after the war is being more and more anticipated by the labor leaders, who say the women must go in favor of the men when the time comes.

By far the largest proportion of the women now employed in Berlin are unskilled workers—perhaps 600,000 of the 900,000. Of the remaining 300,000 skilled workers, only a small part are customarily so employed. They have entered even such difficult and strenuous occupations as metal work, but they are not, because of physical handicaps, the equal of their male predecessors.

Just how large will be the number of widows, or of women left with crippled husbands after the war, the labor leaders do not attempt to estimate. These, on the one hand, constitute, however, but part of the problem. Fully as puzzling is the question of what to do with those women who, though they later will have other means of support, are expected deliberately to balk at retiring to a non-productive life again.

Compulsion Needed.

The employer who is able to hire women more cheaply than men will be loath to change to the old method, and for a time is not going to be able to afford it. A not inconsiderable degree of diplomacy combined with a judicial use of compulsion is going to be necessary, labor leaders feel, before the problem can be adjusted.

There is hardly an occupation into which women have not crowded during the past year. The employment of women as street-car conductors is already an old and familiar condition, and women "motormen" have become more or less familiar sights even in the busy downtown streets of Berlin. The first woman taxicab chauffeur was noted early last summer, and she has multiplied somewhat since then. The construction company building the tube under the Friedrich Strasse connecting the northern and southern sections of the city is employing feminine "huskies," young and old, in shovelling out the sandy underpinning of the street.

Even Carry Coal.

Two years ago the streets of the capital were cleaned by men of military age. Their places were taken by boys, and now women are being introduced as fast as the youths grow up to military age and enter the army. It is a common sight on any street to see coal being carried into residences from teams by women instead of men.

The underground railway companies of Berlin months ago installed women as ticket choppers, and then introduced them as guards. When it was found that these—dresses frequently got caught in doors, the companies did not go back to male help, but ordered the women the dog bloomers, and to-day there are more of them to be seen than men.

Even Germans, accustomed to seeing women performing heavy-duty, grueling work, a little when they heard that the steam railroads, in addition to installing women at the stations for minor duties, had put them in as track tenders, switch tenders and track layers. Yet the Prussian railways to-day have a large number of women in their employ.

Not So Efficient.

It is almost universally admitted that the women do not adequately substitute for the men. Women conductors, for instance, are said to be about 50 per cent. as efficient as their male predecessors, and only about half of those who go to work as conductors are able to stand the strain. There has been a notable increase in certain women's diseases resulting directly from this work.

Few of the trades are harder or more strenuous than metal work, which just now, of course, is booming because of the need of ammunition. Yet there are thousands of women thus employed to-day, who do not seem to object to the heavy work, and who are earning, relatively, a great deal of money.

The telephone rang and the new maid answered it.

"Hello!" came from the receiver.

"Hello!" answered the girl timidly.

"Who is this?" again came the voice.

"I don't know who it is," said the girl. "I can't see you." Christian Register.

BETWEEN THE LINES

By BOYD CABLE Cloth, \$1.50 net.

Punch says: "Will be read and re-read in countless homes. One chapter especially, called 'The Mine,' is really a short war story of which any writer in Europe might be proud. For this alone 'Between the Lines' is a book that no one should miss."

Westminster Gazette says: "Contains the most vivid, thrilling and intimate picture of the life of our soldiers in Flanders that has yet come from the press. He just makes you see the thing."

T. N. HIBBEN CO. Government St., Victoria

DIXI H. ROSS

Noel's Potted Meats, in glass	15¢
Noel's Galantine of Turkey and Tongue	50¢
Veribest Deviled Meat, 10¢ and	15¢
Tongues in Tins, 25¢, 50¢, \$1.00, \$1.15, \$1.40	
Picnic Baskets, 15¢, 25¢, 35¢	45¢

TO-DAY'S SPECIAL

Yellow Hammer Apricots
Yellow Hammer Plums
C. & B. Marmalade, 1-lb.
Keiller Marmalade, 1-lb.
Monarch Catsup

15c

THE EXCHANGE

For BARGAINS in ROUND BOOKS and INDIAN BASKET-WARE.

TH FORT STREET.

Messrs. Stewart Williams & Co

duly instructed by the Owner, will Sell

by PUBLIC AUCTION AT 613 AVALON ROAD

Opposite the James Bay Hotel, on

Tuesday, May 23

at 2 o'clock sharp, the whole of the

Furniture and Effects contained therein, including:

DRAWING ROOM—Piano by Mason & Riche, Ebonized Drawing Room Suite, up in Tapestry; Oo. Table, Cushions, 4-fold Screen, Velvet Pile Carpet, Pen-dler and Fire Irons, Pictures, Ornaments, Rugs, Curtains, etc.

DINING ROOM—Oak Ex. Table, Oak Diners, Oak Rocking Chairs, El. Standard Lamp, Morris Chairs, Remington Typewriter, Clock, Stationary Cabinet, Music Stand, Fender, Fire Screen, Oak China Cabinet, handsome Oak Davenport, Brussels Carpet Rugs, Ornaments, Pictures, etc.

BEDROOMS—Iron and Brass Bedsteads, Spring and Felt Mattresses, Pillows, handsome Oak Bureau and Washstands, Oak Chiffoniers, Oak Chairs, Singer Sewing Machine, Toiletware, Mandolin, Brussels Carpets, Rugs, Linoleum, Household Linen, Blankets, etc.

KITCHEN—"Canada Prides" Range, Kitchen Tables and Chairs, Cutlery, Cooking Utensils, Crockery, Coal Scuttles, Wash Tubs, Carpenter's and Gardening Tools Steps, Buck Saws, Nails, etc.

HALL—Oak Hall Stand, Heaters, Cocoanut Mats, etc.

On view Monday, May 22nd.

The Auctioneer Stewart Williams

BILL MAYNARD

AUCTIONEER

Instructed by the owner, who is going out of business, I will sell at

607 YATES STREET

Tuesday, May 23, 2 p.m.

The balance of stock of

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS

Also

ALL THE FIXTURES

Including: Scales, Meat Slicer, Show-cases, Refrigerator, counters, etc.

BILL MAYNARD
Auctioneer Phone 4218. 847 Yates St.

SUN FIRE INSURANCE OFFICE

of London, England

(Founded A. D. 1710)

The oldest Fire Insurance Company in the world.

A. A. Meharey

Agent.

409 Bayard Bldg. Phone 3308

OUR CUSTOMERS
Find style, comfort and satisfaction in the clothes we make. Why not be one of them?

G. H. REDMAN

Tailor. 655 Yates St.

WORK

for the

Victoria

Patriotic

Fund

To the educated ad reader,
QUALITY OF GOODS is of first
importance—price concessions sec-
ondary.

ASKS FOR REDUCTION OF WATER CHARGES

Deputation From Board of Trade Waits on Aldermen; Arguments Heard

Following the agitation for a reduction in the rates charged by the civic waterworks department to steam laundries, the civic streets and sewers committee yesterday heard the case for a general reduction to industries presented by a committee from the board of trade.

Eventually the members of the council promised to take the matter up in connection with the laundrymen's rates, already before the special committee.

On Alderman Bell's suggestion it was decided to have a return made on the business and residential water services to the special committee, already dealing with the matter of lower rates.

C. H. Lugrin, president of the board of trade, introduced the members of the delegation. James Forman explained the situation, and reviewed the position from the standpoint of industrial rates, compared with other cities.

He compared the sliding scale here, taking 100,000 gallons as the basis. New Westminster had the only rate approximating that of Victoria, whereas Vancouver had about half the charge, and the figures in Tacoma, Seattle, Spokane and elsewhere were considerably lower.

He recognized that the city had a large obligation in the fixed charges on Sooke waterworks. He reminded the council, however, that there would be a reduced revenue of industries moved over to the reservoir, because they would then pass into the control of the Esquimalt Waterworks Company's territory.

J. O. Cameron referred to the encouragement given by the city of Calgary to new industries, which received a rebate for the first three years, paying a low scale at the expiry at that time.

Industries were essential in order to have population, and cheap water was an inducement for location of industries. Admittedly the city had a good water supply, but the rates for water were too high. The Cameron mill was paying nearly \$350 a month for water, which was a serious item. The mills were also forced to pay higher charges for supplies. If the rates continued, the mills would be forced to resort to a well, or condensing plant, in which case the city would lose the revenue. The matter was of importance to the community.

The mayor pointed out that the municipalities had no power to establish bakeries.

The chairman of the health committee, Alderman Pedem, observed that the new by-law to be prepared regulating bakeries was waiting till the legislation had been passed by the House.

Mr. Bagshawe said that if municipal bakeries were impossible, it would be necessary to consider the advisability of establishing a co-operative bakery, for the working men were not going to submit to continually increasing prices.

The subject was referred to the health committee which already has the matter of bakery regulation in hand.

READ NOT GUILTY.

Crown Case Breaks Down on the Evidence of the Principal Witness.

For his part he was not disposed to complain when the Elk lake system was in operation, but now the circumstances had changed. With 90 per cent. of the trade being of an export character, competition being serious, any little extra was important in production.

Ex-Mayor Beckwith alluded to the situation, and said it was strange that the usual mercantile system was upset in the calculation of water rates here.

More encouragement should be given to the industries, and water rates formed a factor of great value to the development of the city. After many years' experience of city work he was satisfied that the matter should be considered from every point of view.

F. A. Pauline pointed to the anomaly of selling water outside the city at lower rates than in the city, and expressed the opinion that the manufacturing interests had a right to a lower rate than 17½ cents per thousand gallons.

Mr. Lugrin pointed to the arguments used for extension of the waterworks as a means of cheaper water supply to factories, and said that in increasing the consumption by encouraging new industries, the city would find a revenue from water which was going to waste over the dams.

Alderman Cameron observed that with discount, the net cost was 14½ cents per thousand gallons. If the factory interests got the advantage of a reduction, then there would be an increase of rates to all other consumers, because the revenue of the department only just met the expenditure. When other cities were quoted against this city as offering lower water rates, it should not be forgotten that there were other things to be considered.

The mayor then remarked that the city had an investment of \$4,500,000 on its waterworks, and a revenue of only \$250,000 or so per annum. The comparison with other cities could only be

fairly understood by knowledge of the individual investments of communities.

EXAMINATION RESULTS IN DISTRICT ORDERS

Many Officers and N. C. O.'s Successful in Machine Gun and Musketry Courses

The following list is contained in military orders of the men who have passed in the second and third courses of machine gun and musketry instruction. Those who obtained 75 per cent. or over are marked with an asterisk:

Musketry—Lieut. T. P. Copp, 102nd O. S. Battalion, C.E.F.; Lieut. H. P. Skelton, 103rd O. S. Battalion, C.E.F.; Lieut. C. N. Milligan, 103rd O. S. Battalion, C.E.F.; Lieut. G. Phillips, 121st O. S. Battalion, C.E.F.; Lieut. W. Ridell, 112nd O. S. Battalion, C.E.F.; Capt. D. C. Tuck, 113th O. S. Battalion, C.E.F.; Lieut. S. F. Knight, 113th O. S. Battalion, C.E.F.; Lieut. J. G. Forrest, 143rd O. S. Battalion, C.E.F.; Lieut. E. H. Leslie, 158th O. S. Battalion, C.E.F.; Lieut. F. Richardson, 225th O. S. Battalion, C.E.F.; Lieut. J. Carmel, 225th O. S. Battalion, C.E.F.; Lieut. W. M. Harris, 225th O. S. Battalion, C.E.F.; Lieut. C. M. Ingalls, 121st O. S. Battalion, C.E.F.; Lieut. T. S. Leslie, 231st O. S. Battalion, C.E.F.; Sgt. W. H. Wood, 102nd O. S. Battalion, C.E.F.; Sgt. R. V. Letze, 102nd O. S. Battalion, C.E.F.; Sgt. E. F. Huntington, 102nd O. S. Battalion, C.E.F.; Sgt. W. May, 103rd O. S. Battalion, C.E.F.; Cpl. T. C. Chappell, 103rd O. S. Battalion, C.E.F.; Sgt. M. J. Conway, 121st O. S. Battalion, C.E.F.; Sgt. L. W. Jones, 121st O. S. Battalion, C.E.F.; Sgt. F. A. H. Fink, 142nd O. S. Battalion, C.E.F.; Sgt. G. F. Currie, 158th O. S. Battalion, C.E.F.; Sgt. C. S. M. F. C. Clark, 172nd O. S. Battalion, C.E.F.; Sgt. G. Barton, 225th O. S. Battalion, C.E.F.; Sgt. J. H. Northwood, 225th O. S. Battalion, C.E.F.; Sgt. M. K. Harrison, 225th O. S. Battalion, C.E.F.; Sgt. A. S. Milne, 231st O. S. Battalion, C.E.F.; Sgt. W. J. Stowe, 158th O. S. Battalion, C.E.F.

Certificates Granted.

The following certificates are granted:

S. E. Spence, 6th Field Co., C. E., sergeant; J. C. Miles, 6th Field Co., C. E., sergeant; S. D. Arnold, 6th Field Co., C. E., sergeant; J. C. Bodie, 6th Field Co., C. E., sergeant; J. S. Bruce, 6th Field Co., C. E., sergeant; H. L. Chittenden, 6th Field Co., C. E., sergeant; A. D. Creer, 6th Field Co., C. E., sergeant; H. W. Duckett, 6th Field Co., C. E., sergeant; A. Edwards, 6th Field Co., C. E., sergeant; H. Hull, 6th Field Co., C. E., sergeant; B. Hamilton, 6th Field Co., C. E., sergeant; G. Lavender, 6th Field Co., C. E., sergeant; J. Maciver, 6th Field Co., C. E., sergeant; R. M. O'Daunt, 6th Field Co., C. E., sergeant; L. D. Roberts, 6th Field Co., C. E., sergeant; G. P. Stirtrett, 6th Field Co., C. E., sergeant; R. G. Simpson, 6th Field Co., C. E., sergeant; J. G. Suttle, 6th Field Co., C. E., sergeant; S. J. Wigley, 6th Field Co., C. E., sergeant; C. R. Treanerry, 6th Field Co., C. E., sergeant; G. Porter, 103rd O. S. Battalion, C.E.F., equitation.

The following certificate, Garrison Artillery (coast defence) is granted:

Sub-Lieut. Harry R. Bray, R. C. N. V. R., lieutenant...

102ND RESIGNATIONS

Major Huntington and Two Others Leave Battalion; Artillery Appointments Approved.

Appointments and promotions were announced in yesterday's district orders as follows:

15th Brigade ammunition column, C. E. F.—To be lieutenants: Lieuts. B. Prior, 5th C.G.A.; C. S. Gonnason, 5th C.G.A.; J. B. MacLachlan, 5th C.G.A.

62nd Overseas Battery, C.E.F.—To be lieutenants: Lieuts. J. B. Clearihue, 5th Regiment, C.G.A.; G. H. Petrick, 5th Regiment, C.G.A.; A. McLean, 5th Regiment, C.G.A.

88th Overseas Battalion, C.E.F.—To be captains: Lieuts. H. D. Twigg, T. B. Pemberton.

102nd Overseas Battalion, C.E.F.—Major S. A. Huntington is permitted to resign his appointment. Lieut. R. F. McNaughton is permitted to resign his appointment.

172nd Overseas Battalion, C.E.F.—To be captain: Lieut. P. J. D. de Latour, 31st R. C. Horse.

211th Overseas Battalion, C.E.F.—Lieut. T. L. Tibbs, 102nd Regiment, as signalling officer.

231st Overseas Battalion, C.E.F.—Major Archibald Rowan, 6th Regiment.

To be captain: Lieut. Harry Rendell, Lieut. William Houston, 72nd Regiment, as signalling officer.

Memorandum—To be major: Capt. E. A. Nash, from the retired list, while performing the duties of camp commandant, internment camp, Vernon, B.C.

102ND RESIGNATIONS

Major Huntington and Two Others Leave Battalion; Artillery Appointments Approved.

Appointments and promotions were announced in yesterday's district orders as follows:

15th Brigade ammunition column, C. E. F.—To be lieutenants: Lieuts. B. Prior, 5th C.G.A.; C. S. Gonnason, 5th C.G.A.; J. B. MacLachlan, 5th C.G.A.

62nd Overseas Battery, C.E.F.—To be lieutenants: Lieuts. J. B. Clearihue, 5th Regiment, C.G.A.; G. H. Petrick, 5th Regiment, C.G.A.; A. McLean, 5th Regiment, C.G.A.

88th Overseas Battalion, C.E.F.—To be captains: Lieuts. H. D. Twigg, T. B. Pemberton.

102nd Overseas Battalion, C.E.F.—Major S. A. Huntington is permitted to resign his appointment. Lieut. R. F. McNaughton is permitted to resign his appointment.

172nd Overseas Battalion, C.E.F.—To be captain: Lieut. P. J. D. de Latour, 31st R. C. Horse.

211th Overseas Battalion, C.E.F.—Lieut. T. L. Tibbs, 102nd Regiment, as signalling officer.

231st Overseas Battalion, C.E.F.—Major Archibald Rowan, 6th Regiment.